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THE MACE AND COBURN MATCH.

THE MEN AS THEY APPEARED IN THE RING.

SPARRING FOR AN OPENING---THE FIRST AND LAST ROUND.

THE PRIZE RING CHAMPIONSHIP.

MATCH BETWEEN

JIM MACE AND JOE COBURN

For $1,000 a side.

THEY MEET IN CANADA ON MAY 11th,

AND

Spar for an Hour and Seventeen Minutes.

NOT A BLOW STRUCK.

Interference by the Canadian Authorities.

PROPOSITIONS FOR A RESUMPTION.

DECISION OF THE REFEREE.

A FULL AND IMPARTIAL ACCOUNT,

BY THE

Clipper's Special Reporter.

The day which for more than five months past has been looked forward to with intense anxiety, not only by those persons who are inclined to what is termed the sporting world, but by the general public of both America and England, has been passed by Old Father Time in his onward march, and instead of indulging in anticipations of probabilities all are now busy discussing the events which that day brought forth, and interchanging opinions concerning the contest which led to the result arrived at. We allude, of course, to the great match between those renowned exponents of the manly art, Joe Coburn and Jim Mace, who have respectively held the title of Champion of America and of England, having at issue the championship of this country—and, to all intents and purposes, of the world—and a money stake of one thousand dollars a side, which was fixed for decision on Thursday, May 11th. At the time appointed the men met upon the rest of the New Dominion a few miles distant from Port Dover, but though they faced each other within the roped enclosure, the result was very unsatisfactory and leaves the question of which of the twain is the better man an open one still, as not a blow was exchanged for above an hour, and then the Canadian authorities interfered and compelled an abandonment of the attempt to bring matters to a satisfactory conclusion, greatly to the chagrin and disapponintment of the thousands of spectators who had gone from every section of the country to witness what had been expected to prove a splendidly-fought battle. Underneath will be found a full and reliable report of the affair from the CLIPPER's representative upon the ground, giving complete details thereof from the inception of the match, including a history of the principals and comments upon the display made, written in a strictly impartial spirit, plain facts being given, without favor to either man.

PERFORMANCES OF THE PRINCIPALS.

JAMES MACE was born at Beeston, near Swaffham, Norfolk, Eng., in April, 1831, and, therefore, attained his 40th birthday last month. His height is as nearly as possible 5 feet 8½ inches without his shoes. Long before he thought seriously of becoming a candidate for honors within the orthodox enclosure he was an attendant at race courses, fairs etc., where he gave the provincials an insight into the mysteries of "slop, job and get away," he having, by constant attendance at boxing exhibitions and instructions from able professors, aided by a natural aptitude for the art, become very proficient in the use of his hands. On the day prior to his nineteenth birthday Jim made his first essay in the magic circle, being matched by his father (himself a clever glove practitioner) against John Pratt, then styled the Norwich Champion, for £10 a side. They fought at Drayton Brecker (the ring having been first pitched at Mucclehealh, but the police interfering) and Mace was beaten in 60 rounds, occupying 2 hours and 3 minutes. Mace was dissatisfied with the result of this mill, and early in 1851 they fought again for a purse, Jim polishing his man off in 8 rounds, lasting 50 minutes. His third opponent was Tom Harver, the Suffolk Champion, whom he beat in 1852. He subsequently received £10 forfeit from Harvey and vanquished Elliott. One of his seconds in his first fight was "Ould Nat" Langham, the only man who defeated Sayers. The above particulars we received from Mace, as the battles mentioned are not upon record, his first published mill being with Black. It took place at Middenhall, Oct. 3d, 1855, and proved a very slack affair indeed, Jim winning in 3 rounds, lasting 19 minutes. The stakes were a "fiver" a side, and Mace scaled but 140 lbs. An interval of two years was now allowed to elapse before our hero again allied his castor in the ring, his antagonist being Bill Thorpe, of London. They fought at a spot down the Medway, Feb. 17th, 1857, for £25 a side, Jim performing to a lively tune on his opponent's anatomy for the space of 27 minutes, during which 12 rounds were contested. The peculiar feature of this meeting was that it was looked upon as a "sure thing" for the Londoner, and the manner in which Mace peppered him, especially in the last round, when he administered a settler which sent Thorpe nearly across the ring, produced consternation among the latter's friends, who had invested heavily at good odds. The fine execution of Mace in this battle made him any number of admirers in the metropolis, and received "Ould Nat" Langham so much that he took him in hand and introduced him to his Corinthian patrons. Anxious to see him perform again, under his own management, Nat Langham made him spar against Mike Madden, then regarded as somewhat stale. Everything went on all right until the day of battle, when Mace refused to fight under the referee (Dan Dismore) appointed by the stakeholder, alleging that he was "stellaed" among the bookmakers, and that the latter reared the stakes. Although Jim greatly disappointed his friends by this piece of conduct, he found supporters among his fellow townsmen of Norwich, who backed him in £15 to fight Madden, but Mace again forfeited, on May 12th, 1858, giving as a reason that he thought the money was not worth fighting for. In time he managed to persuade his provincial friends that his failure to meet Mike was attributable to a far different cause than to lack of courage, and they consented to allow him one more opportunity of redeeming himself. He was matched with the then "great gun" of Brummagem, Bob Brettle, or £100 a side, at 142 lbs., and they met on September 21st, 1858, on the banks of the Medway, when Mace was "put to sleep" after fighting two rounds and when lasted only three minutes. The quick defeat of Mace, although he was knocked out of time, caused his reputation to sink in the estimation both of his townsman at Norwich and his friends in metropolitan sporting circles, and there was every likelihood of his being on the shelf for some time. Bob Brettle, however, having invited his defeated antagonist to Birmingham, got him up a rattling benefit and found him friends, which enabled him to accumulate the needful Peah Fizz, first, and then the "hero" of about a dozen fights), for £30 a side.

The contest took place at Aldershot, in the London circuit, Jan. 26th, 1859, and the same bit of "Brummagem ware" had not the remotest chance, for so quickly did Mace get all over him that he was constrained to strike his flag after battling seventeen minutes, during which time eleven rounds were contested, Brettle having the misfortune to break his arm. This contest, in which he displayed such fine milling qualities, may be considered the turning point in Jim's career, though no one imagined that he was yet destined to reach the highest niche in the temple of fistic fame. He was next matched against the redoubtable Bob Travers, the Black, for £100 a side, and they "slugged" each other "down the river," Feb. 21st and 22d, 1861, Bob, who was out fought in all points, not having the slightest chance, the latter like a gamecock displaying the Norwich true blue being greatly admired. On the first day the men fought six rounds in twenty one minutes, when the police put a stop to the sport. On the following day 37 rounds were contested in 41 minutes, Bob finally going down without a blow, in order to bring matters to a close, and Mace being awarded the victory. The total number of rounds fought was 43 and the aggregate time 1 hour and 51 minutes. Mace was now re-hatted in the good opinion he had forfeited by his previous resistance, and, having a host of friends, looked round for a fresh customer in the magic arena, but could not meet any one sufficiently "hardy" to contend against his skill, &c., until his old opponent, Tom Sayers, made a match with him, at 150lbs., for £200 a side. They met Sept. 19th, 1860, at Wallingford road, when, after fighting six rounds, in 12 minutes, the police arrived in strong numbers and stopped the mill. The referee ordered the men to meet the next day; when, after a trip by rail and a jaunt by waggon to Tatsfield Cross, Mace proved victorious in five rounds, which lasted only 7 minutes, making a total of 11 rounds and 19 minutes. This victory over his former opponent placed Mace in the position of champion of weight, and such skill had he unquestionably manifested in the use of his mawleys that he was admitted to be one of the best two-handed fighters that ever entered the ring.

He was regarded as the coming man, and after Sam Hurst's easy triumph over Tom Paddock for the championship, Mace threw down the gauntlet to the gigantic champion. After some sparring in print, a match was at length made on Dec. 16th, and articles entered into to fight in six months for £200 a side and the championship belt. The actual date was not fixed upon, as, in consequence of Sam Hurst having broken his leg, the stakeholder was called upon to fulfill his office and name the day which was eventually done, and the stakes were deposited. June 25th, 1861, was fixed. Jim Mace was a little under his 12 pounds when he entered the ring, which was pitched on the Isle of Grain, in the Medway. Hurst was over 210 pounds. Mace won in 8 rounds, and 40 minutes. The gallant Sam looked a perfect giant compared with his opponent, yet so infinitely superior was Mace in science that the "Infant" stood not the merest shadow of a chance to win, being, in fact, nothing more than a chopping block, and receiving terrible punishment. Mace had now attained to the topmost round in the ladder, and realized what had been considered a mere piece of braggadocio, his intention of becoming Champion of England. He now became minus host of the "Old King John," Shoreditch, and as he increased in popularity so did his circumstances become better.

The easy victory of Jim Mace over the burly Sam Hurst was not, after a short time, considered anything extraordinary, beyond the fact of a clever middle-weight beating an over grown and bulky antagonist, whose great size alone would militate against his chance with an agile competitor. This, coupled with the accident to his leg, in the eyes of the detractors of Mace and some of the upper ten, was the cause of their looking out for and finding another competitor in the person of the youthful and stalwart Tom King, whose defeat of Tommy Truckle, of Portsmouth, had raised hopes that he was "good enough"—as he was big enough—to be the veritable champion of England. That he was considered good enough to make a match for the championship and £200 a side was evident from Old Nat staking £25 for an engagement with Mace. On July 19th, Mr. Richardson, for Mace, and Tom King, met at the office of the final stakeholder, and signed articles to fight for £200 a side and the belt, to be near or about London, on the last week of January, 1862, and on the 28th of that month it took place in the Home Circuit, and Mace won in 42 rounds and 68 minutes, knocking Tom out of time. The result was extremely mortifying to the loser, and with the hope of retrieving his fortune he passed a fresh challenge to Mace, which was promptly accepted, and they met for the second time in the London district, Nov. 26th, 1862, when King turned the tables upon his antagonist, securing the victory after fighting 21 rounds in 36 minutes. The winner fought much better than in their previous encounter, but Jim had all the best of it up to the 19th round, when odds of £20 to £8 were offered upon him without takers, his triumph being looked upon as a certainty. Unfortunately for him, however, thinking that Tom needed but the coup de grace, and feeling that delay might bring the police at the moment of victory, he went weaving in to get well to distance, and as he took up his position he got into a slight hollow of the ring. He had repeatedly tried to lead a cross-counter with the right, and had just opened himself for the purpose of again trying it when Tom, with one of the most tremendous blows ever seen, caught him a cross-counter on the left side of the cheek with the right—a blow that seemed to go all over Mace's face with its crushing effect. The wood pushed from Jim's nose, mouth and ear, and he fell all of a heap in the centre of the ring, to the consternation of his friends, and when he came up for the next round the left side of his face was swollen even with his forehead, and he staggered like a drunken man. No one who saw the mill will doubt but that he lost it by a fluke, resulting partly from his own carelessness. He fought with the utmost gameness, the manner in which he struggled against the effects of the terrific hit in the nineteenth round being the theme of universal admiration. The loss of the belt was serious to him, as he not only found a good deal of his own battle money, but he had got out 500 odors. On the same day Mace forwarded £20 to Nat's lofa, to make a fresh match with King, and afterwards called in person, stating that if Tom would not make a fresh match for a stake his (Mace's) backers would make King a present of £50 if he would fight in a fortnight, off-hand. King refused to enter into another match, and the belt was, consequently, restored to Mace.

Joe Goss of Wolverhampton, who had beaten Jack Rooke, Tom Price, Bendigo (Cruickshank), Bill Hall (after fighting a draw with him) and Frank Price, and had long been anxious for a "go" at Mace, had now challenged the latter to fight for £300 a side at 147 lbs. The champion, however, deemed to mill at a heavier weight, and finally offered to make £600 for £400 if Goss would fight at 158lbs., which offer was accepted. They fought at a well known spot "down the Thames," Sept. 1st, 1863, Jim winning in 19 rounds, 1 hour 35 minutes and 9 seconds. Though the battle lasted so long, really few rounds were contested, Goss acting on the defensive, Mace appealing Mace to run all over the ring after him, in hopes of tiring out the champion, in which, however, his calculations were upset. Goss was badly punished, and his appearance in the ring for Coburn, who had become champion of America by defeating Mike McCoole, challenged Mace, who accepted the dod. March, 1864. A match was made for £1,000, Coburn to receive £100 for expenses, and they agreed to fight at Fleetwood, on May 17th. They were, however, stopped by the police, and the fight did not take place. Coburn appeared in the ring, but Mace left for England the night before, owing to the non-arrival of a referee. The match was finally ended by Coburn and Mace each receiving £50 money. Mace subsequently defeated Bill Wormald, who had fought a draw with Wolfe and beat Ilue and Marsden. Jim received forfeit of £120, however, Sept. 6th, 1865, Wormald having injured himself while in training. During the succeeding winter Jim fought a drawn battle between Mace and Goss for £300 a side and the belt, and they met near Measham, May 24, 1866, when, after they had sparred together for over an hour, scarcely a blow having struck, they, at the suggestion of their seconds and to the extreme disgust of everybody at the ring-side, shook hands and the referee decided it a draw. Upon inquiry, Mace stated that the reason for his timidity and extreme caution was that some three weeks previously he had severely injured his hand, and that, although early in the fight and was, therefore, justified in saving his backer money. Goss said he would not endanger his chance by leading off, but would have met Mace at any time had the latter forced the fighting. He had an unfavorable experience in their first battle as to Jim's abilities with any one leading off, and did not choose to try it again. The coin received a severe nobbling from all quarters for the miserable substitute for a fight, and this had the effect of making them heartily ashamed of themselves, an effort rise to a desire to wipe out the stain thus cast upon their reputations. *Bell's Life* short afterward published a challenge from Goss to fight anybody for from £100 to £200 a side, from 154 to 158 lbs., and the same was in consequence appeared from Mace, who, in order to prevent any pedestrian delay, offered to fight in a smaller ring. A deposit left by Jim was covered promptly, and they agreed to fight in a 16-feet ring, for £200 a side, "to come off" took place in the London district, August 6th, 1866, Mace achieving a signal victory after a rattling fight, lasting through 31 rounds and occupying 51 minutes. This settled, once for all, the question of which was the better man with his fists, clearly demonstrating the infinite superiority of the man of Norwich. Both fully relieved themselves from any odium which their previous fizzle had cast upon them. Ned O'Baldwin, the "Irish Giant," who had been beaten by Marsden and beaten him and Ilea, besides being robbed out of the stakes in his match with Wormald, a short time previous, now "went for" Mace, and they were matched for £200 a side and the Champion belt. They met on Dec. 18th, 1867, but Mace having been arrested and bound over the day previous, the stakes were drawn.

This was Jim's last appearance in the ring in England, he afterwards accepting engagements throughout the provinces to appear in the Grecian statues. On the 4th of April, 1862, Mace met Heenan and Sayers (the former having just returned from America) at Owen Swift's, London, when, on a banter from Tom, who was inebriated, £10 a side was staked by him for a match with Sayers. Swift expostulated, however, and upon Tom asking Mace to let him draw out the latter did so and the match fell through, although he then declared himself ready to fight any man living. He was also matched with Sayers another time, while returning from a race meeting, either £5 or £10 being staked, with the understanding that it was to be made into £50 a side at Tattersall's next day, we believe. Sayers backers would not go on with it, however, and Mace took the forfeit to which he became entitled. In 1869 he concluded to take a trip to this country, and arrived at New York on September 4th, accompanied by his consort, Foley, and his business manager, Fred. Abrahams. He met with a very warm reception from the sporting men of America, and shortly subsequent to his arrival appeared at the Tammany, this city, personating his statues and exhibiting his abilities as a pugilist in mimic combats with his cousin. He afterwards visited several of the leading cities of the Eastern States, being everywhere most cordially greeted. He had, upon his arrival, declared that he did not intend re-entering the ring, but a verbal challenge from Tom Allen to fight any man in the country during the month of November following, decided him to forego that intention, and he accordingly made overtures for a match, for $5,000 a side and the championship of America. Considerable correspondence ensued, finally resulting in their entering into an agreement to fight for $2,500 a side and the championship. The latter was to be decided in a ring to be pitched on the line of demarkation between New Orleans, on May 10th, 1870, and Mace won after fighting 10 rounds in 44 minutes, Allen having greatly disappointed his friends by the exhibition. He was much too fat, and in no impress many with the belief that he had not tried to win. This was Mace's last engagement anterior to the one under consideration, the circumstances leading to the making of which are detailed below, under the caption of "History of the Match."

JOSEPH COBURN first saw the light of day at the village of Middletown, county Armagh, Ireland, July 30th, 1836. He stands 5 feet 9 inches in his stockings. His parents removed to this country when Joe was yet very young, taking up their abode in New York, where he was apprenticed to a bricklayer. He early gave evidence of the possession of the essential qualities for the formation of a first class boxer, and having a passion for this species of athletic exercise, much of his leisure time during apprenticeship was devoted to perfecting himself in the mysteries of the science. He became a regular habitue of sparring entertainments, where he encountered the best boxers of the day, and became noted for a scientific and straightforward style of fighting. In secondary period that few of his own size manifested any inclination to put up their hands in opposition to him. His wonderful science, agility and splendid *physique* attracted the attention of many admirers, and encouraged him to seek more formidable foes, desiring to have the correctness or erroneousness of their estimate of his capabilities as a fighter established, they cast their eyes about in search of some likely young fellow to pit against Joseph in the twenty four hours' mill, and their choice fell upon Jem Mace, who had spent a couple of years Joe's senior, who had arrived from London a few years previous and located himself in Boston. A purse of $500 was quickly subscribed, which the rivals fought for at May Pond, about eight miles from Boston, Mass., on May 1st, 1856, and as it was an impromptu affair, neither man was in proper condition. They toed the mark one hundred and sixty times, in three hours and twenty minutes, when darkness put an end to the mill, the referee declaring it a drawn battle. The backers of Coburn now looked around for another opportunity to further test his merits. Their desire was gratified the year following, when Harry Grinkie, who had fought on the Union Course, Long Island, with Joe, and they were matched for $3 9 a side. They fought in Canada, Nov. 18th, 1857, Gribbin being knocked out of time in the 51st round, after they had been fighting an hour. Although Gribbin was much older than his opponent, he possessed the advantage of height and weight, which, to some extent, counteracted the superior prowess of Coburn, whose fighting qualities in this battle gained him much credit, and were of a manner material punishment in return. On the 7th of August, prior to his engagement with Gribbin, he had a rough turn-up with Paisy Flynn, a noted brawler of the Fourth Ward, whom he polished off in three short rounds, and with intentions of ever punishment, and escaping with comparatively little himself.

Shortly subsequent to this, Con. Fitzgerald, who defeated Hugh Kelley, Tom Hughes and Alfred Wilson, received forfeit from Paisy Flynn, had a diff culty with Coburn, and they resorted to nature's weapons, off-hand fashion, for its settlement, and Joe came off with flying colors. In the fall of 1858 he was matched with Austin Allen Kelly, who came to the country with a big reputation for prowess of defeating Jonathan Smith, in Australia, in 6 hours and 15 minutes, the longest battle on record. Fifty dollars were staked on either side, but Coburn not being on time with the second instalment of his challenge from Kelly, the stakeholder declined to hold the money down. This riled Joe, and happening to meet Kelly afterward at a down-town saloon, the had words then and there, Coburn obtaining satisfaction by punishing the New-castle man terribly. Coburn was now permitted, through the good offices of a mutual friend, to remain on the shelf until the winter of '67, when he got on a match with Mike McCoole, who had got up a good reputation in the west and south for champion one handedness of giving and receiving punishment, by vanquishing Bill Blake and Tom Hastings. They fought for $2,500 and the championship, at Charlestown, Cecil Co., Md., May 9th, 1867. McCoole had height, weight and strength on his side, and Coburn knowing the value of his pluck, fought cautiously at first until he had reduced Mac to somethine near his own weight, when he assumed the offensive and maintained it throughout, showering in blows thick and fast, and keeping well out of the way of the sledge-hammer favors offered by the Western Giant, until the close of the 67th round, when McCoole couldn't face the music any more, and his seconds elevated the sponge in token of defeat, just 1 hour and 10 minutes having elapsed from the moment they placed themselves in position. McCoole was dreadfully beaten while Joe was scarcely marked. Coburn's fine style of fighting commanded the admiration of everybody at the ring-side—he proved himself a hard hitter, quick to perceive and take advantage of an opening, active in avoiding danger, a neat stopper, conversant with all the tricks known to the profession, excellent judgment, great fertility of resources, and a cool head to guide him in their selection in cases of emergency. The great advantage given McCoole by his tremendous bulk and muscular power were more than counterbalanced by his entire lack of science, the slowness of his delivery, and his inability to follow Coburn up or get out of his way. It was a striking illustration of the superiority of skill over main strength.

The Man of Armagh was now at the top-round of the ladder of pugilistic fame in his adopted country, "Champion of America." A belt was presented to him at the City Assembly Rooms, June 16th, 1863. Finding no probability of getting on a match with anybody here calculated to afford him a fight with the best the world could produce, immediately after King's victory over Heenan, Coburn challenged the winner to fight in Canada, for $10,000. In due time King replied, stating that he had resolved to fight no more. Coburn was accordingly desirous of getting on with "the clevered man in all England," and while awaiting King's answer, forwarded another challenge with the same conditions, to "Jem Mace or any man in England." The latter wouldn't agree to fight in America on any condition, however, but offered to do so in Ireland, which Coburn unhesitatingly agreed to do. Joe at once made preparations for the journey, and on May 16th following, sailed for Ireland, in company with Jim Cusick and Jim Dunn, in the City of Washington. They arrived at their destination May 27th, and arrangements were speedily made to fight at Flemtown, Parish of Kilmara, county Tipperary, Ireland, for £1,000, Coburn to receive £100 for expenses. Coburn appeared in the ring at the appointed time on the 6th of Oct., 1866, but Mace was non est, having "scattered" for England the night previous, in consequence of the failure to agree upon a referee. It would occupy too much space to give the details of what followed. Suffice it to know that on Oct. 14th, Coburn received £100 and returned to New York, Nov. 2d.

From that time until the fall of 1867 he was, to all intents and purposes, on the "retired list," though open to fight anybody for $5,000 a side. After the easy conquest obtained over Aaron Jones by Mike McCoole, Aug. 21st of that year, the latter, anxious to reserve the laurels lost in his encounter with Joe, in May, '68 sent a challenge to this office dated Oct. 10th, and accompanied by $1,500, during Coburn to meet him within fifty miles of Cincinnati, St. Louis, Memphis, Louisville or New Orleans for $5,000 or $1,000 a side. Before our succeeding issue went to press Coburn covered the amount sent on, and after the exchange of a few newspaper articles they met at Chicago on Nov. 18th, and signed articles to fight fifty miles from the Queen City on May 27th, 1869, for $5,000 a side, Coburn having the choice of ground. The chosen spot was in the vicinity of Cold Spring Station, Ind., where the ring was erected and about five thousand spectators gathered to witness the fight. They were doomed to disappointment, however, for when within a couple of hundred yards of the ring, the wagon in which were seated Coburn and Jim Cusick, his trainer, was halted by Wm. P. Wood, Chief of Counterfeiting Detectives in the employ of the Treasury Department, and E. L. Quinton, a detective under him in Cincinnati, who arrested both men and hurried them back to the station, from whence they were taken to Lawrenceburg, Indiana, and bound over to appear at a term of the Circuit Court, at an early hour on the previous day by the sheriff of Dearborn county and a deputy, and placed under $2,000 bail that morning to appear on the 26th; he was released upon the required surety being given, and appeared in the ring at the appointed time. The principals were indicted by the grand jury at Lawrenceburg on the 26th, and upon pleading guilty were sentenced to forty days' imprisonment. They were released on July 4th, and after several vain endeavors to get the men together for the purpose of coming to some definite understanding, the final stakeholder ordered a meeting to be held at this office on August 18th. Coburn was present, but McCoole was not, nor did he send a representative, and Joe claimed the stakes. The stakeholder, however, after mature deliberation declared the match a draw, and returned to each man his money. The next bear of Coburn was in the fall of '69, when he received a challenge from Tom Allen, of California, offering to fight Tom Allen, the then champion, there, for as much as $10,000, but the latter being unwilling to go so far nothing came of it. Shortly afterwards the match was made between Mace and Allen, Coburn taking an active part therein as one of the latter's seconds. Previous to the battle he challenged the winner, but Mace declined to accept, announcing his final retirement from the ring. Allen then claimed the championship again, and issued a challenge to fight Ormsby or anybody else, but Joe, considering that he had naught to gain by fighting Tom, paid no attention to the *dog*. The subject of our sketch did not again appear prominently before the public until the commencement of the fall term from which originated the match on hand, particulars of which are known given.

HISTORY OF THE PRESENT MATCH.

Immediately after his victory over Allen, Mace formally announced his retirement from the profession which he had followed with so much honor, and resigned all claim to the title of champion. He and Allen subsequently met by several of the principal cities, and subsequently an agreement was drawn into between Mace and his old rival, Joe Coburn, having in view another mill to be settled. On the 2d of July last year, they faced each other with the gloves on for the first time at the Empire City Skating Rink, in this city, and afterwards appeared together at Jersey City and other places, but they did not seem to travel well in harness, and concluded only their tour was not extended. Jim now came out to settle down in the metropolis, and, entering into partnership with Pat. Harrigan, obtained a lease of a stylish brown stone front, located at No. 69 West Twenty-third street, which was converted from a dwelling house into an elegant saloon and restaurant, and formally opened on the evening of Oct. 8th. On the 19th of that month the took a trip to Atlanta, Ga., having been guaranteed a certain sum to appear there during the state fair. He engaged Coburn and several others to accompany him, they to receive a certain amount besides traveling expenses. The speculation, however, turned out a failure, and was the means of creating a difficulty between Mace and Coburn, which resulted in the making of the present match. It appears that Joe did not receive the sum of money promised him by Mace, nor yet what he considered a fair remuneration, being willing to knock off something because of the failure of the enterprise, and on the 19th of November he visited Mace at his house and demanded twenty dollars. Jim said he did not have the amount asked for, whereupon words passed between them, ending by Coburn striking Mace in the face. The latter seized a chair, when mutual friends interposed and a serious termination was prevented. Of course the intelligence that such an affray had occurred created intense excitement in sporting circles, and for days it was the talk of the town. In our issue of the following week was published a card from Mace, in which he stated that he did not wish to re-enter the ring, but that if he was forced into doing so he thought he was "capable of satisfying his most sanguine fighting propensities." Other portions of the card referred in very sarcastic and contemptuous terms to Joe, to which he replied in the CLIPPER of the week succeeding, stating that he considered himself fully justified in pursuing the course he had, and offering to give Jim satisfaction for the alleged "unprovoked assault" in any way the latter desired—he would fight him "for fun, for the title of champion, or for a certain amount of money," as Mace might elect. A few days subsequent, backers of the rivals met and during the hot worded discussion which ensued, they agreed to meet at this office on Saturday, Dec. 3d, to try and arrange a match. Coburn was present in person, accompanied by one of his backers and friend, Frank McIntyre, while Mace was represented by his cousin and Jim Cusick, the latter having charge of the arrangements. Coburn named Maryland, Virginia or Canada as the places he desired to fight in, but Cusick said he was not authorized to make the match for any other place than in the vicinity of New Orleans, and said Mace would stake $5,000 to $3,000 if Joe would go there. The latter would not listen to the proposition, however, giving his reasons for refusing, and they finally left without having been able to come to terms, each, however, posting $500 in our hands and agreeing to meet on the following Monday to make another effort at settlement. At this meeting, after the same ground had repeatedly been gone over, Cusick ultimately consented to have the contest take place upon Canadian soil, and the following articles were drawn up and signed:—

ARTICLES OF AGREEMENT entered into this 5th day of December, 1870, between Joseph Coburn and James Mace. The said Joseph Coburn and James Mace hereby agree to fight a fair stand up fight, according to the New Rules of the Prize Ring, by which they sign, Joseph Coburn and the said James Mace hereby mutually agree to be bound. The said fight shall be for the sum of one thousand dollars a side, open for more, and shall take place on the 11th of April, 1871, in Canada. The men shall be in the ring between the hours of eight A. M. and twelve o'clock M., or the man absent to forfeit the battle money. The expenses of the repre and stakes shall be borne mutually, share and share alike. In pursuance of this agreement the sum of five hundred dollars a side is now deposited in the hands of Frank Queen, who shall be temporary stakeholder; the balance of the stakes to be p aced in the hands of Frank Queen on Tuesday, Feb. 28th, at the CLIPPER office, between the hours of 12 and 5 o'clock P. M., at which time a final stakeholder will also be chosen. The said deposit must be put up not later than two o'clock on the days aforesaid, and either party failing to make good the amounts due at the time and place above named shall forfeit the battle money. The referee to be chosen on the ground. In case of imperial interference the referee, if appointed, or the stakeholder, if not, shall name the next time and place of meeting. If possible on the same ground, if not, within twenty miles either party failing to attend at the time and place specified by that officer to lose the battle money. The stakes not to be given up unless by mutual consent, or until fairly won or lost after a fight, and due notice shall be given to both parties of the time and place for giving the money up.

JAMES CUSICK, for
JAMES MACE.
JOE COBURN.

In pursuance of this agreement we hereunto attach our names.

WITNESS: { HENRY RICE. / FRANK CLARK.

It was verbally agreed, at the time of signing, that the location of the battle ground was to be not further distant than 600 miles from Buffalo, and that the same be chosen through representatives, to be appointed at the time of posting the final deposit. After the second stakement had been made good it was decided, in consultance with the request from Sqa re McMullen and other prominent sporting men of Philadelphia, to alter the date of the fight from the 11th and it was postponed one month. Harry Hill was selected as stakeholder, into whose hand

we transferred the stakes. Another meeting was held on April 24th, at which the choice of ground was tossed up and won by Mace, representative, his friends fixing on Erie, Pa. A few days afterwards Jim Cusick and Hen Eke left New York for the purpose of making arrangements for the transportation of spectators and fixing upon the precise location for the mill. They decided upon Fort Dover, on Long Point, and Joe was telegraphed to, to that effect on May 1st, as stipulated. That the interest manifested in the match should have been deep and widespread is not to be wondered at, considering that ever since their first engagement, over six years previous, the names of Coburn and Mace had been closely associated and thousands had ardently desired to see this consummation attained, though they had not expected to see their hopes realized. Upon both sides of the Atlantic it was regarded as the most important pugilistic match which had challenged public attention since that between Heenan and King in 1863, and the partisans of the opposing gladiators excitedly discussed the probable issue thereof, lauded their favorite and sought to prove by force of argument how inferior in ability was his antagonist. The greater brilliancy of Mace's ring record, showing a loss of but three battles out of seventeen in which he had been engaged (besides which he defeated the same men who beat him), combined with the knowledge of his wondrous science, and the lightning-like quickness of his delivery and movements, naturally made him a strong favorite with the public; but the friends of Coburn, although unable to point to so long an array of gallantly-contested battles, insisted that he had never yet met his conqueror, and considered that this, coupled with his scientific attainments (which fall short of Mace's in quickness alone, and then by comparatively little), and his thorough knowledge of ring tactics, added to his known cunning as a fighter, entitle him to very great consideration as a first-class boxer. When the match was first announced people seemed disposed to regard it with incredulity, questioning the honesty of purpose of one or other of the principals, or the *bona fide* character of the affair on the part of both, though comparatively few called in question Mace's intentions. However, as time wore on and all progressed satisfactorily, the remainder of the money being duly posted and the gladiators diligently attending to business, these suspicions were gradually banished from the minds of the skeptically-inclined until finally nearly all were thoroughly impressed with the belief that both men were in dead earnest in the matter.

PREPARING FOR THE FRAY.

Though more than five months were to intervene between the period of signing the agreement and the arrival of the day set apart for fighting, long standing accounts and settling fresh scores, Coburn, whose mode of life for several years previous had not been in strict accordance with the laws of health, and who had, perhaps, seen the "soft silvery light of the moon" pale before the incoming day and punished as much "hardware" as anybody, at once put on the brakes, bidding farewell to that soothing weed—the smoking of tobacco—and supply of exhilarating fluids. He established himself, on Dec. 24th, at the Observatory Hotel, corner of Ninetieth street and Third Avenue, overlooking Central Park, in connection with which he fitted up a gymnasium, and here after his return from a short sparring tour he commenced regular exercise during the second week in February. John Grindle, the old ten mile runner, having taken the place of Frank McIntyre as mentor. With the exception of a trip to Philadelphia for the purpose of giving an exhibition, he remained there up to May 1st, when the term for which he had taken the premises expired. McIntyre's absence was of brief duration, Grindell being physically incapable of performing the duties incumbent upon a trainer. From a mature knowledge of the means to improve his *physique*, it was manifest that he had his whole soul in the match, and, fully aware of what he had at stake in the pending encounter, and the formidable character of the pugilist against whom he was to contend, was thoroughly resolved to exert himself to the very utmost to secure the very *acme* of condition. Hours were devoted to exercise with dumb bells, sand bags, the horizontal bar, and other indoor contrivances for the development of muscle, and more to lengthened walks at regular intervals along the avenues of Central Park, a better locality than which could not be obtained for the purpose. In this endeavor he was eminently successful, as was demonstrated to the hundreds who posted his appearance when he stripped at his farewell benefit, given at Masonic Hall, this city, on April 27th. Probably never in his life, not even when he stepped within the ring at Pierstown, Ireland, in 1864, did he exhibit to such perfection the form of an athlete as then. After removing from the Observatory he made his headquarters at Gabe Case's, on Third avenue, stopping there up until the morning of the 9th, when, having received notice of the location selected by Cusick for the fight, he took his departure for Buffalo, accompanied by McIntyre and Billy McManus, arriving there on the following day. He at once proceeded to secure suitable quarters whereat to finish his training, and had made all the necessary arrangements, when, we believe, he received a telegram from Mace, informing him that Jim had died very suddenly in this city on the afternoon of that day. The intelligence came like a thunderbolt to Joe, who was at supper when it was handed him, and having but a few minutes in which to catch the train for New York he jumped up from the table and hurriedly answering inquiries as to what was the matter, he was quickly on his way to the metropolis again, reaching here on the 8th. Word was sent to Jeff Mace in Mace's representative, stating that, in view of this sad event, he did not desire to hold him to the date fixed in the articles for the fight, but was willing to agree to any reasonable postponement. After deliberating upon the matter, however, Coburn returned answer that he preferred that the fight should take place on the 11th, not desiring any postponement. In deciding thus, to his own physical disadvantage, (consequent upon the necessity of railroad travel and consequent loss of leaving off training for several days) he was influenced to some extent by the fact that his friends had wagered considerable money on the battle taking place, and he was unwilling that they should suffer by an alteration of the date. The offer upon the part of Mace was a generous one, especially as arrangements had already been made for transportation, etc., and evinced the sympathy he felt for Joe in his bereavement. The funeral took place on May 9th, and on the evening of the following day Joe [illegible] the former's remains in the day the ill effects of travel and cessation of training.

Mace, being a man who has always taken excellent care of himself, and who though four years Coburn's senior, possesses a more robust constitution—at least one unimpaired by excesses—did not require nearly as much preliminary work as the latter to effect a riddance of all extra flesh and reduce his superfluous bulk to the possible with the finest possible condition. Accordingly he took things comparatively easy until within a couple of months or so of the day of battle, not denying himself an occasional drop of 'all-and-'all, a few sips of wine, or a fragrant Havana, which did no harm. He, however, soon commenced to take daily breathers, and light exercise, strengthening his legs and the natural and artificial beauties of Central Park when the weather was favorable and pulling the kinks from his arms and shoulders by work with the appliances in his gymnasium and that of Prof. Maire's, St. Mark's Place. He, like Coburn, gave a brief series of exhibitions in leading eastern cities, and also made his "first appearance on any stage," as Charles, the Wrestler, in Shakespeare's comedy, "As You Like It," at Niblo's Garden, this city, afterwards enacting "the same" at not very distant one, by the way—at Philadelphia, Washington and Albany before "large and appreciative audiences." He had engaged, as tutor, the veteran Jim Cusick, who was with him in the match with Tom Allen (and who was formerly with Heenan, Coburn and others), and under his careful supervision, aided by that practical knowledge which his own long experience had given him, he watched carefully and judiciously, and little by little decreased his weight while he proportionately increased the hardness of his flesh and the steel-like strength of his muscles. His farewell testimonial, took place at the Casino, East Houston street, on the night of April 24th, and was a most flattering demonstration in his favor. The hall, a very commodious one, was packed to overflowing and the eyes of those jammed together inside eagerly devoured his appearance while their lips uttered admiring remarks concerning the fine condition in which he showed, though he had still considerable to do to attain the desired point of physical excellence, being by no means in as superb fettle as Coburn. He had hitherto been located at his saloon on Twenty-third street, but on April 26th he removed to Cypress Hill Grove, Long Island, putting up at Phil. Cross', where he remained up to May 9th, when he left for Erie, in company with Cusick, his cousin Pooley, and others.

THE TRIP BY RAIL.

Though the exact rendezvous was kept a secret from the general public, those who were desirous of witnessing the encounter experienced no difficulty in obtaining the necessary information, and on the morning of the 9th the "millerites" commenced to congregate at Erie, Pa., coming from north, south, east and west, and embracing merchants, lawyers, sporting men, gentlemen of leisure, and, in short, all classes of society. The exodus from New York began on the morning of Tuesday—Mace, his cousin Pooley, Sam Snith, two or three others of his suite, Coburn and a number of others leaving by the 9 o'clock train on the Erie road, more going by the 11 A. M. train, while our reporter took the 5 P. M. express, upon which were also John Charles, of Baltimore, Dan Dougherty, Alex. Mason, Phil. Hargrave, Mike McDermott, Billy Cunningham, Jim Traphagen and others. A few minutes before 6 o'clock next morning we stopped at Corning, where the train was obliged to wait two hours in consequence of a break down occurring on the road some distance ahead. While we were impatiently awaiting the signal to resume our journey, the 1.30 P. M. train arrived from the metropolis, and on board we found Luke Welsh, John Grindle, Johnny O'Brien, John Lawrence, Johnny Dwyer, Billy Dwyer, Mike Costello, Mike Coburn, Johnny Saunders, Al. Worden, Jed. Kinney, Frank Kerns, the favorite Ethiopian comedian, Pat McGowan, Steve Mulonev, Owney Geoghegan, Steve Geoghegan and a lot more. An endeavor to obtain something to appease the cravings of the inner man falling to meet with a satisfactory result, the time intervening before again starting was occupied in harmless skylarking, target practice with cobble stones at a sarsaparilla bottle, which, because of its emptiness, seemed to excite indignation, and speculations upon the probable issue of the "big fight." Some seemed disposed to doubt the correctness of the report as to the cause of stoppage, and Hargrave suggested the idea that perhaps it was a "put up job," but that remark was knocked in the head by Charles Saying in reply, "No, Phil, [illegible] on this train, which provoked a general laugh at Phil's expense, but in the depression from the soothing influence of the contents of a suspicious looking flask produced by Ned, the quality of which did infinite credit to the "boulder," John Carman by name. At last, however, the whistle sounded, and we were off once more, rattling over the rails toward our destination. At Hornellsville, where we breakfasted, Billy Kehoe, whose business it is to provide mental nourishment for travelers who desire to store their minds with useful knowledge, and who is enterprising enough not to allow any one to thirst in vain, jumped aboard, and after "going the rounds," sat down to have a sociable chat. He had not thought of going to the fight, but his desire to witness it increased by talking about it, and this, coupled with having missed the return train at Salamanca, decided him to "see the thing out." The majority who came from New York proceeded from Hornellsville to Dunkirk direct, a few going by way of Buffalo, where another delegation got aboard. Those who took the former route showed their wisdom, for they thereby secured a rest of a couple of hours, which many took advantage of to stretch their cramped limbs, and to take an observation of the lake, the surface of which was as smooth as a maiden's cheek, while others skirmished for something to eat, drink and make merry, though they found it a rather difficult task to find anything just suited to their mind—save and except the lager, the glasses containing which were large enough to break the heart of a New York saloon keeper if he was obliged to "fill 'em up." After partaking of a hearty supper, washed down with unadulterated "cow juice," at the Eastern Hotel, we boarded the train again and were quickly speeding toward the point of embarkation, where we arrived after a journey occupying less than two hours. A number of those who had gone before had assembled at the depot to welcome the new comers, while knots of "natives" were gathered here and there, and gazed with something akin to awe upon the passengers as they debarked.

ARRIVAL AT ERIE.

Where to find the principals was the all-important question now, and eager one sought eagerly for the desired information, which, however, was readily obtained, as it soon had been circulated that Coburn had taken rooms at Crowley's Hotel, South East, where he was the cynosure of all eyes during his sojourn there, so that those who didn't pay a penny had just as good an opportunity to see what was going on as those who had willingly parted with the sum demanded for lower ring tickets. While waiting for the arrival of the contestants the boys passed the time in chaffing, playing pranks upon each other, etc., but no ill feeling was manifested and all was as orderly as any one could have wished. Among those gathered there, besides those whom we have already mentioned, were John Lawless and Alderman Burke, of Albany; Pat. Sullivan, ex-chief of police at Rochester; Eddy Kinney, Dick Hollwood, Mickey Dougherty (the famous stump orator, who was "as happy as a clam"), James Taylor (the London comic), Tom Allen, Dick Roche, Gus. Quitzow, Harry Gove, George Rooke, Thos. Denny, Hen Peckham, Harry Hicken, Arthur Chambers, George Seddons, Young Ryan, Frank Clark, and a host more well-known personages, whose names we cannot now call to mind. Representatives were present from nearly all the principal newspapers of the country, and made quite an imposing front (though not a numerous one) as with note book and pencil in hand they awaited events. Thanks are due to Jim Colbert, Barney Aaron and George Rook, for their assistance in securing those genial and favorable positions in the inner circle, for we presume none of the so-called "respectable" dailies will think it worth while to acknowledge the favor thus shown without solicitation. Finally, when the crowd were beginning to grumble at the delay, the welcome intelligence was received that the men were coming, and a few moments afterwards Coburn's cap came sailing over the heads of the by-standers, and as Joe followed it a rousing cheer went up from the throng of his partizans, in acknowledgment of which he bowed low and then sat down on a chair brought by one of his attendants. He was accompanied by his seconds—Owney Geoghegan and Billy Dwyer—Frank McIntyre, Grindell, and his brothers Jim and Mike. It had been the intention originally to have had as esquires Ned O'Baldwin and Bill Clark, but the former declined to act, considering it impolitic to attend the fight at all, and at the eleventh hour the Professor was compelled to remain behind owing to an injury to his foot. However, the substitutes were men of experience in these matters, and could be relied upon to perform their duty satisfactorily. At eleven minutes past eleven o'clock—just four minutes after Joe had made his advent—Mace's hat fell in the centre of the ring, and Jim himself quickly followed. The enthusiasm with which he was greeted, cheer after cheer cleaving the air and causing the branches of trees at a distance to sway, plainly evinced the fact that his sympathizers were largely in the ascendancy. This flattering reception Mace, his face lit up with a smile which betokened the pleasure it gave him, bowed in acknowledgment, and then sat down. He had for his seconds Jim Cusick (who was to act in that capacity for Coburn at the time he and Jim were to fight in Ireland) and Jerry Donovan, of Chicago—the same men who picked him up when he fought Tom Allen last year.

THE TOSS, REFEREE AND UMPIRES.

A flip of a nickel gave the choice of corners to Mace, who chose that which placed the sun in the eyes of his antagonist and gave himself the advantage of a slight elevation. The sun was as hot almost as in midsummer, and while the principals sat in their respective corners they were protected from the intensity of its rays by umbrellas, one or two of those present having had the foresight to bring this useful article along, though what use they would have for it otherwise would be difficult to perceive, as from the hour of leaving home until we returned the weather was delightful. Doubts had freely expressed of their being able to obtain a referee, not because of non-agreement, but owing to the probable refusal of those upon whom they were likely to agree to accept the position, which is at no time an enviable one, and he who officiates generally makes enemies whether he renders a decision in accordance with its rules or not. When the first person named, Alderman McMullen (who was at once agreed to by the Coburn party), got inside the ring and positively refused to act on any consideration, and others were mentioned by both parties (including Steve Geoghegan, Barney Aaron, Jim O'Donnell, Harry Hill and others) without a solution of the problem, matters looked decidedly discouraging, and the belief became general that this affair would end as did their previous match in '64. Just at this point, however, the Mace party proposed Dick Hollwood, to which Mike Coburn assented on behalf of his brother, and as Dick, after some persuasion, agreed to serve, a satisfactory result was at last arrived at. Hollwood now advanced to the centre of the ring, and looked as big as a degree could be, for he made a short speech, saying that he intended to have the fight decided on its merits alone, and that if he saw any wrong wilfully done to either man he would decide the battle against the offending party. He then took up his position at one of the corner stakes midway between the principals, with Alexander Mason, of the Adriatic, on the left—he having been appointed umpire for Coburn—while Barney Aaron, who looked after the interests of Mace, stood on the other. Now, Dick is a good little man, well posted in the rules of the ring, and possessed of resolution, but still, for obvious reasons, he was scarcely the person to select for a fight between two such men as these.

COLORS OF THE MEN.

Mace had for his standard an elegant handkerchief of white silk, with a blue border two inches in width. In the right hand upper corner, inside the border, was an American shield, and in the opposite corner a star. Underneath the latter device, in the lower left hand corner, appeared the Star Spangled Banner, and in the other was Jim's monogram, the four figures being printed in crimson. In the centre, in a semi-circle, appeared the appropriate motto "May the Best Man Win." The same pattern, a new one, was furnished to the second, with the exception of being tripped up once or twice by loose planks in the rough, dilapidated board walk, we succeeded in reaching the New York without accident, or incident worth mentioning. Luke Welsh, the tall Gothamite, whom the boys christened Neo O'Baldwin, in order to bamboozle the gawks, was posted at the gang plank and took the tickets, of which about one hundred and fifty had been disposed of by Jim Coburn, who, with his brother, Mike, stood in the rear to extend greeting to the *boys as they stepped* on board. The chosen few of Coburn's party were the first to arrive on the boat, which the small dining room, in which was placed a stove, was crammed with humanity, some lying down, others seated and more gathered up in all sorts of shapes upon the floor; so that the large majority were obliged to rough it on deck, which was by no means agreeable, as the night was cold and penetrating to a degree not compatible with comfort, and we had a long journey ahead. However, those who undertake trips of this character do not expect to rest their weary limbs on beds of down, and their heads on watch spring pillows, or dine sumptuously every day; and therefore they kept a stiff upper lip and bore the ills their flesh was heir to with commendable resignation and fortitude. A short distance below Erie lay the Wenona, the steamer on board probably five times as many as Coburn's boat. A bar was in operation, under the supervision of Barney Aaron, lager constituting the main article of consumption, and at ten cents a drink the enterprising caterer managed to rake together quite a snug sum. About two o'clock the gang planks were drawn in, the engineers took their stations, and the vessel began to move, the Wenona taking the lead, as she was to show the way to the spot selected for the fight, though it was generally understood that it was to be Port Dover, which is distant from Erie fifty-eight miles, and from Long Point twenty-eight. Shortly after we got under weigh a tug, which had been chartered by "Squire" McMullin, also put out, with he and a few more choice spirits on board, following in the wake of the steamers. Tired out by the tedious journey by rail, all on board sought to snatch a few hours' repose, and soon the only sounds which disturbed the stillness of the night were the monotonous workings of the machinery, the seething of the waters as the prow of the vessel ploughed through the calm waters, and the occasional tread of some poor fellow who was unable to find a place to lay his weary head. In the hope of finding more comfortable quarters, several ventured to lower themselves through the narrow aperture in the lower deck into the fireman's paradise, but the monarch of all he surveyed in that delectable region was no respecter of persons, and the reckleseness with which he wielded his sledge and the unmistakable manner in which he urged the ashes in a certain direction, induced them to beat a hasty retreat. Daylight came at last, however, and its appearance was never more welcome to many on board. Shortly afterward we were hailed by some one on the Wenona, who stated that Mace's party desired to change the *locale* to Long Point, and an effort was made to rouse up Jim Coburn, but [illegible] in the arms of Morpheus could not be awakened. We were off Long Point, the scene of the well remembered battle between Morrisey and Heenan, at five o'clock, and here we observed another steamer, which turned out to be the J. Barber, of Detroit, while shortly afterward the Bob Anderson nove in sight, with a number of Clevelandites on board; also a tug from Buffalo, three pleasure boats propelled by sail and steam, and a large sloop conveying select parties to the scene. The air was very sharp, and until the rising of old Sol the hurricane deck was not the favorite promenade. Shortly past six o'clock, the outlines of Port Dover were discernable, and an hour later the New York had approached to within two miles of the light house, having headed directly for that point. For an hour past the Wenona had come to anchor some three miles below, and while we were conjecturing as to their intentions in so doing, a tug steamed up with orders to proceed to where Mace's vessel was lying, as the ring would be pitched in that neighborhood. This having been done, preparations began for the lowering of the small boats, it being necessary to convey the passengers ashore in them, as the steamers could not, without danger, approach nearer than within a mile or so from the beach, in consequence of the shallowness of the water, and the numerous sunken rocks marking the coast. Jim Collins, Jack Smith, of Portsmouth, and one or two more had gone ashore from the Wenona, soon after she came to an anchor, and selected the ground for the contemplated battle, and returning, the ropes and stakes were placed in the yawl, and the ring commissary, Bob Smith, and a dozen more who were to assist in erecting the squared circle, jumped in, and were pulled ashore, after which the work of debarkation was vigorously proceeded with. Each boat was compelled to carry double freight, but there were plenty of willing hands to take a turn at the oars, and the water being placid, all were landed shortly after an hour or ten without the occurrence of any mishap, which, considering the reckless manner in which they leaped and tumbled into the boats, was something occasioning surprise. With an eye to business a couple of Erieites had conveyed a number of kegs of the refreshing Teutonic beverage to the Canadian shore, and improvised open air saloons on the beach, attinerveis on the way to the mitting ground and near to the ring side. They drove a thrifty trade, too, at prices which amply repaid them for the trouble and expense incurred, as this was something the excursionists had not bargained for, and, consequently, looking upon it in the light of a luxury, they patronized the thoughtful bonifaces liberally. The Canada shore along here is very abrupt, high bluffs frowning down upon the waters which lash its base, and the beach itself is narrow and rocky. Here and there the outline of the bluffs is broken by wide, deep gorges, down which sometime in the past angry waters have hissed and roared, carrying destruction to whatever might oppose their furious passage, and finally expending their wrath in the waters of Lake Erie, which stretched away an unbroken body of water, almost as smooth as glass, as far as the eye could reach, while behind us the mouth of one of these gulleys, and, after scrambling over rocks and fallen trees, we traveled along a well-beaten path leading up the side of the gorge to the level ground above, and thence along the lane between green fields, with farm houses scattered here and there to the right and left, for about half a mile when we came to a field having an area of half a dozen acres, in the centre of which

THE RING

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However, those who undertake trips of this character do not expect to rest their weary limbs on beds of down, and their heads on watch spring pillows, or dine sumptuously every day; and therefore they kept a stiff upper lip and bore the ills their flesh was heir to with commendable resignation and fortitude. A short distance below Erie lay the Wenona, the steamer on board probably five times as many as Coburn's boat. A bar was in operation, under the supervision of Barney Aaron, lager constituting the main article of consumption, and at ten cents a drink the enterprising caterer managed to rake together quite a snug sum. About two o'clock the gang planks were drawn in, the engineers took their stations, and the vessel began to move, the Wenona taking the lead, as she was to show the way to the spot selected for the fight, though it was generally understood that it was to be Port Dover, which is distant from Erie fifty-eight miles, and from Long Point twenty-eight. Shortly after we got under weigh a tug, which had been chartered by "Squire" McMullin, also put out, with he and a few more choice spirits on board, following in the wake of the steamers. Tired out by the tedious journey by rail, all on board sought to snatch a few hours' repose, and soon the only sounds which disturbed the stillness of the night were the monotonous workings of the machinery, the seething of the waters as the prow of the vessel ploughed through the calm waters, and the occasional tread of some poor fellow who was unable to find a place to lay his weary head. In the hope of finding more comfortable quarters, several ventured to lower themselves through the narrow aperture in the lower deck into the fireman's paradise, but the monarch of all he surveyed in that delectable region was no respecter of persons, and the reckleseness with which he wielded his sledge and the unmistakable manner in which he urged the ashes in a certain direction, induced them to beat a hasty retreat. Daylight came at last, however, and its appearance was never more welcome to many on board. Shortly afterward we were hailed by some one on the Wenona, who stated that Mace's party desired to change the *locale* to Long Point, and an effort was made to rouse up Jim Coburn, but [illegible] in the arms of Morpheus could not be awakened. We were off Long Point, the scene of the well remembered battle between Morrisey and Heenan, at five o'clock, and here we observed another steamer, which turned out to be the J. Barber, of Detroit, while shortly afterward the Bob Anderson nove in sight, with a number of Clevelandites on board; also a tug from Buffalo, three pleasure boats propelled by sail and steam, and a large sloop conveying select parties to the scene. The air was very sharp, and until the rising of old Sol the hurricane deck was not the favorite promenade. Shortly past six o'clock, the outlines of Port Dover were discernable, and an hour later the New York had approached to within two miles of the light house, having headed directly for that point. For an hour past the Wenona had come to anchor some three miles below, and while we were conjecturing as to their intentions in so doing, a tug steamed up with orders to proceed to where Mace's vessel was lying, as the ring would be pitched in that neighborhood. This having been done, preparations began for the lowering of the small boats, it being necessary to convey the passengers ashore in them, as the steamers could not, without danger, approach nearer than within a mile or so from the beach, in consequence of the shallowness of the water, and the numerous sunken rocks marking the coast. Jim Collins, Jack Smith, of Portsmouth, and one or two more had gone ashore from the Wenona, soon after she came to an anchor, and selected the ground for the contemplated battle, and returning, the ropes and stakes were placed in the yawl, and the ring commissary, Bob Smith, and a dozen more who were to assist in erecting the squared circle, jumped in, and were pulled ashore, after which the work of debarkation was vigorously proceeded with. Each boat was compelled to carry double freight, but there were plenty of willing hands to take a turn at the oars, and the water being placid, all were landed shortly after an hour or ten without the occurrence of any mishap, which, considering the reckless manner in which they leaped and tumbled into the boats, was something occasioning surprise. With an eye to business a couple of Erieites had conveyed a number of kegs of the refreshing Teutonic beverage to the Canadian shore, and improvised open air saloons on the beach, attinerveis on the way to the mitting ground and near to the ring side. They drove a thrifty trade, too, at prices which amply repaid them for the trouble and expense incurred, as this was something the excursionists had not bargained for, and, consequently, looking upon it in the light of a luxury, they patronized the thoughtful bonifaces liberally. 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NEW YORK CLIPPER.

SATURDAY, MAY 20, 1871.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.

SUBSCRIPTIONS TO THE NEW YORK CLIPPER.

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FRANK QUEEN, Editor and Proprietor,
Corner of Centre and Leonard streets.
Box 3,060 New York P. O.

To Correspondents.

C. A. M., Philadelphia.—"A. B. bet W. F. $50 on the Mace and Coburn match, A. B. betting that Coburn would not be whipped inside of an hour. How is this wager decided under the circumstances?"—... from the moment "time" is called the fight is in progress, and the length of time consumed begins when "time" is announced for the first round. Coburn and Mace, therefore, were engaged for more than one hour, and as the latter did not defeat his antagonist, A. B. won the bet.

J. SAMUELS, Springfield.—We have no means of averaging the width of the Mississippi river. In some places it is less than half a mile and increases in some to two or three miles, depending entirely upon the stage of waters. At the present time, when the river is bank full, or "booming," as the steamboat men would say, it is very much wider than it would be at low water late in the fall, and early winter.

READER, Chicago.—1. Fastest two miles to harness, 4:39½, by Flora Temple. 2. Fastest five miles to wagon, by Little Mac, 13:43¾. 3. Fastest five miles in harness, by Morrissey, 15:11. 4. Fastest one mile, to wagon, by Dexter and Lady Thorn, 2:24. 5. Fastest four mile running time, by Lexington, 7:19¾. 6. Flora Temple's best time, 2:19¾, in harness.

CONSTANT.—I made a bet of $100 with a friend, he asserting that Mace would whip Coburn in an hour. Now, has the decision of the umpire declaring all bets off, anything to do with our bet; or, in other words, have I won or not?".....You win the wager, Mace not having whipped Coburn in the time specified. The referee cannot interfere with your bet.

W. W. C.—Mary Taylor was the original Lise in "A Glance at New York," when it was played at Mitchell's Olympic. The character was not originally in the drama, but after Mr. Chanfrau had played the piece a few weeks, at his suggestion the characters of Lize and Sykesy were written and introduced therein.

W. J. L., St. Joseph, Mo.—At auction pitch, as we have before stated, the hands must be played out, and the question of set back is then determined, after which the points are taken in regular order as at regular all fours; consequently, A's high put him out before C's low.

JAMES B. PHILP, Brooklyn, L. I.—1. Mr. William Macready made his last appearance upon the stage at Drury Lane Theatre, London, Eng., Feb. 26th, 1851, in the character of Macbeth. 2. The Astor Place riot took place May 10th, 1849, at which some 20 people were killed.

SOUTH FOURTH STREET, Philadelphia.—The match between Heenan and Morrissey was for $2,500 a side, and took place at Long Point Island, C. W., on October 20th, 1858, when eleven rounds were fought, occupying 21 minutes, and Morrissey was declared the victor.

P. T. S., Washington, D. C.—1. No horse ever trotted or paced a mile in two minutes. 2. Every race-horse worthy of the name can beat two minutes. 3. The fastest heat of the Eclipse and Henry race was 1:37½. No answer by mail.

SPLITWOOD, Wattsela, Ill.—1. The retrograde "Mule" will be shown up in a week or two. 2. We have not a number of the CLIPPER containing the "circus" that remaining. We send one of the current issue. There is not a steward to any race in this vicinity.

ARAZUNE CLUB, Camp Gaston, Cal.—At cribbage, when the cards are played as follows:—7, 8, 9, 7, the player of the 8 is entitled to two points for the "fifteen;" of the 9, three for a sequence, and of the last 7, three for a sequence and two for "thirty-one."

W. H. D., Chillicothe.—C, with but one point to go, and giving three, and making high, Jack, game, went out first, as he made the three points he gave, therefore was not set back, and his point for high counted first.

K. Q. C.—You can play the ace on the table, and call it ten with the cards down, and can take them with your ten the next time you play; provided that your opponent does not take them before you with a ten that he may hold.

A CLIPPER READER.—1. The Atalanta Boat Club was organized May 5th, 1868. 2. The crew they propose to row the Harvards with is the same as rowed together last season. Their best time for three miles, over a surveyed course, is 19:31½.

G. W. S., Charleston, S. C.—You are not expected to write only after performances have occurred. Your other letters spoke of per formances to take place, save the last, which was anticipated by our Savannah correspondent.

R. H. LIVINGSTON, New Orleans, La.—We do not usually answer such questions. A lady is born in her birth name, has been married, has two children, and the party you name is not related to her in any degree.

C. H., Battle Creek.—The rule does not prevent a player running a base on a called ball not hit, but only states that he cannot take it by right, as the player at home base does his first. The player going home from there was out on.

FRANK MORRISON, Hoboken.—"Please to inform me whether that was a fight or not between Coburn and Mace on the 9th inst.".....It was a fight. From the moment "time" is called for the first round, and the men answer the summons, the fight is in progress.

SUBSCRIBER, Darrytown, Ky.—Enclosed is larger than all the other weekly scoring and theatrical papers have put together, as the respective press books will show.

B. H., Charleston, S. C.—Union Square begins at Broadway and Fourteenth street; Madison square at Broadway and Twenty-third street; Fifth avenue and Broadway cross each other at this point.

W. E. P.—Received, for which accept our thanks. The piece you refer to we will look up; it has been placed in some corner of our desk, no doubt.

YOU KNOW, Dunkirk.—You will find a complete history of their exploits in the prize ring in another part of this issue of the CLIPPER.

CONSTANT READER, Watertown, N. Y.—Difficult to say precisely; but they got $4 per day for the session, mileage, and compensation for serving on committees.

E. K., Wheeling.—A flush, to constitute such legitimately, must consist of five cards, and those who bet on a three card flush only lose their money against three of a sort.

ECONOMY, Troy.—A player, when unable to distinguish which card his partner played, can ask said partner to draw his card, the same as at whist.

A READER, Duluth, Minn.—1. As a rule, at pin pool, a player does not follow his burst, although custom differs in different localities. 2. Yes.

W. H. L., Augusta, Me.—1. We know nothing of the parties, except that their dealing with us is on the square. 2. Don't answer by mail.

H. H. B., St. Louis.—Flora Temple's harness time of 2:19¾ has been beaten—by Dexter, 2:17¼; Lady Thorn, 2:18¾; American Girl, 2:19, and Goldsmith Maid, 2:19¾.

P. W., Brooklyn.—It is a matter of uncertainty what they will turn out, but it is bad policy to breed from fowls that are under the cow.

C. W. S., Oil City, Pa.—P. T. Barnum's Circus, Museum, and Menagerie is probably the largest and most complete organization, as a whole, that is traveling the present season.

FRENCH OLIVER.—The Siamese twins are not dead, although one of them has been suffering from paralysis lately, but is reported as recovering.

TYRO, Buffalo, N. Y.—1. We never issue cards to correspondents. 2. A review of performances that have taken place is what we require.

J. W. J., Fort Boise, I. T.—It is of French origin and was revived in France about fifteen years ago. We do not answer questions by mail.

A CONSTANT READER, Toronto.—Neither he nor any other man was ever editor of the CLIPPER but its present editor and proprietor. The party referred to was reporter only.

C. E. A., Litchfield, Ill.—1. Dexter's fastest recorded mile time is 2:17¼; there is no record of his private time. 2. Dexter's fastest public half mile is 1:06.

READER, Gardner, Ill.—1. There is no record of Gladiateur's mile time, he never having run a race of an even mile in England. 2. Joseph Dion is the elder of the two brothers.

B. BALL.—The smallest score between professional clubs is that of the game of May 6th, at Fort Wayne, between the Keklongas and Fort Wayne City, of Cleveland, 2 to 1.

EDWARDS, Cleveland.—The Chicago Club undoubtedly. The decisions of the umpire cannot be appealed from for any errors of judgment.

W. B. D., Philadelphia.—Ed. Price fought Coburn and Kelly in this country. It is said that he fought once or twice in England, but if so, those battles are not on record.

O. P., Volcano, West Va.—A piece of land sixty and one-half yards by forty yards measures exactly half an acre—*i. e.*, 2,420 square yards.

JUNIUS.—Both Tom Hyer and his father were born in this country.

KRIS.—Can't devote the necessary space. He was not in Erie, nor at the fight.

WILL M.—They did not set-to since the match was made, save in Canada.

J. C. K., Philadelphia.—You can find out yourself better than we, as you are on the ground.

[illegible] and King fought at Wadhurst, Eng., Dec. 10th, 1863, the latter winning.

W. A. C., Central Falls, R. I.—The dealer must give an equal number of cards all round; not two to others and three to himself, or vice versa.

F. M. S., Cheyenne, W. T.—Frank won the bet. Jim's objection was a farcical evasion.

W. F. H.—It is an innovation on the regular game, consequently there are no rules to apply.

UNO, Poughkeepsie, N. Y.—Thank you. Our space is rather limited this week, as you will observe.

FARNUM, Lynn, Mass.—1. The parties are divorced 2. Send to Ed. James's publishing bureau, as per advertisement.

F. B., Woodstown, N. J.—Donaldson, the rope performer, is not dead. See miscellaneous department for where he was performing.

DARTIE.—The question involves an interference with private business, with which we have no concern.

FRANK, A. L.—McVey played as change catcher and right-field in the Red Stocking nine in 1870.

BILLY.—The Chicago Club, Eckford, Atlantic, Athletic, Mutual and Keklongas.

A. S. S., Owensboro, Ky.—1. No. 2. Cannot say positively, but don't think he did.

SIX KING KLAN.—Price and Kelly fought Oct. 6th, 1849; Coburn and Price, May 1st, 1856.

JAS. T.—Coburn and Mace set to at the Empire Rink, but not at any other place in this city.

W. P., Newark, N. J.—Heenan and Sayers fought at Farnborough, Eng., April 17th, 1860.

IDA ROSS, Cleveland.—The party betting on the club that the umpire decides to be the winning club, he winning club.

ELMIRA SPORT.—As the affair did not last that long, you do not lose, but the bet is a draw.

HAWK, Salem, N. J.—You will find full particulars in another part of this paper.

A FELLER.—Tom King defeated John C. Heenan on Dec. 10th, 1863, at Wadhurst, Eng.

CLIPPER READER.—Never heard of such a charge, consequently we put no credence whatever in the statement.

A. S. C., Buffalo, N. Y.—Don't know, as we are not in that line of business.

F. W., Philadelphia.—We know nothing of his intentions, but have reason to suppose that he is in some prejudiced.

L. W. H., Peoria, Ill.—Received, and will be read at our earliest convenience.

B. T., Louisville.—1. Louis Philippe was dethroned, and a republic formed in 1848. 2. The battle of Waterloo took place in June, 1815.

T. BARNES, New Orleans.—Four aces cannot be beaten; they rake down the persimmons every time.

J. S., Baltimore, Md.—We know nothing of either of the parties, except as they advertise.

L. S. N.—Betting on a surety is all right, providing there is no fraud practiced by either of the bettors.

"ODDFELLOW."—There will be no change at present.

H. A. L., Cincinnati.—There is no date on the bill, which detracts from its interest. Thank you for the contribution.

C. A. F., Trenton, N. J.—We shall not make any fresh arrangement the present season.

ENQUIRER, Cincinnati, O.—Miss Viola Crocker was a sister of Mrs. F. B. Conway.

PUCK, Hartford, Conn.—We already have a correspondent in your city.

MOSUS, Philadelphia, Pa.—You would find it very difficult to get a position on the stage. Better remain in your present situation.

BOWMAN, Syracuse, N. Y.—Thanks. Send on the account, and when we have space it will be used.

JAMES D. SPEAR, Chicago, Ill.—Address a letter to William Mason Evans, Shells, Ill.

STAGE MANAGER, St. Joseph, Mo.—Write to Mr. Manning, at Chicago, Ill.

R. E., Millbury.—A cock fight can be fought in a room as well as in a pit, provided the floor is covered with a carpet.

W. L. P., Pawtucket, R. I.—We can only refer you to a competent lawyer.

W. P. H., West Philadelphia, Pa.—Coburn's P. R. career is published on the first page of this issue.

CLIPPER, Chenoa, Ill.—1. We believe that the use of such weapons is not prohibited anywhere. 2. Ed. James' address is correct.

GLADIATOR, N. Y.—The game being now reduced to two persons, a march will only score two points.

A. MCW., Terre Haute, Ind.—Ed. James can supply you. See his advertisement.

H. & C., Dayton, O.—1. A question of arithmetical calculation simply, which you can solve for yourself. 2. See Sad Cliffer.

SKOOLD.—The only player who has the right to play a lone, is he who orders up, takes up or makes the trump.

JOHNNY DARE, Manhattan, Kan.—The game is a stand off, under the circumstances.

R. R.—A can make a sweep with his ten spot of all the cards on the table.

YOUNG CROCUS, Boston.—A fowl is a stag or chicken until he is twelve months old, when he becomes a cock.

H. W., Troy, N. Y.—Go to any physician of standing in your city and state your case frankly.

B. P. H., Easton, Pa.—Make application to the manager of the first traveling company that visits your town.

STRACHAN.—Mr. Charles Mathews was born in London, Eng., in 1803.

CURIOSITY HUNTER.—They are not very valuable. You can dispose of them to dealers in this city.

CONSTANT READER, Pawtucket, R. I.—You can get a passport from the State Department at Washington.

BILLIARDS.—By lieing. A did not beat eleven; consequently 7 won.

SANDY, Albany, N. Y.—See his record on first page of this issue.

R. D. STEVENS, St. Louis, Mo.—Obey your father's wishes.

WM. S. WILES, Camden, N. J.—The verses will soon appear.

H. H., Norristown, Pa.—We do not know of any in that city.

CHESTER, Washington.—The late match at Fort Wayne, 2 to 0.

LADY READER.—Send a letter in care of said office will reach him.

U. W. Y., Jacksonville, Ill.—Thanks for your good opinion.

C. S. W., Detroit.—See the record of the men in this issue.

W. H. Y., Baltimore.—1. He was never wh'pped. 2. Yes.

LEGAL MECHANIC.—We do not appear to have received it.

R. W. H., Philadelphia, Pa.—Not to answer to "Cannon."

ALBANY.—Coburn fought Price before he did Gribble.

R. H. W., St. Paul, Minn.—It was mailed to the lady.

SUBSCRIBER.—Such cards we don't keep record of.

R. & I.—Yes; read his record in another column.

H. H. H.—The original three must be counted.

L. F., Wallace, Chester, Pa.—Of course not.

CONSTANT READER, Baltimore, Md.—A letter addressed to the care of this office will reach her.

C. F. B., Wheeling.—Must be held at arbitrage.

ROSE STANLEY.—1 and 2.—Yes; they did not.

AUTHOR.—Address him care of this office.

FRANK C. F.—Filed for publication.

OPERATOR, Nicolas.—Yes, in 1865.

F. H., Albany, Ga.—All right.

G. F., Troy.—They did not.

A READER, Toronto.—Yes.

B. F. D.—The bet is off.

THE COBURN-MACE AFFAIR.

After several months of preparation, after undergoing the trials and privations of training, Messrs. Mace and Coburn had succeeded in getting themselves into pretty good physical condition, with the avowed purpose of confronting each other in the prize ring, and testing the question as to who is the better man, pugilistically speaking, in a muscular and scientific point of view. Thursday, May 11, was the time, and Fort Dover, Canada, the place, chosen for the meeting. From the well-known abilities of the men, each being a master of the art of self-defence, the set-to promised to be exceedingly exciting, and for the past two or three weeks the match had been the chief topic of conversation in sporting circles, while other classes of people manifested considerable interest in the affair. In the early stages of the match it seemed to be the general impression that there would be no fight, that the men would go on with their training, give exhibitions, and so on, for money making purposes, and that would be the end. They urged that in a match of such an important character neither man could afford to lose where so much was at stake, and that when the moment arrived for opening the ball, the selection of referee, or something else, would afford a pretext for waste of time and consequent failures to bring the matter to an issue. But

"They met, 'twas in a crowd,
All cross were upon them."

yet after sparring around each other, dodging, feinting and getting away without a blow being struck on either side, one hour and seventeen minutes being out to waste, the Canadian magistracy, backed by a military force, put in an appearance, foiled the further progress of the fight, and, under threat of firing upon the crowd, put an end to the exhibition. The referee subsequently ordered the men to renew the fight on the 24 of June, in Kansas.

This unsatisfactory termination to what gave promise of a model mill has naturally created a feeling of disappointment and dissatisfaction, and the partisans of each man attempt to place all the blame upon the other. Both men have been severely denounced for not making a determined effort to settle the matter there and then, instead of wasting time in fiddling about the ring, out of reach of each other. When two shrewd and cunning pugilists are pitted against each other "strategy" is resorted to in order to feel the enemy's position before commencing actual hostilities, but in this instance it seems to have been *all* strategy, without one redeeming feature in the balance of the proceedings. We consider that both men are to blame for the fiasco. Mace being regarded as the "cleverest man in the world," is censured because he did not follow Coburn and force the fighting at once, well-knowing the large number of time bets pending the result; he exercised caution, proper caution, it is contended, in not allowing himself to be drawn into Coburn's corner, where his advisers apprehended foul play; that he gave evidence of his willingness to try conclusions with his adversary in the centre of the ring, on "neutral ground," as it were, reflects greatly to his credit; but he might have gone a step farther, and compelled Joe to show his hand; that he did not do so is one of the causes of the great dissatisfaction expressed. Coburn, knowing the quickness of his adversary, as well as his great scientific attainments, seemed to have made up his mind to act on the defensive, to have the fighting done in his own corner, and nowhere else. In this he is open to censure, for, no matter how high an estimate he may have placed upon his antagonist's abilities, he was there to fight him; he was not entitled to any advantages unless gained in actual struggle, and it was but right that the two should meet in the centre of the ring, away from direct contact with advisers and partisans; Coburn had no right to persist in his endeavors to have the fighting in his own corner; in an exchange of blows, if Coburn could have induced Mace to follow him there, the case would have been different. The referee does not seem to have been equal to the emergency; if the thing were at all feasible, he should have named a day in the same week for a resumption of the contest, and selected some other part of Canada for the same; we cannot see where he gets his authority for taking the fight away from Canada, and naming Kansas as the battle ground, unless an understanding had been had with the principals to that effect.

We have had many inquiries as to whether the affair of the 11th can be called a fight when no blow had been struck; also a number of others as to the disposition of bets on time. Our opinion is, that when "time" is called for the first round, and the men answer the summons by rising, the fight is then in progress, whether the time has been consumed in mere sparring, or in an actual exchange of blows; and time bets are decided by the length of time occupied from the moment when "time" was first called until the interruption caused by the appearance of the Canadian authorities at the ring. Those who bet that Mace would whip Coburn within a certain time, lose their money if he failed to do so, and the referee has no power to declare such bets off. Wagers made that Coburn would win or that Mace would win, without regard to time, are off, unless declared on by mutual consent. Touching their Kansas arrangement, we are not clear that a referee can exercise such a stretch of power. Under all the circumstances, provided Kansas is not agreeable to the men, it is suggested that the stakes be increased, and that a fresh agreement be entered into.

Elsewhere in this number of the CLIPPER we give all the particulars of the match, from its inception until the return of "the belligerents" to this city, as furnished "by our special reporter who accompanied the expedition," and while permitting him to give his views on the conduct of the war in the ring, we repeat what we have said before, that both men are to blame for the unsatisfactory termination of the affair of the 11th of May.

NEGRO MINSTRELSY.—A communication in reference to minstrelsy, called forth by our recent article on that subject, has been sent to us by the veteran Sam Sanford, a pioneer in the business. It will be published in next week's CLIPPER.

THE QUAKER CITY GERMANS.—The German element of the Quaker City is engaged in celebrating the close of the war between Prussia and France, and, to clearly demonstrate their ideas of *peace*, they are making a decided *noise*.

AN INEBRIATE ASYLUM is to be made out of the old State House, at Milledgeville, Georgia. They must have it bad, down that way.

BOSTON claims to be the only place in the United States where diamond-cutting is carried on. Does that account for the "diamond cut diamond" propensities of the people?

IT IS GIVEN OUT that *horticulture* is to be taught in the Cincinnati schools. We were under the impression that *haughty culture* had been taught there long ago.

THE NEW YORK SPORTSMAN'S CLUB held their regular annual meeting for the election of officers on the evening of the 11th inst., at the house of Mr. Royal Phelps in the Sixteenth street, and was the occasion of a most agreeable interchange of views on the subject of the laws for the preservation of game. Reports were submitted of correspondence with clubs elsewhere, of prosecutions for violating the statute in the sale of game out of season, and of the triumph of the club in having secured the passage of an act which will more surely attain the praiseworthy object the Sportsman's Club was organized to accomplish. This last was the subject of hearty congratulation among the members. The best feeling prevailed and the liveliest zeal was manifested. If it was a subject of regret to learn that in Massachusetts the most discreditable indifference prevails with regard to the game laws, which remain a dead letter upon the statute book, and cheering to be assured that everywhere else a higher ethics, the teaching of the New York Sportsman's Club, is recognized, and the right of the birds and the fishes, the antlered deer and the merry brown hares, to their season of security, held in respect. A hearty expression of unanimous dissent was elicited by the intimation of the president of a wish to retire from office, and by a gentle but resolute compulsion he was made to withdraw it. The following officers were then elected for the ensuing year:—Mr. Royal Phelps, president; Mr. Robert B. Roosevelt, vice-president; Mr. W. J. Hays, secretary (Mr. W. Hoberson acting as secretary *pro tem.*), and Messrs. A. W. Craven, C. E. Whitehead and R. L. Swan, members of the executive committee. The meeting then adjourned till the second Monday in December, and the members, together with several gentlemen of the press, as the guests of the president, were entertained at a banquet, without game, where good cheer and several good speeches lent enjoyment to the occasion.

MISSOURI GYMNASTIC SOCIETY EXHIBITION.—A complimentary exhibition was given on May 5th by the members of the Missouri Gymnastic Society, in their hall at No. 814 St. Charles street, St. Louis. There was an excellent band of music in attendance, and the place set apart for the audience was filled with a numerous assemblage of ladies and gentlemen. Mr. A. M. Leslie presided. The society comprises over three hundred members, and the following are the names of the gentlemen who displayed their muscular powers last night:—L. O. Sullivan, R. J. Delano, E. A. More, J. E. Haynes, J. L. Stockwell, J. H. Strong, G. L. Kelly, J. A. Glover, A. Rhinehart, C. Henrie, R. Donnelly, A. Hyatt, A. H. Hannay, O. Smith, C. Blanke, N. Dandirand, Gus. Fraser, C. Kennett, J. S. Larkin, Sheare, C. S. Warner. Much interest was manifested throughout the exhibition, and the feats of skill and strength were frequently applauded. The most prominent exercises were in connection with the *trapeze*, the parallel bars, the Indian clubs, the rings, sparring, leaping and tumbling. The following were the principal performers in the exercises specified:—With the clubs, Messrs. Larkin and Sheare; sparring, Messrs. Donnelly and Sheare; rings, Messrs. More and Haynes; *trapeze*, Messrs. Smith and Blanke. The exhibition passed off in a highly satisfactory manner, a correspondent informs us.

NEWS OF THE WEEK BOILED DOWN.

*** The third annual reunion of the Army of the Potomac was held in Boston, Mass., on May 17th. The Cavalry Association also met in Boston on the same day and elected General Sheridan president.

*** Five delegates have left Newfoundland for England to negotiate for the restoration of the military forces which were withdrawn from the colony on its refusal to accept the terms of confederation with Canada.

*** The Versailles government forces have established batteries around Paris and have been vigorously shelling the city during the past week. President Thiers reports that the Communists can hold out but a very short time longer.

*** The managers of the Louisville Street Railroad held a meeting on May 13th, and decided to allow negroes to ride on the cars, as they found it useless to try and resist or evade the claim of the negroes enforced by the authorities.

*** Advices from Japan state that Prince Satsuma has been successful in his contest with the Tycoon, and has sent his father to Yeddo to take possession of the capital in his name and that of the Mikado.

*** A young man named John Shannon was arrested at Fulton, Ill., on May 15th for having in his possession several thousand dollars of counterfeit $10 bills of the Farmers' National Bank of Poughkeepsie, N. Y.

*** Three children were burned to death by an explosion of fireworks at Auburn, N. Y., on May 8th, and a lady named Higgins, who visited the scene of the disaster, was so shocked that she died in a few hours afterwards.

*** The Secretary of the Treasury has authorized the Collector of San Diego, Cal., to enter and clear vessels with their cargoes at that port, so as to avoid sending goods from Panama to San Francisco to be matured.

*** The pattern shop and locomotive round house of the Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore Railroad, at Wilmington, Del., were destroyed by fire on May 8th, and a number of locomotives damaged.

*** The new steamship Spain, built by the Lairds for the National Line, and intended for the Liverpool and New York trade, was launched in Liverpool, Eng., on May 9th.

*** Gens. Cabral and Luperon, of Hayti, informed by advices dated April 24th, are re-organizing for another attack on the forces of Baez, in San Domingo.

*** Parry and Co., dated April 23d, state that an Italian line of steamers has been established at Callao and Genoa. Political affairs were quiet.

*** The Costa Rica government has decided to build a railroad from San Jose to the Atlantic coast. The cost is estimated at $7,000,000.

*** A number of negroes attacked a man near Memphis, Tenn., on May 14th, when, in self-defence, he drew his revolver and shot one of the crowd dead.

*** The engine of Moore and Sealey Bros., at Woodside, near Newark, N. J., was destroyed by fire on May 13th. Loss about $50,000.

*** A young man named Thomas Riley was run over and killed while attempting to jump on the rear of a freight train on the Hudson River Railroad, in this city, on May 13th.

*** The steam drum of the steamer Isaac P. Smith exploded as she was leaving the wharf in Baltimore, Md., on May 13th, when several persons were severely injured.

*** A number of freight and flat cars were smashed at the Union Freight Depot, at Quincy, Ill., on May 13th. Several persons were injured, but none seriously.

*** Incendiaries fired the Belleville Caller Print Works at Newark, N. J., on May 13th. The building was destroyed. Loss about $35,000.

*** Vincent Bayonne and Petro Abrial, two Spaniards, were hanged at New Orleans, La., on May 13th, for murdering a sailor about a year ago.

*** The State Sportsman's Convention will convene at Utica, N. Y., on May 22d, and the shooting for prizes will commence at 9 A. M., on the 23d.

*** A rumor of a filibustering expedition from some American port, commissioned by the Secretary of State for the Colonies, has caused great excitement in Jamaica.

*** The fruit crop in the fruit growing districts of Georgia has been almost all destroyed by frost, and the cotton plant has been seriously injured.

*** Shawmut Hall, Wilkins' shoe manufactory and a dwelling house in Marblehead, Mass., were partially destroyed by fire on May 14th. Loss $30,000.

*** Johnson, of Williamson, Tenn., while attempting, some days ago, to separate two game cocks that were fighting, was wounded in the arm, when Tetanus ensued, and she died.

*** Decoration Day was observed on May 10th, at Louisville, Ky., when $310 were contributed on the ground for the purchase of headstones.

*** A Mrs. Fisher, last week, applied for a warrant for the arrest of a Colonel Eddie, in St. Louis, whom she accuses of kidnapping and outraging her daughter, Kittie Fisher.

*** A telegram dated Versailles, May 11th, states that the Arab insurgents in Algeria have been defeated in an engagement, in which their leader, Kilifa Mokrani, was killed.

*** Dispatches from Bombay, London, Eng., May 11th, report a famine in Persia from lack of rain, and that thousands of the inhabitants are dying.

*** The ship City of Quebec, of Aberdeen, from London, Eng., for Quebec, was totally wrecked at Dead Island, Newfoundland, on May 8th, and all her crew drowned.

*** A freight train ran into an emigrant train on the Erie Railroad at Griswold Station, Pa., on May 13th, when five children were killed and twenty persons wounded.

*** An unknown man committed suicide by shooting himself on the Hoboken ferry boat on May 10th, while crossing from this city to Hoboken.

*** The Connecticut House of Representatives declared Jewell elected Governor of the state on May 10th, by a party vote of 123 to 100.

*** The coal miners held a meeting at Pottsville, Pa., on May 10th, when arbitration was decided upon and arrangements made for an immediate resumption of work.

*** London, Eng., dispatches of May 10th state that a steamer left the Thames on that date to attempt the repair of the broken Atlantic cables.

*** General Burnside was elected Commander of the Grand Army of the Republic, at Boston, on May 11th.

*** The police of this city were paraded on May 11th under the command of Superintendent Kelso.

*** Grasshoppers are destroying the crops in Los Angeles county, California.

*** The Pullman car manufacturing shop at Detroit, Mich., was burned on May 11th. Loss, $46,000.

*** Two of the principal stores in San Bernardino, Cal., were destroyed by fire on May 8th.

*** The French Consul at this port, Mr. Place, has entered a libel suit for $100,000 damages against Charles A. Dana, editor of the *Sun*.

*** The Tammany Society of this city held its eighty-second anniversary on May 12th.

*** A man named Cowan was roasted to death in a liquor saloon fire on 5th Avenue, Brooklyn, on May 12th.

*** A fire at Parkersburgh, Va., destroyed the Parkersburg Flour Mills and a number of small tenement houses.

*** And Southworth, Kate Hunter and Minnie White, three high school children, were drowned at Chicopee, Mass., on May 12th.

*** Drs. Gray and Vanderpoel have decided that Ruloff is in sound physical health and entirely sane.

*** Fire in Bayou, Texas, on May 11th, destroyed eleven stores. Loss $150,000.

*** The ice disease is spreading in Santo Domingo City, and over 1,000 cases are in hospital.

*** Thomas Hoagland, his wife and child were drowned near Dubuque, Iowa, on May 10th.

*** Leonard M. Day, a brakeman, was killed while coupling cars at Gretton, Mass., on May 12th.

*** Rear-Admiral Charles S. Boggs, a retired officer in the U. S. Navy, shot himself dead at his residence in Williamsburgh, L. I., on May 9th.

*** Sir John Frederick William Herschel, the celebrated astronomer, died at Hawkhurst on May 11th.

*** The United States Senate met in extraordinary session on May 10th, to discuss the treaty agreed to by the Joint High Commission, and the reception of the San Francisco Art Association was held on May 9th.

*** A treaty of friendship, commerce, etc., between the United States and Salvador has been signed by President Grant.

*** The woman suffragists assembled in Convention at Steinway Hall, this city, on May 10th.

*** The census of Barbadoes, West Indies, shows a population of 161,000.

*** The fire in Hamilton, Ohio, damaged Beckett's block to the extent of $40,000 on May 10th.

*** The sugar crop in the island of Cuba will be about 90,000 tons less this year than last.

*** The breach in the Erie Canal, near Fairport, N. Y., has been repaired, and the basin was drawn on March on May 10th.

*** The Austrian Reichsrath has rejected a bill granting the right of the initiative in legislation to the provincial diets.

*** The convention of the Grand Army of the Republic met in Boston, Mass., on May 10th.

*** John M. Francis, editor of the Troy *Times* has been nominated by the President to be Resident Minister in Greece.

*** Gen. Phil. Sheridan arrived in this city from Europe per the Russia on May 10th.

*** Prince Bismarck has agreed to a reduction of the French war indemnity by half a million of francs.

*** A definitive treaty of peace between France and Germany was signed at Frankfort-on-the-Main on May 10th.

*** The Germans, after extensive preparations, celebrated the Peace Jubilee in Philadelphia on May 10th.

*** A Mrs. Josephine Hatzel committed suicide by taking laudanum, at Philadelphia, Pa., on May 14th.

*** Isaac L. McWilliams, of Scotchtown, shot himself dead while insane, at Middletown, N. Y., on May 13th.

*** The first steamer of the season, the Ida Rese, arrived at Fort Benton, Nebraska Terr. on May 13th.

*** W. P. Willett, a Boston merchant, jumped overboard from a Hamburg steamer on April 23d.

*** A postal service has been inaugurated, and a mint on the American mode has been established in Japan.

*** Wm. Jackson, fifty years of age, committed suicide in Boston, Mass., on May 13th, by hanging himself in his employer's store.

*** Frank Rouerseim, a discharged soldier, and near-of Philadelphia, committed suicide in San Francisco on May 13th.

*** The inaugural train of Pacific Railroad of Asia, under the leadership of Smith, have commenced hostilities against Indians.

*** William Dennis was shot dead in his own house at Niles, N. Y., on May 10th, by some person unknown.

*** Henry Perry murdered a man named Lord at Buena Vista, Del., on May 11th.

*** The ladies of Evanston, Ill., are about to establish at that place a ladies' college of the highest order.

*** The New York Tornado Club has made arrangements to hold the annual Turn Fest at Jones' Wood on Whit Monday.

*** The car shop of the Milwaukee City Railroad was destroyed by fire on May 13th.

*** Major John Hughes, while intoxicated, shot and mortally wounded a man in Greenville, O., on May 6th.

*** Pagundua, Pa., a small town of fifty buildings, was destroyed by fire on May 7th.

*** Strawberries sold at from four to six cents a pound in San Francisco, Cal., last week.

*** A fire at Ludlow, Vt., on May 8th, destroyed Hammond block and several adjoining buildings. Loss $30,000.

*** There was a riot among the cotton operatives at Oldham, Eng., on May 8th.

*** The bark George Annis, Capt. Dyer, from Liverpool April 6th for Boston, has been abandoned at sea. Her crew were saved.

*** Marcus H. Reid, of Kinderhook, N. Y., was thrown from his wagon in that village, on May 8th, and instantly killed.

*** Antonio Manger, the Spring Valley murderer, has been sentenced to Sing Sing Prison for seven years.

*** The farmers in the interior of this state report a heavy frost on the night of May 7th.

*** The "Pharo" establishment owned by the Hon. John Morrissey and others, in this city, was "pulled" by the police on May 8th.

*** The depot was broken into and the contents of the mail bag stolen at Salem, Ohio, on May 7th.

*** The revolution in Salvador, Central America, is ended, and Gen. Gonzales was chosen Provisional President on April 15th.

*** About sixty buildings were destroyed by fire in Monmouth, Ill., on May 6th. Loss about $60,000.

*** The ship Young Eagle, Capt. Perkins, from New Orleans to Liverpool, has been abandoned at sea.

*** The Grand Duchess Maria Feodorowna, wife of the Czarowitz of Moscow, gave birth to a son on May 9th.

*** The Marquis de Banneville presented his credentials as Ambassador from France at the court of Vienna on May 9th.

*** A telegram dated May 9th reports the death of the Prince de la Tour d'Auvergne.

*** John Gill was instantly killed on May 8th, by the falling of shore-timbers in the Yellow Jacket Mine, at Virginia City, Nev.

*** The ringleaders of the February revolt in Hayti have been executed.

*** A riot occurred among the miners at Hyde Park, Penn., on May 9th, in which several persons were seriously injured.

*** A conductor named John Somers, on the Southern Pacific Railroad, was crushed to death at Gilroy, Cal., on May 8th.

*** Manufacturers' Hall, on the Rensselaer County Fair Grounds, at Troy, N. Y., was burned on May 8th. Loss $15,000.

OPENING DAY AT HOBOKEN.—Thursday, May 11th was the day appointed by the St. George Club for their opening game on their new location, on the New York Club grounds, Hoboken, Hudson street, Hoboken. The weather was fine, the turfy field in excellent order, and Morley and Carpenter were duly on hand to attend to things, but not one member of the St. George Club appeared on the grounds until 4 P. M., when some half dozen put in an appearance, including Secretary McLean and Mr. Talbot. The grounds will be occupied by the St. George, New York and Manhattan clubs this season, each two days in the week. The assignment of days has not yet been made. This arrangement will be very advantageous to the game this season, as it will insure cricket-playing on the grounds every fine afternoon by the members of one or another of the three clubs. The St. George Club has the longest list of members, but the New York Club has added to their list recently, and in June will muster a good eleven. The Manhattan Club can already place two elevens in the field.

THE MANHATTAN CLUB.—On Saturday, May 13th, this club opened play for the season at their grounds at Hoboken, and, despite the blustering weather, they had a pleasant time. Sides were chosen at 2 P. M. and play continued until 6 P. M., when Morley's side was declared victors by a score of 90 to 69. Morley made 30, Hayward 22, Hosford 18, and Byron 11. There will be cricket on this field every fine afternoon at 2 P. M., the grounds being now occupied by three clubs, besides being the only cricket-field near the metropolis.

A PIGEON POP took place at Sulfolk Park, Boston on the 11th inst., for a purse of $60, for which there were six entries, as per the appended score:—

W. Carson	11111	11111	11111	11111	25
A. Reardon	11111	11111	11111	11011	24
M. Johnson	11111	11111	11111	11111	25
J. Cornell	11111	11110			9
W. Berry	0				0
J. Tom	0				0

After the above Reardon and Johnson were matched against Carson and Venalin, to shoot at the same place on Saturday, the 20th, we are

SHRIEKING SISTERS.

WRITTEN FOR THE NEW YORK CLIPPER,
BY MURWOOD.

This is the age of Women's Rights!
They want to stay out late o' nights,
Attend a "club" as their brothers do,
And bet stay at home as their mothers do.
No longer "slaves" to men they'll be,
But stand up for equality.
The ballot-box they say they need,
Sofrom their "yoke" they shall be freed.
They intend to work a revolution
In every public institution.
In politics they want to mix,
And set up some female "Big Six"
To "boss" their rings, and pull the wires
In the same style as their sires.
They even want to be stock brokers,
Fill the pulpit—wear "white chokers;"
Edit papers—act as lawyers.
And some, perhaps, will be wood sawyers.
They study physic—wear the bloomer dress—
No thought of home their minds distress;
They re-man the rostrum, to make long speeches,
And defend their right to "wear the breeches;"
They deliver lectures, denouncing man,
Each proud to be called a "strong hen."
Progressive women of to-day
In state affairs want to have a say.
Soon in Congress they would sit
To pass such laws as they see fit,
To make each year like the one called "leap,"
And make divorces very cheap.
They want their rights without distinction,
Demanding complete and quick extinction
Of all social bars to voting,
To playing ball and even boating.
They say they are tired of being slaves
To "bruins" called men, who are often knaves,
And have resolved that they'll be fled,
And sound aloud the so-emn knell
Of man's high handed and despotic power—
And this is the topic of the hour!
If women insist on being men,
They never should be angry when
They have their rights accorded them
By their "brute" brothers, Jack or Lem.
We will give to them the right to treat
Whenever they a male friend meet;
Also the blessed right of standing
In crowded stages, their own fare handing
Up to the driver on the box,
And smile serenely at the knocks
Their little heads may receive
And laugh at their tumbles when the stages stop.
So long as women keep their places,
With looks of love upon their faces,
The men will ever fall to vent them
With great respect where're they meet them,
But if they insist on being "equal;"
They must be content to bear the sequel.

ON SILVER WINGS.

BY THE AUTHOR OF "JOYCE DORMER'S" STORY.

CHAPTER XXIV.

SOCIETY AT MISS PYECROFT'S.

Either the gentlemen came in from the dining room much earlier than usual, or the Neris were late in coming, for the whole party had assembled in the drawing-room when the door opened and Signor Neri and his sister entered.

Diana watched to see what effect their entrance would produce, and was gratified to perceive that both Mrs. Seaton and Mrs. Crawford gave an almost imperceptible start of surprise as the dignified figure of the Signora, in her heavy, sweeping dress, advanced towards Miss Pyecroft.

Diana herself was surprised—her ideas were more than carried out; the foreign cut of the dress, and the rich lace that adorned it, suited so well with the sweet, calm face of the Signora, whom she had hitherto seen only in very homely attire. She turned to Charles Stanfield, who was looking over her shoulder with her, and asked:—

"Is she not charming?"

Charles Stanfield had, as a matter of course, taken Diana in to dinner; and had for once roused himself from his usual apathy, and had actually become interested in the conversation of a young lady.

His father glanced at him from time to time in great amazement. Diana was not nearly so handsome as Miss Wardlaw; she had no color and her hair was fawny yellow, which the captain considered the ugliest shade of light hair. He doubted if he should have noticed her himself, had he been a young man, and here was Charles thoroughly absorbed in what she was saying.

"Is she not charming?" repeated Diana.

"Very. A foreigner, I suppose," answered Charles Stanfield.

"Yes; she is an Italian. She and her brother have lived in Broadmead for ages—long before I came here."

"That must have been an age ago," said Charles Stanfield, smiling.

"More than thirteen years since. I could not speak very good English then."

Charles Stanfield looked puzzled.

"Oh, I am English," said Diana; "only I was born in India and was with native servants; so I understood less English than Hindoostanee."

"Can you speak Hindoostanee now?"

"Only a few words; I have forgotten almost all. It might come to me again if I ever went back to India and heard people talking. Now, I only remember the stories I used to hear and I remember them in English; for they have translated themselves into my thoughts, and so I no longer have them in the original."

"And I suppose, also, that she acquiring other languages has helped to drive it away? Young ladies are so learned in these days."

A deep crimson spread over Diana's face—the deficiencies of her education seemed vividly brought up before her. Mr. Stanfield was almost the first person from the great outside world with whom she had met; and no sooner had he stepped within the narrow limits of Broadmead society than he made her feel her own shortcomings. Would it be so when John Carteret came back; would she be, now, her own decisive self was in education?

Charles Stanfield, witnessing the sudden flush, felt uncomfortable at having said anything to call it up. Nevertheless, he could not help thinking how pretty it made her look; for her face showed no sign of annoyance—it simply wore a perplexed, sorrowful look, as she raised her eyes, shily and deprecatingly.

"I am afraid that I am very ignorant. I have not learned any languages. I know just a few words of Italian, from my *maestro* and his sister; but that is all. I am very sorry."

And the last words were spoken in such a sincere tone of regret, that they sounded like an apology.

"I have no doubt that you know as much as most young ladies, notwithstanding," returned Charles Stanfield, consolingly; "for they forget all their learning after they have left school."

"Do they?" inquired Diana, thoughtfully. "I don't know any young ladies."

Charles Stanfield did not offer her any consolation upon that point, as his experience of young ladies had not been favorable.

"Perhaps I am doing them injustice," he added, "and have not given attention enough to the subject."

He was beginning to find it a pleasanter study than he had imagined; but then, as he said to himself, he had never met one exactly like Diana. Everything she said or did was done and said so naturally, that there was not a reality about it that was new to him in his intercourse with society. Possibly, this might have been his own fault, as he had generally avoided talking to ladies.

The Signora's eye fell upon Diana. She noticed the blush and also noticed the evident interest of the young man. She remembered of the words she had spoken to Diana, and she wondered if Diana also remembered them; but the next moment her doubts and fears were scattered, as Diana came forward to greet her.

"You look lovely, Signorina—better even than in my dream. Come and sit down by me; and my *maestro* must come, too, for Mr. Stanfield tells me that he has been in Italy," she said, turning to Charles Stanfield, who had contrived, in the general movement caused by the arrival of the Neris, not to lose his position by Diana.

"My *maestro*—Signor Neri, I mean—will be charmed to talk with you about Italy, and you will get a cup of coffee for Signora Neri!"

Miss Pyecroft, according to ancient custom at Brierley House, was pouring out tea and coffee herself; and Charles Stanfield, having obeyed Diana's orders, employed his strategic abilities in keeping near to her without seeming in the way; and Captain Stanfield continued to watch with increasing surprise. For Charles did not appear in the least awkward or absorbed to-night. He had awaked, as Lady Peachford had foreseen he might; and he had not awaked, as some people do, with a drowsy, half perception of things as they seem to be, but with a full, clear knowledge of all that was going on.

Diana was still thinking over her confession to him; and it struck her that it might, perchance, reflect discredit upon herself.

"You must not think, Mr. Stanfield, that it is my guardian's fault that I have learned so little, for Mr. Seaton will let me do just as I like. He is very good. It is almost absurd to think of him as a guardian. I was a very unruly child, Mr. Stanfield—a sort of half-heathen."

And again she looked up, as if in apology for her demerits—though Charles Stanfield was rapidly coming to the conclusion that she had no need to apologize. At the same time there was something very novel and pleasant in the proceeding.

"Jasper," said Diana, as Jasper Seaton passed near her, "come here—you have forgotten something."

"What is it, Di?" he asked.

And Charles Stanfield felt a curious sensation, even as John Carteret had more than once done.

"You have forgotten something."

"Yes, Di—what is it?"

"Just think for one moment. Something very important that I entrusted to your care."

"Ah, yes! What a short memory I have."

And he turned away; but not before Charles Stanfield, with sharpened intuition, had read his secret.

In a few moments Jasper returned with a beautiful bouquet, which Diana, taking from him, placed in Signor Neri's hands.

"There," she said, in a low tone, "you would not have the fan, and something bright was wanted to carry out the effect of the costume. Signorina, it is perfect. Mrs. Seaton is already quizzing your lace."

"*Carissima*, I thank you," said Signora Neri, aloud.

"You need not thank me—you must thank Jasper. He is quite a miser with the very choice flowers. There was only one of this kind—the finest I had ever grew upon the plant; but he let me cut it for you."

"I thank Mr. Seaton a so," said Signora Neri.

But Jasper had gone away, and could not receive her thanks. And Signor Neri came up, and the conversation turned upon Italy.

Diana did not take part in it; and she felt into a placid, listening state, wherein scraps of conversation from all corners of the room seemed to be jumbled up together in a sort of aural kaleidoscope many and suddenly she heard the words "Peckford," "Linthorp," and then she roused herself and hoped to hear more. It was Captain Stanfield who was speaking; and she almost thought she heard the word "Carteret." Perhaps the Stanfields had been at Linthorp. She knew they had been traveling about in England for some months. But the more intently she listened, the less she seemed to hear, and the hum of voices grew confused and indistinct; and yet she felt sure that Captain Stanfield and Jasper were talking about John Carteret. At that moment Miss Pyecroft came up.

"We must ask you to enliven us with a little music—vocal or instrumental, as you please. Signor Neri, will you also favor us?"

"Which do you like, Mr. Stanfield?" asked Diana.

"Both."

"That is no answer."

"I like singing very much—and—"

"Well, then, singing first, and then our *sinfonia, maestro*. No one sings or plays at Broadmead but my *maestro* and myself," she explained to Charles Stanfield. "I am proud of my *maestro*, and he of me. I have learned to play and to sing also."

And again Diana's voice, as she looked up, assumed an apologetic, half-pleading intonation; and Signora Neri cast a scrutinizing glance from behind her bouquet, wondering whether incipient womanhood were teaching her *carissima* her power.

Diana sang—and not only Charles Stanfield listened, but the captain also. He had not heard such singing for a long time. It was better than Miss Wardlaw's, though her's was more than good. What could it be?—for Diana's voice was scarcely so powerful.

Perhaps, if John Carteret had been there, he would have told him that Miss Wardlaw sang scientifically with her voice, Diana with her heart and soul.

And to-night, as she had told Signor Neri, she was in one of her inspired moods; and she not only sang, but played the accompaniment to Signor Neri's violin, with a precision and brilliancy that astonished even the *maestro*. And the violin happening to be the instrument that, of all others, delighted the captain, he—forgetting time, place, and losing all sense of the frigid atmosphere of Miss Pycroft's drawing-room—drew closer and closer, in intenser admiration, until, at the close, he clapped his hands, and cried "*encore*." And, thus recalled by the sound of his own voice, he said:—

"Pardon me; but I have been so enchanted that I quite forgot where I was."

Dr. Crawford laughed heartily; and Jasper Seaton said:—

"Signor Neri, you and Diana have given us a great treat to-night."

Diana looked up, with a grateful little smile. It was very considerate and graceful of Jasper to give her *maestro* the first place.

Jasper smiled back again.

And Charles Stanfield was inclined to misinterpret the smiles.

"*Maestro*," said Diana, catching Captain Stanfield's enthusiasm, "it shall be *encore*, but not with the same piece."

And she selected another—a brilliant fantasia on well known airs, arranged by Signor Neri himself.

Again Captain Stanfield listened; and, as the old familiar tunes twisted themselves out of the sparkling entanglement that Signor Neri had thrown around them, his feelings were wrought to a pitch of ecstatic admiration.

Now and then Diana caught a glimpse of the glowing face of the honest-hearted listener, and she played in unison with it; and Signor Neri's genius, too, flashed up in the presence of an appreciative listener.

"You have heard Paganini," said Captain Stanfield, grasping Signor Neri's delicate hand and shaking it heartily—"you have heard him. I know it by one especial movement."

"The wonder, the marvel, the one scarcely human player—I have heard him in mine own Italy—in my young days, when all the romance was around him; and people believed strange stories, as did I; for it seemed so fitting to him. Yet they were not true. Ah, yes, I have heard Paganini!"

"And I must thank you too," said Captain Stanfield, turning to Diana. "I ought to have done so first; but I have a weakness for the violin—it is to me the instrument above all others."

"Ah, no! it is just as it should be. *My maestro* is so far above me; but he teaches me to soar. Thank you for liking it so much," she added, with a touch of her old childish manner. "I am glad to play for you."

"Who is the young lady?" asked the captain of Dr. Crawford.

"Diana Ellis, a ward of Jasper Seaton's. Her father died in India. No connection of the Seatons, I believe; but it was an odd fancy to make such a mere youth as Jasper was the guardian."

"Ellis! India!" repeated Captain Stanfield. "Not Robert Ellis, surely, who died at Calcutta. I knew Robert Ellis well."

"What Ellis was Di's father, Jasper?" asked Dr. Crawford.

"Captain Ellis, of the 190th," answered Jasper, turning to the piano again.

"Of course—it's the same; and I stood godfather to his child—let me see—about eighteen years ago, I should think."

"This will be the girl probably—Diana."

"I don't remember the name, for I was godfather to half the daughters of the regiments stationed in the Presidency at the time."

"Di," said Dr. Crawford, "come here. I have found an old friend for you."

Diana, with incredulous eyes, came to see what Dr. Crawford meant.

"I find that your father was an old friend of mine," said the Captain; "and that you must be my little goddaughter. I am afraid I have not done my duty by you, to have lost sight of you for so many years."

Diana put her hand into the kindly one outstretched to her, and felt a sudden sense of some overshadowing good; yet, at the same time, it revived some of the vague wonderings of her childish days as to whether she might not have been altogether better and less heathenish if she had known that she had a godfather. It would certainly have been a satisfaction to herself and Dolly if she could clearly have pointed to one.

"I'm afraid that I have not carried out all the promises you made for me," said Diana, smiling, as she remembered some episodes concerning the Catechism.

The captain looked a little puzzled.

"Never mind, my dear, I have forgotten what promises I made; so we are quits on that score. I suppose I haven't done my duty, but I must try to do it better for the future; and you must take me as a friend in spite of it all. Will you?"

Yes, she would have taken him for a friend on the strength of his honest face, even if she had not been already pre-disposed in his favor by his enthusiasm at her *maestro's* playing. She had a curious sense of an accession of propriety in having found a godfather. She was somehow glad of it for John Carteret's sake; though why, she could not explain to herself. Then she recalled the words:—"Pechford," "Linthorp;" and wished she had courage enough to ask Captain Stanfield if he had been at Linthorp lately and all about it; but she felt too conscious, and then Miss Pyecroft asked her to sing again; and, oddly enough, she chose the piece that Miss Wardlaw had sung at Lady Pechford's; and the strange feeling of elation that had crept over her gave her yet further inspiration to sing her best to night.

"She sings better even than Miss Wardlaw!" ejaculated the captain, involuntarily, as she concluded. He had been comparing the two girls during the evening.

"And who is Miss Wardlaw? Some new star in the musical world?" inquired Dr. Crawford.

Charles Stanfield laughed.

"Oh, no; only a young lady at Linthorp, whom my father admires immensely."

At Linthorp! Diana, pretending to be engrossed with her music books, listened attentively.

"She's the handsomest girl I ever saw," said the captain, energetically; "and I'm not the only person who thinks so. Trust curates for looking after girls with looks and money. If a man wants to marry well, he has nothing to do but go into the Church, and take advantage of his opportunities—especially if he's a handsome curate, like the one there is at Linthorp. He might marry a duchess if he chose."

Diana nearly dropped the book she was holding and she felt her heart give a leap. Yet what had that to do with John Carteret?

Jasper, watching Diana, yet not appearing to do so, advanced and made some casual remark to the effect that watering places were excellent fields for curates; when Captain Stanfield looking round, said:—

"By the way you know the curate to whom I allude."

"I," said Jasper, seemingly in surprise; "no, I think no. The only person I spoke of at Linthorp was a Mr. Carteret."

"That's the very man. Yes, I suppose that Miss Wardlaw will be Mrs. Carteret by the next time I visit Linthorp."

Diana's fingers were trembling sorely and she scarcely saw anything in the room. She felt as though she had received a deadly blow and was completely stunned. Presently she was aware that Jasper was beside her.

"There's some mistake, Di; but don't let every one know what you feel. I'll find out about it and make it all right."

And he laid his hand caressingly on her arm.

Captain Stanfield did not hear the words; he simply saw the action and the bent down head, and the grateful look Diana gave, as she whispered back:—

"Thank you, Jasper!"

And the captain misinterpreted again, and muttered:—

"Charles is cut out here, also."

"Can't you sing something, Di?" whispered Jasper—"something lively?" It won't do for every one to think that you distrust Mr. Carteret."

Diana sprang up.

"*Maestro*, will you play this for me?"

And she placed before him the song from "Lucrezia Borgia"—"Il segreto per esser felice."

Never had her voice sounded fuller or clearer. There was a sparkle and *abandon* in her delivery of the song that was superb. Even Jasper was fascinated by it.

"She can't care for Mr. Carteret, or she couldn't sing in that way. Of course, it was only a flirtation, and she'll marry Jasper," was the comment of most of the auditors.

"What thinkest thou, now, Giuseppe," asked the Signora of her brother—"is she not a child?"

The Signor shook his head:—

"She sang superbly," he answered; "but her song made me sorrowful, for I heard the tones of a soul in *Purgatorio*."

TO BE CONTINUED.

THE STRAP GAME.—A notorious scamp was once brought before an Onondaga Justice of the Peace. He was accused of having "come the strap game" over a native. The portly justice, wishing to decide understandingly, asked to see a sample of his skill. The party instantly produced a leather strap, gave it a scientific whisk across the bench and remarked:—"You see, judge, the quarter under the strap?" "What?" interrupted the dignified functionary, "do you mean to say there is a quarter under there?" "Sartain," was the reply. "No such a thing," said the justice. "I'll go you a dollar on it," exclaimed the prisoner. "Agreed," said the justice. With accustomed adroitness the strap was withdrawn, when lo! there was the quarter. "Well," said the astonished Shallow, "I wouldn't have believed it if I hadn't seen it with my own eyes. Here is your dollar, and you are fined five dollars for gambling, contrary to the statute in such case made and provided." The elongated countenance of the gambler required no additional evidence to testify his appreciation of "the sell."

THE LAWYER'S SHARE.—A story is told at the expense of a legal gentleman of Oshkosh, Wisconsin. One Smith had failed in business and sold out, and having two or three tough little bills, had given them to this lawyer for collection. Smith went to the office to receive the proceeds. The amount collected was about fifty dollars. "I'm sorry you've been so unfortunate, Smith, for I take great interest in you. I shan't charge you as much as I should if I didn't feel so much interest in you." Here he handed Smith fifteen dollars and kept the balance. "You see, Smith, I knew you when a boy, and I knew your father before you, and I take a great deal of interest in you. Good morning; come and see me again?" Smith, moving slowly out of the door, and ruefully contemplating the avails, was heard to mutter:—"Thank God, he didn't know my grandfather!"

GOSSIP.—A country paper a few weeks ago asked its readers, "Has there been a clandestine marriage in town during the past week? Madame Rumor whispers softly as yet." After the whole community had speculated upon the mysterious affair for a week, and at least five couples had been pointed out as undoubtedly the parties alluded to, the paper came out and said that the item had no foundation whatever, and "was only given publicity in order to bring before our people a forcible illustration of the fact that we are prone, as a people, to gossip."

MINT SAUCE.—One day in spring, Sir Walter Scott strolled forth with Lady Scott to enjoy a walk around Abbotsford. In their wanderings they passed a field where a number of ewes were enduring the frolic of their lambs. "Ah!" exclaimed Sir Walter, "this no wonder that poets, from the earliest ages, have made the lamb the emblem of peace and innocence." "They are, indeed, delightful animals," returned her ladyship, "especially with mint sauce."

ANTIQUE RECORDS.—The following specimens of the quaint style of olden times have been resurrected by a Stamford antiquarian from the town records. In the inventory of the estate of one James Olmsteid, of Hartford, occurs this passage:—"Wymbles and chyse is and pynsers and rynns for bottelles, and 2 perre of cobirons and a pott posnette and smale peeces of childing 1 ning." He also found that New Haven voted to give "libberitie to scogres to go abroade while akehorns last, with on ringe in midie of the nose."

CUPID'S FOIBLES, FOLLIES AND FANCIES.

TO MY DARLING.

WRITTEN FOR THE NEW YORK CLIPPER.

Paint her, limner, paint her fair,
Seeming fresh as morning air;
Paint her like the violet blooming,
Modest, mild and unassuming.

In the rose-bud dip your pencil,
From the sunbeams steal your tinsel,
Ask the lily for its hue,
Court the sky for its pure blue,

Then, by urchin Cupid fired,
Then, by Venus' planet inspired,
Exert your skill, your powers try,
And sketch for me my fair one's eye.

Every beauteous grace combining,
Every lovely look refining,
Paint her such in form and mien,
As mortal ne'er before was seen!

May 5th, 1871. ANNIE HINDLEY.

JEW vs. GENTILE.

HE WISHED "TO REMAIN AS NATURE HAD FORMED HIM."

Miss Amelia Oppenheim, a pretty young Jewess, of 19, who plied the needle for a livelihood, instituted proceedings in the Superior Court, New York, against Chas. Peters, 24 years of age, to recover $2,000 for alleged seduction under promise of marriage. On an affidavit to that effect Peters was arrested, and in default of $1,000 bail was locked up in Ludlow Street Jail, where he still remains. The case came before Judge McUnn t Special Term, on the 8th, on motion on an order to show cause why the order of arrest should not be vacated. Mr. Cook, his counsel, said he also wished to know why the bail should not be reduced; and wanted the case set down for trial at an early day. Peters' affidavit was read, in which he deposes that he is possessed of no property and has no means of furnishing bail; he was in the butcher business, and becoming acquainted with Miss Oppenheim he was infatuated, and the result was a mutual promise to marry, which he was ready to carry out at any time. She was a Jewess, and told him that as their religion was different she was not at liberty to marry him, and he being a Christain she asked him to change his religion to her manner of belief, to which he replied that he always wished to remain as nature had formed him, for her to take him as he was or not at all. At this blunt refusal to change his belief Miss Oppenheim would not speak to him for two weeks before his arrest. Since his imprisonment he has offered to marry her, and at the same time to forgive her wrong in putting him under lock and key. To this the lady said she would keep him incarcerated until he was gray, "and laughed to her heart's content." Peters is respectably connected, and expects soon to fall heir to a large property from friends in Germany. Several affidavi s were read in which Peters was spoken of in the highest terms.

Mr. Schwartz, who appeared for the plaintiff, said that Peters introduced himself to Miss Oppenheim as Charles Weil, and of the Jewish persuasion, and in this belief she gave her consent to marry, under which she was led from the paths of virtue. After discovering his true nationality and her own physical condition, she requested him to assume her form of religion, but did not base her promise to marry on that change. The reason the defendant was arrested was that she had good cause to believe that he would leave the state to evade the jurisdiction of the court. She charges deception on Peter's part all the way through. Mr. Cook replied to this that both parties lived in the same house. Peters was a butcher, and Miss Oppenheim was a dressmaker, up stairs. She knew his real name, and often went out with him, but always met him on the corner." His client was anxious to consummate the marriage, but there were other parties who influenced the plaintiff and did not want her to have him.—*N. Y. World*, May 6th.

A "BLESSIN" BY NAME, BUT NOT BY NATURE.

At the adjourned examination, held on the 6th inst., at the Tombs Police Court, N. Y., the following interesting evidence was offered in the case of Miss Julia Blessin vs. John McGoldrick, for alleged bastardy, as we find it recorded in the *Sunday News*, of the 7th inst.:—

The examination room was crowded by as rough looking a set of fellows as has ever been gathered there.

The first witness was John Burns, who appeared flushed and excited, and testified as follows:—

I reside in Madison street; have been acquainted with Julia Blessin for about one year.

Q What have been your relations with her?

A. I have had intercourse with her twice; the first time was about four months ago and the other two weeks after. This occurred in Elizabeth street at a bed-house, No. 69. I have seen her frequently at nights. I'm a butcher employed with a man named Brown in Washington Market. I keeps the stand No. 456; I have been in business with Mr. McGoldrick; I told two or three young men around the corner of my having connection with Miss Blessin; I told one Bob Nichols about it; I was at the Essex Market Police Court on the day that Blessin was brought up there on a charge of stabbing McGoldrick; I was brought there to testify as to Miss Blessin's character; I was not examined as a witness in the stabbing case; I did not swear when before Justice Ledwith that it was only the second time I had connection with Miss Blessin. I stated something to that effect, that it was from two to four months; couldn't be positive whether it was two or four months; I'll swear it was not over four months; I attended the court at the request of one of Mr. McGoldrick's friends; Patrick Kelly lives in Marion street; I don't know his business; I don't positively know what the name of the woman is that keeps the bed-house in Elizabeth street. Pauline is her first name; I have been there before, and——

At this stage, the witness having concluded his testimony, Miss Blessin was called to look at Burns. She came out from the back room then with Precinct Detective Herbert. Her face was flushed like a red coal and her whole frame was very much agitated. After looking at Burns she retired to the back room. McGoldrick was next interrogated examined, and he said he was a butcher, and formed the acquaintance of Miss Blessin about fifteen months ago, on the corner of Mott and Broome streets; he had connection with her three or four times since—once in Fourth street and once in Odd Fellows' Hall; the last time was about two months ago, the time before that six months ago, and before that fifteen months ago.

Cross-examined: I'm a butcher; I get half the profits of a business in Washington Market; Dan Gallagh is; I have never offered any money or other inducements to any one to come here or elsewhere and swear against the character of Miss Blessin.

John Hughes and Thomas McGovern were here called in, and the witness (McGoldrick) was asked if he had ever seen them before. He replied that he never had. No further testimony was taken, and the case was set down for further hearing.

A MISSOURI BRAKEMAN'S ADVENTURE.

Moberly, Missouri, is a fast place—full of life, vim, energy and enterprise. Located on a big, flat prairie, with no hills, no hollows, no shade trees, no meandering brooks, and, of course, no trysting place, therefore anything of the romantic order has been little thought of. In fact, lots are in more request than love, and weddings have been regarded rather as deferred payments. A few months ago a well-to-do brakeman on the eastern division, Wabash railroad, took from the post office at St. Louis, through mistake, a letter addressed to his name from a lady in New York, who claimed to be his wife. He learned from this letter that his wife had left her husband some four years ago in St. Louis, and had gone to live with relatives in New York, after being for only a few weeks his wife. Reverees coming upon her family she was cast into the extremity of writing to her husband to know if he would receive back again as his lawful wedded wife. Our brakeman thought he saw some fun in this thing, and accordingly answered the letter, and gave his address at Moberly. A lively correspondence ensued—a reconciliation was effected, and to the surprise of the brakeman the New York woman packed up her trapsand stepped for Moberly to join her liege lord. Arriving there she found the brakeman's old flame on a train. She had no difficulty, however, in finding his boarding-house, and thither she repaired and took up lodging, and awaited his arrival. When he came the landlady took his New York wife to his room, expecting to witness a happy meeting. Not so. The woman repudiated him and denounced him as a fraud, and threatened authority served in him by the laws of the state of Missouri, the twain were made fast. This occurred a little over a fortnight ago, and already the disconsolate New York woman has taken the wings of the morning and fled to the uttermost parts of somewhere else. The disconsolate brakeman is answering the "toot, toots" of an engine, and is doubtless a happier and wiser man.

MASSACHUSETTS MORALITY.—In the Supreme Judicial Court, on the 4th inst., before Judge Wells and a jury, a trial for a libel for divorce was opened, the parties being Capt. John T. Gardner, Harbor Master at this port, who sues on a divorce from his wife, Jane Gardner, on the ground of adultery. The libel alleges that Mrs. Gardner, in the month of June, 1869, at divers times and places, but more especially at the Massachusetts House, and No. 29 Boylston street, committed the crime of adultery with some person unknown. The witnesses for the libellant were one Baker, a private detective, and two clerks at the Massachusetts House at that time. Baker's testimony was in substance, that he—being employed for the purpose—saw Mrs. Gardner with a man several times enter the house on Boylston street, during the middle and latter part of June and the first part of July, 1869. One of the clerks at the Massachusetts House swore that he identified Mrs. Gardner as the woman he saw with a man that house one evening during the Peace Jubilee week with a man, and they were let a bed room in the second story, for which the man paid him two dollars; witness was very positive about the woman. At the three were going up stairs the other clerk passed them within ten or four feet, and distinctly saw and recognized Mrs. Gardner, whom he well knew by sight; the sight of Mrs. G. struck him so forcibly that he remarked to his associate:—"Why, that's John Gardner's wife." There was a bright light in the hall, and he could not be mistaken. To meet this testimony the libellee testified that she was never in the Massachusetts House in her life; never committed adultery with any one, and, referring to a diary, she was able to say where she was on every day and night covering the time alleged in the libel. She also denied having any letters at the house in Boylston street, except her brother-in-law, who was seen by all in the house. Her testimony was corroborated by her room-mate, who said Mrs. G. was always at home evenings, except when out of the city at work, and by a landlady, who at 9 o'clock locked up the house at an early hour (about 10 o'clock), and was very decided in her knowledge as to the respectability of Mrs. Gardner during the time covered by the libel. The case was continued.....Previous to adjournment, Judge Wells decreed divorces in the libels of Rhoda Nickerson against William A. Nickerson, for adultery; Susan E. S arrett against Wm. A. Starrett, for desertion; Martha A. Drake against Henry W. Drake for cruelty and drunkenness contracted since marriage; Louisa J. Sanford against Squire Sanford, for adultery.—*Boston Herald, May 5th.*

FLIGHT OF AN ALLEGED ABORTIONIST.—Dr. James B. Cutter of Newark, who was indicted on the 3d inst. for performing an abortion on Marie Clark, left Newark, N. J., on the evening of that date, stating that he was going to see a patient at Lyons' Farms. He did not, however, go to the place designated, and as he has not returned to Newark it is believed that he has absconded, and will not appear for trial. Mr. F. Durand went his bail for $1,000, which will be forfeited.

A PAYING INSTITUTION.—During the nine months in which the social evil ordinance has been in force in St. Louis, Mo. the clerk of the board of health has paid into the city treasury, $28,600, derived from the enforcement of the rules. Deducting the expenses of the board of health for the entire year, and there is left a balance of nearly $12,000. It is estimated that the returns from this source of revenue for the year will not fall short of $40,000.

A FREE LOVE TRAGEDY.—About four years ago the young wife of Jacob Bear, of Newark, N. J., eloped with her husband's friend, and went to California. Word has just been received at Newark, that the erring wife shot her betrayer and then committed suicide by opening a vein in her arm.

CHIEF OF POLICE CHAMBERLIN, of Hartford, Conn., has been charged with writing indecent letters to a woman in Norwich, and has been cited to appear before the Commissioners on the 15th inst.

CLIPPER VARIETIES.

Comprising Sentimental Ballads, Songs and Dances, Comic Songs, Jokes, Old Bills, Reminiscences, etc.

WRITTEN AND COLLATED EXPRESSLY FOR THE NEW YORK CLIPPER.

TALK WITH THE MINSTRELS.

INTERLOCUTOR.—This salubrious atmosphere appears to agree with you, Mr. Bones. I think I never saw you looking better.

BONES.—Yes—bout de time first class weather makes dem 'pearances in de market dis chile always feels as chipper as a grass hopper. Reminds me dat its time to start for de fishin' banks—dough where de heads is I never could find out, seein' dere ain't nuffin dere but water.

INT.—The mystery is accounted for. You've been fishing. Did you catch much of a mess?

BONES.—I *got into a mess*, if dat's what you mean. You see, readin' de divertisements todder mornin', I saw dere was gwin' to be a fishin' discussion, so I took and got me a clothes line and a barber's pole and a large Virginny reel, and I took along some shoo-flies for bait, and a nice lunch done up in a brown package, wid "Old Jamaica" on de label, and when we got to de grounds where de fish was de fust ting I took was a *perch*.

INT.—A perch, sir?

BONES.—Yes; up on de rail ob de hurricane deck, where I *perched myself* to wait for a bite.

INT.—And did you get one, sir?

BONES.—O, yes, I got a *bite of sandwich* now and den, and sheeter bites, dem was so plenty dat my head look like a big plum pudding just hot out ob de bag. But de fish dey wouldn't come, and so I looked over to where de *shadders* was comin' and goin,' and thinks I, I guess I'll just hire de captain's skiff and take a rest. Well, we skulled over to Sheepshead Bay, but I didn't see no sheepsheads dat day, but only a dead horse's head, and dat *smell* a mile from de shore. Dere was some talk about de weak fish, but I didn't see no weak fish—dough dey was ah strong enough to gib me a *weak back* wid tryin to pull 'em in, and not gittin' 'em nuffder. An' of a sudden I hove my line for a nice place, and I felt dat de hook had caught somethin' werry heavy behind, and blest if it wasn't de seal ob dis ole dartsey's ledder trowsers!

INT.—Ah! then I suppose, Mister Bones, you tumbled overboard and *took a flounder?*

BONES.—Yes—dat's just all I *did* get. But, bosa, can you tell me what popular song it was dat de feller dat was hung for de killin of his rival, sang just afore he was turned off on de scaffold?

INT.—I give that up, sir.

BONES.—Why he sang "Carry the Noose to Marry."

INT.—But didn't instruct her to keep it as a *true lover's knot*, I hope?

BONES.—No; but he tole her to *piss knot* when she received it!

TAMBOURINE.—And den I suppose she went right off to de river and *pitched in.*

TRIO.—That's what I should have called making a *sic(k) transit* to the other world.

INT.—Your wit is flying about so freely I feel as though I ought to contribute something. Can you, who read all the newspapers, Mr. Bones, inform me what old Ben Butler deliver his last speech upon?

BONES.—Be sure. De Alabama question.

TAM.—Or Cuba?

INT.—You're both wrong. He delivered it upon *the stump.* And now "Patent Leathers" will sing the new ballad.

I'M SAD, AND DON'T KNOW WHY.

They say I sing from morn till night;
Alas! they little know what art
I use my bosom's cares to fight,
And ease the throbbing of my heart.
In secret misery I pine,
Of sadness I shall surely die;
And yet the cause I can't divine—
I'm sad, and don't know why.

Young Millie, fair as morning sun,
Will follow me where'er I go,
Yet if I touch her hand, will run
Away as fast as bounding roe.
I follow her while strength is mine,
While faster still my game doth fly;
And yet the cause I can't divine,—
I'm sad, and don't know why.

I compliment her air and voice,
I find her bonnet charming, too,
I swear she is my heart's first choice—
She twits me with those eyes so blue—
My trembling lips make no reply,
Although her looks frame apt reply;
The cause I really can't devine—
I'm sad, and don't know why!

AN ENGLISH PLAY BILL.

We are again indebted to Mr. Louis McLeish, of this city, for permission to copy the following:—

THEATRE ROYAL, NEWCASTLE, ENGLAND.
On Monday Evening, February 16th, 1807, will be presented the favorite opera, called
INKLE AND YARICO.
The part of Inkle by Mr. Hill.

Trudge	Mr. Holbrook
Campley	Mr. Ketilby
And Sir Christopher Curry	Mr. Harley
Wowski (first time)	Miss S. Booth
Narcissa	Miss Greville

A Hornpipe by Mr. Pitt.

After which will be presented the musical farce of
ROSINA.
The part of Belville by Mr. Hill.
(In which character he will introduce Old Towler).

William	Mrs. W. Penson
Caotain Belville	Mr. Fawcett
Rustic	Mr. Lancaster
And Darby Leary (the Irish Haymaker)	Mr. M'Cready
Phebe	Miss Booth
Dorcas	Mrs. Beynon
And the part of Rosina by	Mrs. Atkins

To which will be added a new grand operatical romance (in two acts), called
FORTY THIEVES.

With new scenery, machinery, dresses and decorations. The overture and music composed and selected by Mr. Kelly; the scenery, properties, &c., &c., &c., by Mr. Coleman, Esq., as performed at the Theatre Royal, Drury Lane, last season and this, with the most unbounded applause, admiration and attention.

Cassim Baba (the rich brother)	Mr. Skinner
Ali Baba (the poor brother, a wood cutter)	M. Lancaster
Ganem (his son)	Mr. Ketilby
Mustapha (the cobbler of Bagdad)	Mr. Fawcett
Zaide (wife of Cassim Baba)	Mrs. Stuart
Cogia (wife of Ali Baba)	Miss Greville
Zeita (daughter of Cassim Baba)	Mrs. Skinner
Morgina (slave to Cassim Baba and Zeita's sister)	Mrs. W. Penson
Ardenelie (Fairy of the Lake, protectress of Ali Baba's family)	Miss S. Booth
Sylphs, Naiads and Fairies, by Mrs. Beynon, Mrs. Fawcett, Mrs. Lancaster, Mrs. Holbrook, Misses Booths, &c., &c., &c.	

THE FORTY THIEVES.

Abdallah (Captain of the Thieves)	Mr. Stuart
Hassarac (Second Captain)	Mr. Ward
Orcobrandes	Mr. Holbrook
Their followers	Messrs. Skinner, Pitt, &c., &c., &c., &c.

New scenery—The Fairies' Grotto, Ali Baba's Cottage, Robbers' Cave, a Street in Bagdad, a Chrysaline Collonade, with a Fountain in Motion, Aerial Chariot drawn by Swans, &c. Designed by Mr. Phillips, and executed by him, Mr. Pitt, and Mr. Stuart, numerous assistants.

On Tuesday evening will be presented the tragedy of MACBETH.

Lady Macbeth	Mrs. Galindo (Late Miss Gough), from the Theatre Royal, Dublin.

OUT OF PLACE: OR THE LAKE OF LAUSANNE.
Pit and Gallery Tickets to be had at the Printer's.
Printed by J. Mitchell, *Tyne Mercury* Office, Newcastle.

FLIRTING LAYS OVER THEM ALL.

BY MICHAEL MAGLUEN.

Many girls, now-a-days, think it a pleasure,
To circulate over their face a veil;
And to take every moment of leisure
In warring on friends far away,
But give me the girl who walks in the evening,
In a new style of dress fair to see,
With an eye on the gent at the corner,
So gracefully flirting to me.

Chorus.—Oh, I love the dear bit of flirtation,
And I oft its adventures recall,
When I've tipped a lace 'kerchief so slyly,
For flirting lays over them all.

'Tis true I am blessed quite severely,
By those who are far worse than I;
But I love this flirting

Ans.—Mr. Price, of the Star Club. Time of game—One hour and fifty minutes

In connection with Chapman's joining the Eckfords, we have received the appended communication:—

BROOKLYN, May 16th.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE CLIPPER.—DEAR SIR:—I noticed this morning that Chapman was getting to play with the Eckford Club next (this) Monday. Ola he play with them? If so, I challenge him to play with the Keokuk nine, every man that played in the Atlantic Club match, for his choice of money. Please give us room in your columns, and oblige

Yours truly, J. HARRISON.

In leaving the Atlantic Club, as he did, Chapman made a mistake. In leaving the position until after the Boston match, he ranged that of the Atlantic, and debarred himself from playing in any match except those of the Eckford Club until July 5th, that being the date of the first game of the old National between the Eckfords and Atlantics; not only this, but it is not the custom to play scoring matches, and it is not only the part of the Professional to play for the plain cash and honor, and it is not only adopted by the Professional Association, but one unanimously approved of. Once allow a presentation as well as Amateur National Association, and the door will again be open to the worst practices of the past, and the door will again be open to the worst practices of the past, and the door will again be open to the worst practices of the past

THEATRICAL RECORD.

Movements, Business, and Incidents in the Theatrical, Circus, Musical and Minstrel Profession.

Clipper Post Office.

☞ A STAMPED ENVELOPE, plainly addressed, must be enclosed for each and every letter sent for. Where there are two or more persons of like name in the profession, the line of business followed by the party addressed should be given, in order to prevent mistakes.

LADIES' LIST.

Bernard, Mrs. C. E.
Bradshaw, Blanche
Beck, Irene
Bagley, Carrie E.
Chippendale, Alfy
Dennis, Dora
Douglass, Mary
Deane, Fanny
Deer, Ada
De mond, Annie
De Ad, Mrs.
Eldridge, Lillie
Freeman Sisters (3)
Freeman, Susie D.
Gilroy, Celia
Gibbons, Mrs. H. F.
Ginger, Mrs. L.
Gallon, Mrs. M. A.
Glimer, Jennie
Genley, Mrs.
Hindle, Annie
Howes, Mary E.
Howard, Victoria
Harrison, Alice
Howard, Victoria
Jackson, Minnie (2)
Jersens, Mlle
Lang, Iona
Little Nell
Mortimer, Maggie
May, Georgie
Mitchell, Maggie
Monell, Mrs. R. E.
Montician, Ada L.
Marks, Mrs. H.
Mischka, Emilie
Norman, Miss
Ott, Miss Lee G.
O'Neil, Kitty
Peterson, Len
Prestige, Annie
Rainford, Marianne
Redmond, Martha A.
Rogers, Agnes
Robinson, Julia
Rand, Olivia
Rogers, Hatty
Sanford, Nellie
Troy, Cassie (2)
Taylor, Marian
Vane, Isabel
Wood, Mrs. Hy.
Wells, Minnie
Williams, Minnie
Weston, Jennie
Western, Lucille
Weber, Lena
Williams, Louisa
Wray, Louisa
Webster, Florence

GENTLEMEN'S LIST.

Allen, Wm.
Alden, Barry
Abbott, John
Bruce, C. Amory (3)
Brennan, R. A.
Bryant, Dan
Bregry, W. V.
Banks, C. L.
Bensler, Jas.
Bernardo (2)
Benedict, Louis
Bliss, Albert
Bray, Walter
Barlow, Jim
Britton, Wallace
Burt, Sam
B. G.
Buchanan, McK.
Clifford, Harry
Clark, Harry Z.
Carleton, Wm.
Clark, Wyndham (2)
Clemens, John
Cole, Wm. W.
Chapman, Geo.
Cruiolotta,
Chubb, Chas. L.
C. W. D.
Campbell, Jim
Pentzwagh, H. F.
Daly, T. F.
Danforth, Jno. N.
De Forest Bros.,
Dugans, C. E.
Danforth, Johnny
Davidson, W.
Denier, John
Dunlevy, W. H.
Dumont, Frank
De Haven, Claude (3)
De Leon, Leon
Davis, H. Lew
Dowland, E.
Eddy, Clinton
Emmett, J. K.
Enos, Albert G. Jr. (2)
Fenner, Hernandez J.
Fuller, Frank
Fogo, A. C. (2)
French, A. B.
Forbes, Jas. H.
Gorhass, Wm. H.
Gardner, Chas.
Good, Chas.
Gonsalva, Sig. S.
Green, J. H.
Gullck, Jas. T.
Gray, W. R.
Gilbert, H. F.
Gotthold, E. M.
Gaynor, Jas.
Gurr, H.
Harrison, Frank
Hapgood, Harry
Herbert, Mr.
Henry, C.
Harrison, Geo. W.
Howard, Prof. Jas.
Hicker, Jno. M.
Holmes, Chas. W.
Huff, Geo.
Higgins, W. S.
Hall, Geo. L.
Horan, Thos.
Horton, M. J. (2)
Kell, Harry
Kennard, Emmett
Kelly, John
Kraffy, Imre
Kruger, J. K.
Lafricain, Edw'd
Lyons, Frank
Lannin, W. M.
Lose, Calvin J.
Little, J. L.
Louis, Edw'd
Love, Val.
Leoser, J. C.
Leopar, Clifford
Lennon, Geo. J.
Mayo, Frank
Maas, Jas.
Milburn, J. H. (2)
Mallin, A. M.
McMillan, Jerry
Magie, Jno. G.
Melville, Clark
Mack, Jno. A.
Mullaly, W. S.
Miller, Theodore
Merrick, J.
Maeder, F. G.
Marsh, Wm. (3)
Noyes, C. W.
Newcomb, Robt. (2)
O'Conner, Mike
Orme, Sam R.
O'Neil, J. H.
Perry, Robt.
Parker, E. J.
Person, S. D.
Pankhurst, Frank (2)
Quilter, Dick
Quinn, Johnny
Rainford, Milton
Rubini, Sig.
Richards, Albert E.
Richards, Warren
Roche, Frank
Richings Opera Trpe
Stone, Henry
Schoeffel, Jno. B.
Stetson, E. T.
Saunders, John
Seaman, M. J. (2)
Seaman, Jas. F.
Sexton, M. G.
Snow Bros.,
Snow, E. E.
Stanwood, Harry
Shelly & Wiggins,
Sampson, Harry
Shay, Charles
Twombly, G. H.
Thomas, T. J.
Victor(?), Ed'd
Wilson, Ned (3)
Washburn, Leon
Washburn, E. S. (3)
White, Alex.
Waldron, D. G.
Webb, J. C.
Webster, Chas.
Ward, Billy
Wilson, Dave
Wilson, John
Wells, A. Clark
Williams, Arthur

Introductory Overture.

MONDAY, May 15th, '71.

THE FREE and independent residents of New York city accustom themselves to everything that comes along in the way *of a sensation*, be it a first class murder, an extensive conflagration, the fall from grace of a favorite and popular divine, or the meeting of two of nature's noblemen within the magic square or roped arena. The most prominent event of the past week was the expected fistic encounter between James Mace and Joseph Coburn, which was to have come to pass on Thursday last, particulars of which are given in another part of this issue. From learned authority of ancient times the tradition has been handed down to us that *Nihil fit*, which goes to show that even in the remote ages of the past *Pugil-ism* was a favorite amusement; they were doubtless a hardy set, the belligerents of those days, for we are given to understand by the records of ancient history that the hands of the fighters were encased in a sort of hard weapon called "ocestus," and when a man, in playful mood, got in his "auctioneer," or "left duke," on to the *os frontis* of an adversary, the latter was sent to grass like he had been shot by a Mitrailleuse; yet the recreation was kept up for the diversion of those in power, who, being accustomed to human love, were delighted when a killing left-hander, straight from the shoulder, rendered the unhappy recipient deaf to the call of time. It seems to be inherent in our very natures to fight. The smallest insects—as well as the most mighty member of the animal creation—takes a pleasure in fighting. What says Dr. Watts?

"Let dogs delight to bark and bite."

And in another line the same excellent authority, who seems to have made the subject a deep study, says:—

"Let bears and lions growl and fight,
For 'tis *their nature* to."

But we beg leave, most respectfully, to disagree with the learned and indefatigable Hymnist when he so boldly and unqualifiedly makes the assertion that

"Birds in their little nests agree."

This is not so. On the contrary, the feathered tribe take every opportunity to engage in a wrangling dispute, and appear head-over-heels in one of the most terrific fights we ever witnessed, taking the size of the adversaries into consideration, was that between a couple of beautiful little canaries. They flew at each other, tore out bunches of feathers, picked at each other's eyes, bit, scratched and fought with the most ungentlemanly manner, thereby evincing the least inclination to "show the white feather," and it was not until one of them had been left a dead corpse on the gory field of battle, that the other let go his hold, and even then he made an effort to crow like a rooster. Birds are *aw-ful!* You've no idea of their ferocious nature; they'd sooner fight than eat, which evinces a bloody-minded spirit, to say the least of it. Is it to be wondered at, then, that men should perhaps their angry passions to rise? Is it a matter of surprise that the fighting instincts of the lower animals should find imitators in the higher order of beings? *No* sir. Who does not remember the excitement created throughout the entire civilized world by the fistic meeting between John C. Heenan and Thomas Sayers? Clergymen denounced it from the pulpit, and eagerly perused all the details in their own private seclusion; merchants talked of it on the Rialto, and bet their ducats on the mill; philosophers discussed it as a most important question affecting the human family; little boys cried for the NEW YORK CLIPPER containing an account of the fight, but their parents were too deeply absorbed in reading it themselves to permit it to leave their hands for a moment; languid young ladies, on awakening from their virtuous slumbers, asked "Who's won?" Everybody caught the fighting fever, and although Congress did not adjourn when news of the fight reached here, it was owing to the fact, probably, that it had adjourned some time previously. And so, on a smaller scale, perhaps, a fresh interest has been awakened by the expected battle between Mace, Coburn and Mack. Conversation has been rife that he had only been to "see the elephant." "There must be some mistake about that," she answered, "for your friend Jack Swiggins was here just before you came in, and he told me that he left you *'bucking the tiger?'*".....It is quite probable that our minstrel friends will endeavor to improve upon their present style of performances, next season, and give the public such entertainments as shall bring about a revival in minstrelsy and create a fresh impetus on the black boards. Then will hard times come again no more, and our always end-ing friend, the jovial bones, will say:—

I love to think of childhood's days,
When, charmed by music's soothing tones,
I wandered oft in devious ways
And, scorning boyish sports and plays,
Gave up my whole soul to the bones.

.....How pleasant it is, when visiting a theatre with the object of your affections, to find yourself seated next to a "drunken gentleman," who *will* insist upon enlightening you, in advance, as to what is to take place as the play progresses, and capping the climax by insisting upon yourself and lady going out to get a drink with him! If in anything but cheerful. Nor can your position be at all envi-able when, after having spent your last dollar in the purchase of seats for yourself and lady, you are asked to purchase the bouquet which has just been placed in her hands by the little flower girl. The only means of retreat, in decent order, is to ask the child if she *can change you a hundred dollar bill!* That dismisses the flower vender and impresses your companion with an idea of your immense wealth.....While "Richard III." according to the original text," was being rehearsed at Niblo's, an old rounder, who knew the signs of the times, suggested that the only way by which this Shakespearean revival could be made a success, would be to lay out a 24-feet roped square in the centre of the stage, wherein Richard and Richmond could settle their dispute according to the latest rules of the Prize Ring, but the rounder was unable to palm a ring upon the managers, and it was not long before it was found advisable to ring "Richard" *off* the stage instead of on it.....We must have novelty and change. If we cannot have something entirely fresh, why then rejuvenate and revivify the best of the old, which has oftentimes been done before:—

"They say there is an echo here"—
We shouldn't wonder if 'twas so,
For here whatever way you will,
You hear some tune you've heard before
And even Offenbach resigns
In favor of the old Shoo Fly,
And if you sat for Twenty Days
Your gal sings up "How's that for High?"

.....Be perfectly calm and composed, dear friends, while we propound to you a little squib which has puzzled wiser heads than your's. Can you tell us why a bottle of champagne in its effects upon a convivially inclined party is like the moon when placed in conjunction with the stars? Because it makes them *scents-till-late*.....Every man has his troubles—some men have more than their share. We thought of this the other night, when at the Grand Opera House, we observed one of the musicians struggling and tossing about as if he was sorely afflicted; he seemed to have an irritation in the small of the back, and having not even a "five barn rest," he was compelled to suffer on. Imagine his feelings; as Charles Reade would say, "Put Yourself in his Place," which, if you did, you would have a novel feeling. We'll put the matter into rhyme, and tell of the miseries of

THE "RESTLESS FIDDLER.

Crash, the cymbics, bang the drum,
The time for the band to play has come,
And away they go with their clatter;
But one poor man, who the fiddle does play,
Keeps writhing and twisting every way—
Sure, something is the matter.
Now watch him as he turns and bends—
This can not be a musical friend—
Y; oh, tell, and stop this riddling.
No frenzy 'tis, we here disclose,
A fly has lighted on his nose,
But he cannot stop fiddling.

City Summary.

MR. F. S. CHANFRAU commenced an engagement at Niblo's Garden on May 8th, appearing for the first time in this city in a sensational drama, in a prologue and four acts, entitled "Kit, the Arkansas Traveler," which was acted with the following cast:—

IN THE PROLOGUE—1836.

Kit Redding.....F. S. Chanfrau | Jeff.....C. T. Parslow
Manuel Bond.....G. C. Boniface | Mary Redding...Miss Rose Evans
Wash Stubbs.....J. H. Jack | Alice.....Minnie Maddern

IN THE DRAMA—1671.

Kit Redding.....F. S. Chanfrau | Jerry Sleepers.....C. McManus
Manuel Bond.....G. C. Boniface | Capt. Wheeler.....Mr. Foster
Wash Stubbs.....J. H. Jack | J. Cæsar Smith.....C. T. Parslow
Lord Fitzfolle.....W. Davenport | Sir Erasmus Venturoi, Bart
James Temple.....T. C. Howard | Alice Redding...Miss Rose Evans
Bart.....J. W. Brutone | Mrs. W. Stubbs...Miss Fanny Burt
Judge Buzzs.....Harry Hotto | Mrs. Temple.....Emma Skerrett
Major Scuiggs.....Frau Pedders | Nannie.....Nannie Lulu
Considerable new scenery had been painted for it, some of which was correct and beautiful, and a portion quite the reverse. The barroom of the Southern Hotel, in St. Louis, and a corridor in the same, were both faulty, and without the slightest excuse therefor. Four doors closely crowded together in the centre of a wide flat, with arched transoms and the room numbers painted upon the door casings, just below the transoms, would be hard things to find in any hotel in the United States. Neither is it the custom in the hotel referred to, to place decanters filled with liquor along the bar close to its outer edge. When a particular hotel is named, and especially one that is well known to the traveling public, it is quite as well to have it correct. The scenes representing steamboat life upon the Mississippi were excellent, although in the construction of the steam boats some slight liberties had been taken, which possibly the action of the drama rendered necessary. The explosion of the Medora was most effectively managed, and was very realistic. The immense volume of smoke and flame which burst from various parts of the stage was most artistically effected. The story of the drama is slight. Kit Redding, an Arkansas farmer, who has an intense affection for his wife and only child, a young girl, is robbed of them both by the machinations of a scoundrel named Manuel Bond, who bears them away. Kit follows in pursuit and arrives at the river's bank only to see Bond, with his wife and child, upon a ferry boat, rapidly retreating to the opposite shore. As he raises his rifle to wreak revenge upon the destroyer of his happiness, his little daughter is held in such a position that the bullet must take her life in reaching Bond's. These incidents comprise the prologue. An interval of twenty years elapses ere the action of the drama commences. During this period Kit, finding his life blasted, drinks heavily, yet attends to his business of packing hogs in Louisville, Ky., whither he had gone after the occurrences above narrated. He had accumulated a fortune in his business, but that did not bring him peace of mind; the anguish of being separated from those so dear to him is ever present. His sole aim now is to be revenged upon Manuel Bond and recover his wife and daughter. The action of the play commences in the bar-room of the Southern Hotel, in St. Louis, Mo., where Kit enters in a partially intoxicated condition, and with the characteristic liberality of the western man, asks everybody to drink. Here he encounters Manuel Bond, now known as Hastings, but does not recognize him until he hears his voice. Kit, learning that he is bound down the river that evening on the steamer Medora, takes passage himself. Bond is accompanied by Kit's daughter, now a young lady of twenty years. The pursuit of Bond and the attempt to gain the recognition of his daughter, which, as yet, is only faintly suspects to be so, form the subject of the four remaining acts. Memory of her childhood returns to the daughter in a conversation with her father, and she acknowledges him as such. And in the end, after a terrible fight with bowie knives, Kit kills Bond, and his vengeance is complete. The working out of this plot affords an opportunity for the introduction of all kinds of scenes known in frontier life, such as the singing by the negroes on the steamer, gambling in the cabin, flirtations with the ladies, which afford an agreeable spice to the play. Mr. Chanfrau's impersonation of Kit was a great piece of acting. His make-up was excellent, and his dialect was closely correct. The drunken scenes were naturally acted and not overdrawn or exaggerated, as is too often the case in stage representation. In the touching scene upon the hurricane deck of the Medora, where he enters into conversation with his daughter, he displayed a depth of tender feeling and true pathos in describing the scene which occurred in her childhood which visibly affected the audience, and when the cloud was raised from the child's mind, and she recognized her father and was folded in his arms, there burst forth from the audience a torrent of applause, which was long continued. Manuel Bond found a fitting representative in George C. Boniface, who was careful and painstaking. Jerry Sleepers was well played by C. McManus, barring that his dialect savored more of the New York rough than a western boatman, particularly a negro. Major Squiggs, two "beats" of the western type, were very characteristically made up and acted by Harry Hotto and H. A. Weaver. J. H. Jack, as the representative of the indulgent, rheumatic husband, with a young wife, was all that could be desired. Lord Fitzfolle, as acted and costumed by H. A. Rendle, was up to the usual caricature ever presented on the English nobleman. Sir Erasmus Venturoi, however, never exist anywhere else. James Temple, a young man in love with Alice Redding, was well played by T. C. Howard. Bart, a valet to Lord Fitzfolle, was capitally performed by J. W. Brutone. Mr. Foster gave a conventional portraiture of the steamboat captain. C. T. Parslow, as Cæsar Smith, found many opportunities to excite the risibilities of the audience, and his pupil, Master Sniffen, performed a song and dance in a clever manner and was rapturously *encored*. Little Minnie Maddern evinced a wonderful amount of intelligence in her impersonation of little Alice Redding, in the prologue. Miss Rose Evans as the mother in the prologue, and the daughter in the drama, acted naturally and with power, barring a slight tendency at times to be too tragic. Miss Fanny Burt was altogether too loud and demonstrative as Mrs. Stubbs; her conception of the part was very good and her acting of it, if considerably toned down, would prove much more enjoyable. Mrs. Emma Skerrett had but little to do as Mrs. Temple, yet appeared to advantage. Nannie Lulu gave a most humorous performance of Frau Pedders; he had very little to do, but improved every opportunity. The drama evidently has hit the public taste and has attracted large sized audiences during the week, and, we opine, will enjoy a lengthened run, as it is announced for continued representation.

MR. JOSEPH MURPHY, hitherto well known in California as a minstrel performer of repute, made his first appearance as an act'or in this city on Monday evening, May 8th, at Wood's Museum, in a play in three acts, which had been especially written for him by Mr. Fred. G. Maeder, entitled "Help." During the present season Mr. Murphy has acted in this drama in nearly all the principal cities in this country. We will not attempt to write the story of the play, but will content ourselves by saying that it has been constructed with a view to display Mr. Murphy's versatility. He enacts a number of Irish and German characters with great fidelity to nature, his manner being easy and in consonance with the idiosyncracies of the character represented. He sang several Irish songs and danced an Irish jig in a manner that won the approbation of the audience. He also gave a series of German sketches, *a la* Lingard, which, though meritorious, failed to meet that degree of approval they would otherwise have received, had they been intermingled with other contrasting sketches. His changes of costume were quickly effected and the characterization of the various sketches was excellent, his facial and dialectic peculiarity artistic. In the last sketch presented, that of a negro, he performed a bone solo which was remarkable for excellence in time and manipulation, and, during its performance, some excellent juggling feats were executed with the bones, which accorded to the time of the orchestral accompaniment. Mr. Murphy evidently possesses dramatic ability, which study and experience will fully develope. The sensational scene of the play consists of the attempt upon the part of the villain to take the life of the heroine by burning her with kerosene, and covering his guilt by breaking the lamp and so disposing its pieces that the idea shall be conveyed that her death was the result of accidental explosion. This was accomplished in a realistic manner and was received with applause from the audience. The other characters in the play were as well acted as the scope of the parts permitted. The attendance during the week was large, and the lavish applause and laughter bestowed upon the performance testified to the satisfaction of the audiences. At the usual *matinees*, save Saturday, "Uncle Tom's Cabin" was performed. Among the latest curiosities in the Museum department may be seen little Lulu, who, though 13 years of age, yet only weighs 12 pounds, and a Scotch Albino Boy called Rob Roy Macgreggor, Jr.

MISS EMILY MESTAYER, we learn with regret, does not remain at Wallack's Theatre next season.

C. AMORY BRUCE was in the city during the past week, but on Friday was called to Boston, Mass., on account of the indisposition of his father.

L. J. MESTAYER has leased Wood's Museum for next season.

MR. J. LEVY, who plays the cornet-a-piston, has been engaged for one year by James Fisk, Jr., for the sum of ten thousand dollars. He will play in the Ninth Regiment Band and only at such other places as Mr. Fisk, Jr., may give his consent.

LITTLE VIC'S COMEDY AND BURLESQUE TROUPE is the title of a new organization which will sail for Bermuda on May 16th with the expectation of opening there about May 22d. The following is a list of the company:—Frank Donaldson and Sara Purdy, managers; Sam Purdy, treasurer; Geo. W. Fiorance, leader of orchestra; Little Vic, child actress; Mme. Virginia Donaldson, character vocalist; Fanny Duane, soubrette and vocalist; Minnie Clarke, Mrs. Geo. W. Fiorance, vocalist; Harry Fox, Ethiopian comedian; G. W. Mitchell, character actor; Chas. Merrit, comedian; Sam Purdy, eccentric comedian, and Frank Donaldson, acrobat.

MISS MAGGIE MITCHELL has sent J. Delmon Grace, who is lying helpless from paralysis in Providence, R. I., the sum of twenty-five dollars, accompanied by a letter expressing her sympathy for his condition. Professional persons who desire to aid Mr. Grace can send their contributions to Harry Cunningham, 636 Broadway, who desires us to acknowledge the receipt of the following sums since our last issue:—Mrs. H. F. Gratian, $5; William Ware, $5, and H. Mack, $1.

MME. LESDERNIER gave a dramatic and musical entertainment at Chickering's Rooms on May 10th.

AT THE FIFTH AVENUE THEATRE during the past week "The Critic" and "Used Up" afforded ample entertainment to good houses on Monday, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday evenings. On Wednesday and Friday evenings Mr. Charles Mathews appeared in his original characters of Harry Jasper in Hardwick's comedy of "The Bachelor of Arts," and of Gatherwool in his own farce, entitled "Mr. Gatherwool; or, Out of Sight Out of Mind," in both of which he created a favorable impression. As the gentlemanly scapegrace HARRY JASPER, Mr. Mathews displayed to advantage not only the light, airy, comedy, which is his special *forte*, but also the deeper sentiments which the actions of the honorable scamp call forth, and although a careful observer could detect a lack of the youthful vim so necessary to a perfect ideal of the author's creation, still the artistic finish of the actor was such as to make his assumption of the character a very enjoyable one. Mr. Davidge's Andrew Mylie was a very good piece of acting, his conception of the part, both in dress and manner, being almost perfect. Mr. D. Whitney as Mr. Thornton, Mr. G. F. Denver as Frederick Adderly, Mr. J. Burnett as Adolphus, Mr. W. Beekman as James, and the Misses Kate Claxton and Linda Delts were all good in their respective *roles*, although none of them had anything to do that required any special efforts of genius. The farce was a very amusing one, and the eccentricities of the forgetful Gatherwool, and the gallantries of the gay and festive elderly beau Spongeman, acted by Mr. Davidge in his usual excellent manner, created loud and frequent laughter, which result was not attainable without the aid of the amasterially inclined MERRY as impersonated by Miss Nellie Mortimer. Mr. H. Bacon as Captain Pretty-Man was a correct sweet, and Miss Kate Claxton as Mrs. Gatherwool made a faithful wife in the double sense. At the *matinee* on Saturday "Used Up" and "Gatherwool" were acted, and for this evening Henry J. Byron's original comedy entitled "Not Such a Fool as he Looks" is announced to be performed.

MRS. ELIZABETH MAGILL, the proprietress of the Richmond Theatre, Richmond, Va., was married in this city, on Tuesday, May 9th, at the St. Francis Xavier Church in Sixteenth street, by the Rev. Father H. de Suynes, to Mr. William T. Powell, of Richmond, Va. We sincerely hope that this union of hands may, as we expect, result in a perennial union of hearts, and that their sweetnesses of the liberal portion of the wedding cake remitted. Here's to Mrs. W. T. Powell.

THE OPERA BOUFFE SEASON at the Grand Opera House will close with the present week. During the past week "Barbe Bleue" was performed on Monday evening and Saturday *matinee*. On Tuesday, Friday evenings, "La Petite Faust" was sung. On Wednesday "La Belle Helene" was repeated. On Thursday evening, for the benefit of Charles Esteve, "Les Folles Dramatique," a musical olio; and "Le Mariage aux Lanternes," comprised the bill. On Saturday evening, the popular musical leader, Mr. Henry Tissington, received a benefit when the following bill was acted:—The first act of "Le Serticole," a grand musical interlude by the following artists:—Mlle Roselli, James M. Whell, Mr. Mollenhauer, J. R. Thomas, F. J. Eben, the Hess Children and Miss Ella Wesner. The performances closed with the first act of "Les Brigands." On Sunady evening, the nineteenth concert by James Fisk, Jr's. Ninth Regiment Band was given with the usual assistance of Mlle Aimee, Miss Nelly Pierce and J. Cassidy. At the conclusion of the operatic season the opera bouffe artists go to Boston, Mass., where they will perform for a season, at the Boston Theatre, and on May 22d, the pantomime troupe, under the management of Messrs. Mark Smith, Bensen Sherwood, William Duverna and L. J. Vincent, will commence an engagement, performing in the "Three Hunchbacks."

MONTAGUE sized audiences have witnessed "A Winter's Tale," at Booth's Theatre, during the past week.

A SERIES OF BENEFITS given to the principal members of the stock company of the Bowery Theatre formed the chief attractions of the past week. On Monday evening the new leading man, Mr. Edmund R. Dalton, made his first appearance and acted the Cardinal Duke in Bulwer's historical play entitled "Richelieu." The "Snow Bird" concluded the performances on Tuesday evening, for the benefit of Mr. William Marden, "Claude Duval," with Mr. Dalton as Duval and Mr. Marden as Mervyn, was the chief attraction. On Wednesday evening Mr. Charles Foster received a benefit, when two of his own dramas were performed—"Neck and Neck" and the "New York Burglars." On Thursday, for the benefit of Mr. J. Winter, the drama entitled "Waiting for a Verdict" and "El Hyder" were acted. The treasurer, Mr. John J. Jones, made his annual appeal to the public on Friday evening, when a new drama entitled "The Progress of a Soldier; or, The Horrors of War," Coleman's drama of the "Mountaineers," and the comic drama, "Who's Who" were acted. On Saturday evening "A Soldier's Progress; or, the Horrors of War," "The Mountaineers" and "Who's Who" were acted. This evening, May 15th, a new sensation drama, by Charles Foster, entitled "The Gold Bolt," will be acted for the first time, and W. H. Whalley is underlined for an early appearance.

HARRY CUNNINGHAM, dramatic agent, 636 Broadway, inserts a card in our column announcing that John C. Campbell; Sappho, the child wonder; Annie Hindle, vocalist; and Col. Routa Goshen, comedian, can be engaged through him. He also wants variety talent at once.

"JACK SHEPPARD," a new dramatization of Harrison Ainsworth's novel, consisting of a prologue and four acts, is announced to be acted at the Olympic Theatre, for the first time, on Monday, May 15th. Scenery, it is said, has been painted for it, and we believe it is the intention to re-produce some of Cruikshank's celebrated pictures illustrating the novel. "Horizon" was withdrawn after the performance of May 13th.

AT THE GLOBE THEATRE the fresh attractions of the past week consisted of the re-appearance, after an absence of seven months, of Master Allen, the juvenile comedienne; the first appearance of Mons. Caron and sons, gymnasts; the first appearance of Miss Jenny Hughes, the pleasing serio-comic vocalist, and first appearance of Harry Guion, actor. For Monday, May 15th, Delehanty and Hengler are announced to appear in a new and original song and dance.

JOHN CLARKE, an Irish jig and clog dancer from the principal Dublin Music Halls, made his first appearance in America at Tony Pastor's on Monday evening, May 8th. He is a clever performer and at once won the favor of the audience. The other novelties consisted of songs and stories illustrative of Irish life and character, by Miss Kate Emmett; both of whom are painstaking and pleasing performers, and a new sensational drama entitled "Toil; or, The Dressmakers of the Bowery." Several negro sketches, in which Johnny Wild and Frank Kerns display their comic powers, gave variety to the programme. Tony Pastor sang the usual number of comic songs, and Miss Hindle continued her engagement, singing character songs with rapid changes of costume. On Tuesday, May 23d, Tony Pastor is to receive a benefit, when performances will be given afternoon and evening. A large number of volunteers will appear. On June 12th the entire company will start upon a traveling tour, accompanied by Tony Pastor in person.

AT BRYANTS' MINSTRELS the changes in the first part during the past week were as follows:—Munroe Dempster sang with pleasing effect "Annie over the Banks on Dee," Al. Atherton's fine voice found full scope in "Sunny Days Will Come Again." Mr. H. Norman sang "Under the Snow," and W. F. Stanley the "Virginia Rose Bud." The second part was made up of a new arrangement of familiar acts.

GEORGE C. DAVENPORT, Irish comedian; Miss Kate Raymond, *soubrette* actress, and Mlle Ermanie Venturoli, *premier danseuse*, were the new appearances at the Theatre Comique during the past week. Mr. Davenport and Miss Raymond have acted in the farce of "The Irish Tiger," and their respective characters were very well acted. Mlle Venturoli, of whose merits we have often written, was received with favor, in the Arab festival dance, and the balance of the programme consisted of familiar acts.

MR. W. ALTER BROWN, an excellent Ethiopian comedian, made his first appearance with Newcomb & Arlington's Minstrels on Monday evening, May 8th. His performances have an air of novelty, freshness and talent. Some few changes were made in the first part. The second part remained without change, and in the third part the novelties consisted of the first appearance, for a week, of Master Herne, cleverly performed by Masters Willie and Tommy Daly; Walter Bray in an act called "Corkographics," a stump speech with banjo accompaniments by Harry Stanwood, and a laughable burlesque sketch called "The Liar." The attendance of the week has been very good. *Matinees* are given on Saturdays.

M. W. Fiske, late Metropolitan Theatre, New York, has become the business manager of Mr. Charles Fechter. Mr. Canning, with his family, sails for Europe on June 3d on a pleasure trip, but will return in the early fall to attend to the duties of his position.

"RANK," a comedy in three acts, was acted at Lina Edwin's Theatre during the past week, with the following cast:—

Don Maynard.. Miss Lina Edwin | Joe Skeggs.....E. F. Taylor
Miles Hubb.....George Clarke | Eben Jones.....Charles Hale
Lord Plateglass...Harry Eytinge | Tummas Akra.....T. P. Cooke
David Maynard.....Mark Bates | Lady Plateglass...Miss E. Germaine
Squire Broadrib.....T. E. Morris | Sally Clinetop...Miss K. Melnotte
Mons. D'Chateaux.....Sol. Smith | Miss Skeggs.....Miss Lilly Pierce
Hon. Jocelyn Rakes.R. Wyndham

AT THE ACADEMY OF MUSIC "Ernani" was substituted for "The Sicilian Vespers" announced for Wednesday last. At the *matinee* on Saturday "Un Ballo in Maschera" was sung. The present week will be the last of the season.

MISS ALICE BROOKS left this city on Friday last to join the company at the new theatre in Rochester, N. Y., which is announced to open May 18th.

N. D. ROBERTS, the efficient business manager, has been secured by Tony Pastor to manage the business of his intended traveling tour.

FRED RULLMAN, who has been on the continent of Europe in search of novelties for the approaching season, returned to this city on May 13th in the steamer Main.

THE FOX AND DENIER PANTOMIME TROUPE, who will shortly complete an extended successful tour of the country, will commence an engagement at Wood's Museum on June 5th.

JOHN L. HALL'S BURLESQUE COMPANY, now performing in the New England circuit, will commence a summer season at Bryants' new Minstrel Hall, in 23d street, during the early part of July next.

DAN BRYANT, whose birth-day occurred on May 9th, was on the evening of that day presented by his entire company, through Mr. W. H. Brockway, with a magnificent gold-mounted cane, and Little Mac made a personal gift of a gold banjo. After the presentation, which took place upon the stage of his minstrel hall, an informal gathering was held in a neighboring hostelry, where many happy toasts of the festal day were drank in foaming beakers of "Bass' bitter."

THE MYRON DIVORCE CASE.—In our past issue we stated that Mrs. Mary E. Myron had obtained a divorce from her husband. Mr. Dan Myron, before Judge Cardozo on April 28th. That the reverse was the case the following card from Mr. Dan Myron will show:—

NEW YORK CLIPPER.—DEAR SIR.—In your issue (of the 13th) you state that a decree of divorce was granted against me in behalf of Mrs. Mary E. Myron. The fact is I obtained a decree of divorce against the lady, and on the ground that she was a married woman and the lawful wife of Charles A. Rose, of this city, when she married me—claiming to be single. Mrs. Rose, never in law, changed her name to mine and cannot change it to Safford without the aid of the legislature. New York, May 15th, 1871. Yours, &c.,

DAN MYRON.

The facts set forth in the above card are substantiated by Mr. Thompson—Mr. Myron's counsel—and by an attested copy of the decree of the court which we have read.

MISS PAULINE CANISSA sailed for Europe in the Java on May 10th. During the months of June and July she will sing in London, Eng., under Mr. Mapleson's management, and will return to this country in the latter part of August.

MRS. LOTTY HOUGH, who will be remembered as a pleasing and vivacious actress, who, for the past few years, has been living in retirement, it is rumored will shortly re appear in public as a lecturess.

MR. CHARLES FECHTER will shortly sail for London, Eng., to be absent six weeks or more. He will re-appear at Niblo's Garden early in October in melo-drama. "Monte Cristo" will probably be the opening piece. Miss Carlotta Leclercq, who will act with him, will remain in this country.

MESSRS. LOWELL AND SIMMONDS, dramatic agents, have dissolved the copartnership heretofore existing between them. Mr. Simmonds having purchased all of Mr. Lowell's interest in the business, which will be continued at 636 Broadway by Mr. Morris Simmonds. Professionals will find no lack of energy and the same care and attention will be paid to their wishes as heretofore. As will be seen in another column, Mr. Lowell joins Mr. W. Henderson in the management of the new Opera House in Providence, R. I.

"RANDALL'S THUMB," a drama by Mr. W. S. Gilbert, now being acted with much success at the Court Theatre, London, Eng., was acted, for the first time in this country, on Monday evening, May 8th, at Wallack's Theatre. It is in three acts, and as we published the plot soon after its original production in London, we have no need to rehearse it now. In construction it resembles somewhat the Robertson comedies. The dialogue is sparkling and well written, and the effects are easily and naturally produced. Even if the performers are compelled to do or say things that would never occur in real life, still dramatic license must be pleaded in excuse. Although it teaches no moral lesson and the story of its plot may be stretching originality, yet it is highly amusing. Some liberties have been taken with the language and situations in its production here, which we think have been for the best. One of the happiest incidents of the play, the introduction being for the purposes of an underplot, is the contrasting two pairs of married people—Mr. and Mrs. Flamboys and Mr. and Mrs. Scantlebury—who are living under false pretenses, the former supposing that they have just been wedded and indulge, when in the presence of others, in sentimental rapture and much billing and cooing. Its setting requires but two scenes. A hotel and grounds at Beachington, a seaside resort in England, which is used during the first and last acts, and the Clump Rocks, with a view of the sea, both of which were elegant and artistic, and the latter one may unhesitatingly pronounce one of the finest specimens of distemper painting we ever gazed upon. It is from the pencil of Mr. George Evans. The mechanical effects in this scene which produce the illusion of the rising tide were admirably contrived. The drama was acted with the following cast:—

Mr. Scantlebury.....John Gilbert
Randall.....Charles Fisher
Jon Bangles.....J. H. Stoddart
Mr. Flamboys.....Owen Marlowe
Reginald Buckthorpe.....B. T. Ringgold
Dr. Treiway.....M. Lanagan
Mr. Scantlebury.....W. Quigley
Cumming.....W. Quigley
Torpid.....Mr. Peck
Edith Temple..Mrs. C. Jennings
Mrs. Flamboys..Miss E. Germon
Miss Spin..Miss Emily Mestayer
Mrs. Scantlebury..Mrs. J. Sefton

Mr. Scantlebury was most humorously acted by Mr. John Gilbert and a drunken scene, in the second act, was performed by him in the most artistic manner. His tender sentimentalism in the love scenes, already referred to, was most comical, while Mrs. Sefton in her impersonation of Mrs. Scantlebury was not a whit less meritorious. Randall, a scoundrel of the swell mob order, was correctly costumed and most artistically acted by Mr. Chas. Fisher, who has added, by this performance, to his laurels already gained by his long service in a meritorious pursuit of his art. Joe Bangles found an excellent representative in Mr. J. H. Stoddart, who was amusing, natural and without exaggeration. Mr. Ringgold acted Reginald Buckthorpe in a frank, manly manner, his impersonation being characterized by naturalness and ease. Mr. Lanagan was gentlemanly and courtly as Dr. Treiway and deserving of commendation. Mr. Leonard performed with credit the small part of the Superintendent of Police, as did Messrs. Quigley and Peck, Cumming and Torpid respectively. Mrs. Clara Jennings acted in a charming manner the heroine, Edith Temple, while Miss Effie Germon as Mrs. Flamboys was bubbling o'er with mirth and archness, and Mr. Owen Marlowe as her husband, Mr. Flamboys, was, as usual, correct and excellent. Miss Emily Mestayer in the acting of Miss Spin, a gushing spinster of uncertain age, was highly successful, and it was one of the finest specimens of true histrionic art we have witnessed. Her conception of the part was equal to the performance of it, and the original business she created was highly diverting. The acting throughout was excellent, and it is very seldom that any company can be seen to such good advantage as the one in the performance of this drama, which has achieved pronounced success. It will undoubtedly run the balance of the present season should the manager not determine to withdraw it in favor of other novelties.

TONY PASTOR'S TRAVELING COMPANY, as organized for the proposed tour during the summer season, will embrace not only the principal performers of the regular company at his Opera House, but the addition and assistance of Miss Ella Wesner, songs, with rapid changes of costume; Miss Kittie O'Neil, jig dancer; Miss Ada Wray, vocalist and banjo soloist; Miss Jennie Gilmer, Irish songs and sketches; William Carleton, Irish vocalist, dancer and sketches. Prominent among the performers of the regular company will be found Miss Helene Smith, *danseuse* and song and dance; and Frank Kerns, Ethiopian comedian. Tony Pastor, one of

ffum. There is also a broad flight of stairs leading from this vestibule to the gallery. Ample arrangements have been made for water in case of fire. It was inaugurated by performances of the Grand English Opera Combination on Friday evening, May 12th, for an account of which see Musical Summary.

THE TRIMBLE OPERA HOUSE, Albany, N. Y., has been doing an immense business the past week, with "The three Hunchbacks" as the attraction, wrote our correspondent on May 13th, adding, "the house is crowded from parquet to gallery each evening. Neither of any interest has been omitted, the company the same as last season, and the performance of the principals as well as the chorus, if we except Mr. Stevens, who is under the weather, is the best to please the audience. They are all in superb voice, are all pretty and are excellent dancers, especially the leaders, the Misses F. Christie and Miss Waldauer. Mr. C. Abbott as the clown is a great favorite, as are also Mr. Moe and Miss Kirkham, the soubrets. The scenery is of the most splendid, the costumes rich and effective parts. Owing to company are well up in their respective parts. Owing to the great success of the piece it will not be withdrawn until the 17th. On the 15th new tricks, new scenes, new costumes, &c., will be added. The complimentary benefit to Stevens could take place at the Trimble Opera House on the evening of the 8th, Manager Barras having tendered the free use of the opera house for that occasion. The bill presented will be (A Morning Call.) 'Woman's Faith and Soldier's Honor' and 'Box and Cox.'.....The complimentary benefit to Harry Merry, at Martin Hall, on the 9th, announced almost to a finale. The attendance was light and the performance the same. With the exceptions of Walter Meeks and W. L. Street, the company did not amount to much. 'Married for Money' in a version of 'Lady Audley's Secret' was the first one. The performance concluded with the farce of the 'Lottery Ticket,' which was unmercifully 'gayed.'"

THE CHAPMAN SISTERS and C. B. Bishop closed an engagement of one week by a joint benefit on May 10th. Our correspondent, writing on May 11th, speaks of them as follows: "The audience was not large, owing to the very inclement state of the weather. The programme selected for the occasion commenced with 'The Pet of the Petticoats,' in which Miss Blanche as Paul, was excellent. Ella as Mimi was good, and her song of 'Constantinople' was heartily *encored*. Bishop's Job was as funny as funny could be. Next in order came a double clog dance by Cooper and Fields, which was deservedly *encored*. The burlesque of 'Orion' closed the performance, and was pleasantly performed. Blanche, in the title role, was as lively as ever, and sang admirably. Ella, as Mercury, was a greater favorite than ever, and was greeted with applause at every appearance. Bishop, as Minerva, kept the audience in a continual roar. They leave for Columbia this morning."

AT THE PARK THEATRE, Brooklyn L. I., E. T. Stetson drew a series of good houses during the week, in Foster's sensational play of "Neck and Neck," the drama affording the company more sport than a little, Bamb's witty gags being quite a feature. This week Little Nell is to appear in "Katy Did." Miss Laura Keene is announced to appear on May 22d.

W. M. Monroe, formerly business manager for Mr. and Mrs. Barney Williams, who can be addressed care of this office, is at liberty to arrange with stars or companies.

WALLACK'S COMPANY are to play in Brooklyn, L. I., this week, and play the "Lisr" and "His Last legs."

CONCERNING THEATRICALS IN OMAHA, Neb., we have the following report from our correspondent, dated May 12th: "At the Academy of Music we had, on Monday, 'East Lynn, with Alice Gray as Lady Isabel and Madame Vine; Archibald Carlyle, Frank Murdoch; Sir Francis Levison, J. A. Stevens; Barbara Hare, Miss Carlotta; Miss Corney, Mrs. De Bar, all of whom gained much applause by the able manner in which they rendered their parts. On Tuesday night we had 'Grace Darling,' with Alice Gray as Grace Darling, Mrs. Murdoch as Sly O'Connor, and the full strength of the company. Of the personation of Sly O'Connor by Mrs. Murdoch we cannot speak too highly. On Wednesday night Manager Stevens announced himself for his first benefit, and as an extra attraction Miss Josh Clark Walters, a great favorite here, appeared for the first time in three years. She acted Juliana in the 'Honeymoon,' and Judy O'Trot, in 'Ireland As It Was.' She has a good soprano voice, which she has under full control, and the songs which she sang gained her great applause. The house was crowded from pit to dome and was a worthy tribute to the energetic manager. Thursday night Miss Walters appeared as Lucretia Borgia, and Margery, in the 'Rough Diamond,' in both of which she did much better than she did in the characters she assumed the night previous. Duke Alfonso, and Gobbo were with Miss Walters. Stevens, are the only two worthy of notice. Manager Stevens never appeared and looked so well and gained so much applause as he did on this night."

REED AND SHELDON'S New York Comic Theatre commence a three nights' season in Clinton, Iowa, May 15th, thence to Fulton, Ill., and they are billed to play in Adrian, Mich., June 5th.

FLEMING'S DRAMATIC COMPANY is billed to open in Clinton, Iowa, May 18th, for three nights, thence to Davenport.

Musical.

THE CONTINENTAL VOCALISTS performed in Norwalk, O., May 6th; Elyria, 8th; Painsville, 9th; Geneva, 10th; Ashtabula, 11th; Erie, Pa., 12th and 13th; Dunkirk, 15th.

THE ALLEGHANIANS, vocalists and Swiss bell ringers, are reported as doing an excellent business in the towns of Wyoming Valley, and they performed in Wilkesbarre, Pa., May 12th and 13th, having been engaged by Mr. S. B. Moore.

THE BERGEN FAMILY performed in Quincy, Ill., May 10th and 11th; Jacksonville, 12th and 13th, and are billed to perform in Keokuk, Iowa, 15th; Burlington, 16th; Monmouth, 17th, and Galesburgh, 18th and 19th.

THE GRAND ENGLISH OPERA COMBINATION performed in the Academy of Music, Williamsport, Pa., May 8th and 6th, performing "Martha" and the "Bohemian Girl."

J. S. WHITE & CO., of Marshall, Mich., will issue, about May 20th, a new song entitled, "A Little Face is Missing."

THREE TENOR SINGERS are wanted to travel with Leavitt's Swiss Bell Ringers. Address as per advertisement.

MR. H. DRAYTON, at present traveling with the English, Opera Company, is spoken of as follows by the Pittsburgh *Dispatch*, of May 8th:—

The main figure throughout was "Bertram," Mr. Drayton, who furnished one of the most magnificent pieces of acting ever witnessed on the boards of a theatre in this city. The rob he supported seemed somewhat akin to that of "Mephistopheles" in "Faust"—in which latter personation Drayton is perhaps unexcelled. His "Bertram" last night was, in his way, as great a treat as Booth's "Richelieu," or Fechter's "Hamlet."

THE GRAND ENGLISH OPERA COMBINATION is announced to perform three nights in Syracuse, N. Y., commencing May 15th.

THE GLEE CLUB of Yale College, New Haven, Conn., will take a yachting excursion during the summer, stopping at the principal New England seaport towns for the purpose of giving concerts.

DANIEL FRANCOIS ESPRIT AUBER, the eminent and popular musical composer, died in Paris, France, on May 12th. He was born on January 29th, 1784, at Caen, in Normandy, while his parents were on a visit to that city, and consequently, at the time of his death, he was in the eighty-eighth year of his age. His father was a print seller in Paris, and being desirous that his son should acquire a knowledge of that business, sent him to London, Eng., for that purpose. He evinced a fondness for music at a very early age, which was not discouraged by his parents, and before the age of ten years, he could play with considerable skill upon several instruments, including the violin and piano. When his parents discovered that business was absolutely distasteful to him, and that he was unfitted for it, they decided to allow him to follow the bent of his taste, and gave him a musical education. Among his earlier compositions may be noticed the *concertos* for the violoncello, ascribed to Lamare the violoncellist; the *concerto* for the violin, played by Mazas, with great applause, at the Conservatory of Music in Paris, and the comic opera, "Julie," with a modest accompaniment for two violins, two altos and a bass. These works were very successful, but Auber, aspiring to greater things, now devoted himself to a deeper study of music under Cherubini, and wrote a mass for four voices. In 1813 he produced an opera entitled "Le Séjour Militaire," which was a complete failure. He was so much disheartened at this that he resolved to abandon all idea of reaching eminence as a musical composer. However, a short time after this his father died, leaving his pecuniary affairs in so deplorable a condition that Auber was reduced almost to poverty, and for several years he had to earn his living by teaching music. In 1819 he again came before the public by producing "Le Testament et les Billets-doux," which also proved unsuccessful. He persevered, and in 1820 produced "La Bergere Chatelaine," which was favorably received. This was followed in 1821 by "Emma." After this production he commenced to imitate Rossini, as was shown in his opera of "Leicester," which was produced in 1829. It met with considerable success, and was remarkable for the first association of the two names of Auber and Scribe—afterwards inseparable. After this opera there followed in quick succession "La Neige," in 1828; "Le Concert a la Cour" and "Leocadie," in 1824; "Le Macon," in 1825, and "Fiorella" in 1826, which latter placed Auber in the rank of the most popular composers. All of the foregoing productions had been produced at the Opera Comique, and he now entered upon a wider field. On February 29th, 1828, he produced at the Grand Opera, in Paris, "La Muette de Portici"—better known in English as "Masaniello." In this opera he departed from the school in which he had been educated and marked out a new line for himself. Its success was pronounced and it was immediately placed upon an equal footing with the works of Rossini and Meyerbeer in the principal theatres of Europe. "La Fiancee" was produced in 1829; "Fra Diavolo" in 1830, as was also "Le Dieu et la Bayadere;" "La Marquise de Brinvilliers," in 1831, "Lestocq," in 1834; "Le Cheval de Bronze," in 1835, which was re-set a few years afterwards for the Grand Opera; "Acteon," "Les Chaperons Blancs," "L'Ambassadrice," in 1836; "Le Domino Noir," in 1837—this afforded a last opportunity for his old friend, Mme. Damoreau, to triumph in comic opera; "Zanetta," in 1840; "Les Diamants de la Couronne," in 1841; "Le Duc d'Olonne," in 1842; "La Part du Diable," in 1843; "La Sirene," in 1844; "La Barcarole," in 1845; "Haydee," in 1847; "Marco Spada," in 1853, on which occasion Mlle. Dupres made her *debut*; "Jenny Bell," in 1855, "Manon Lescaut," in 1856; "La Circassienne," in 1861; "La Fiancee du Roi de Garbe," in 1864, and "Le Premier Jour de Bonheur," on February 14th, 1868. Auber was elected into the institute in 1826. He was appointed by Louis Philippe director of the Court concerts in 1830, and in 1842 succeeded Cherubini as director of the Conservatory of Music. He was also appointed in 1853 director of the music at the imperial chapel by the late Emperor, Chevalier of the Legion of Honor in 1825, officer in 1833, commander in 1847 and grand officer August 9th, 1861. He was a member of nearly all the celebrated musical societies in the world.

A SEASON OF ITALIAN OPERA, limited to five nights and a *matinee*, will be commenced at the Academy of Music, Philadelphia, on the evening of the 22d, under the direction of Mr. L. Albites. The company engaged includes Miss Clara Louise Kellogg, Madame Agatha States and other artists.

MISS NILSSON gave a concert in St. Louis, Mo., on May 16th, assisted by Brignoli, Verger and Vieuxtemps, the violinist.

ROSA D'ERINA commenced a series of concerts and operettas on Monday, May 8th, at St. Louis, Mo.

FRANK D. ANDREWS, an organist, sailed in the steamship France, on May 13th, for Leipsic, Germany, where he will continue his studies.

THE ALBITES OPERA TROUPE performed "Martha" to a full house at the Brooklyn Academy, on May 11th, Miss Kellogg appearing in the title role. "Faust" is to be given on the 19th.

THE NEW OPERA HOUSE, Rochester, N. Y., was opened Friday evening, May 12th, concerning which our correspondent wrote on May 13th as follows:—"An immense audience was assembled, every seat and every available bit of standing room being occupied; crowds were turned away unable to gain admittance. On this occasion the Grand English Opera Combination presented the opera of "Il Trovatore, with the following cast:—

Leonora.....	Marie.....W. Castle
Azucena.....Mrs. C. Richings Bernard	Count Luna.....Henri Drayton
Ines.....Miss R. Hosking	Bernardo.....Arthur Howell
Manrico.....Bull	Ruiz.....J. Chiesa

The afternoon they sing a Gentleman playing 'Martha,' and this evening they present the opera of 'Der Freischutz,' which closes their engagement here."

Variety Halls.

AT THE WALNUT STREET THEATRE, KANSAS CITY, Mo., on May 8th, Mlle. Julia Blake made her first appearance as Marietta in the drama of "The Pirates of the Wreck," and was greeted by the audience with marked applause. Kennedy as Captain of the Rescue, Malcolmson as Jack Frank, a jolly tar, O. W. Blake as Weigenstadt, rendering it in his usual good style, and the charming little Ada Boshell as Christine, the rest of the characters by the company; previous to which was given the very pleasing olio, consisting of ballads by the Misses Polly and Ollie Hind, fancy dancing by Mlle Emma Scott and Ada Boshell, "The old favorite, Jimmy Quinn, has returned and was greeted with much applause on his appearance on Monday evening in his mirth provoking stump speech and Dutch song and dance, "Kully Vere's Your Cat." Tom Mason and Celia Herd, as the Jolly Couple, were quite jolly. "The Darling of My Heart" was rendered in good style by Geo. Wilson. On Sunday night last Gaffoli and Rooke gave their last exhibition of their songs and dances. Although young in the business these gentlemen are very good performers.

THE LAURIE and the Walhalla Troupe have formed a combination, and managers desiring to engage them can address as per advertisement.

JULIA ROSE, the little Irish comic vocalist, can be addressed care of this office.

THE LAURI FAMILY and the Walhalla Troupe commenced an engagement of four nights in Kansas city, Mo., May 10th.

JOHN DENIER'S GAIETY COMIQUE COMPANY closed its season at Moravia, N. Y., on May 8th with a benefit to N. B. Skinner. The season has lasted eleven months. John Denier before returning east gave two high rope ascensions in Waverly, May 10th and 11th. The artists comprising the company at its close were as follows: John Denier, N. B. Skinner, James King, Herbert Day, Frank Bunce, Wm. Koehler, D. Chambers, C. W. Holmes, J. V. Melton, Nellie De Vere, Maggie Willett; Agents, E. B. Brown and J. Newell.

AT WINTON'S OPERA HOUSE, Syracuse, N. Y., we are having a three nights' season from Spencer's Globe Theatre combination, who are playing to very slim audiences. .....At Will's Opera House, with a good company and popular pieces, we find crowded houses, as has been the case all the week past. Miss Ada Stewart, in her dances last evening was repeatedly *encored*, as was Miss Maggie Willett, as "The Girl of the Period." Gus Williams is still a great favorite in all his characters. Turner and Lester cannot be surpassed in their songs and dances. So wrote our correspondent "Casum," on May 10th.

CHARLES COLLINS, the Dutch comedian and character actor, is in Newark, N. J., on a visit to his friends.

BILLY PASTOR'S COMBINATION, with Ada Terman's, Female Minstrels, showed at the Opera House, Newark, N. J., May 9th, before a fair audience. Part first was filled up by Miss Terman's Female Minstrel Troupe, in the course of which the lady named sang "Dont be Angry Darling," very sweetly. A variety of songs, dances, farces, etc., comprise the second part, prominent among which are the diamond clog dance of Miss Jennie Benson, banjo solo by J. D. Rooms, song and dance by Minnie Wells, and the renowned Billy Pastor in his budget of comic songs. So wrote our correspondent on May 12th.

AT SHELBY'S COMIQUE, Buffalo, N. Y., writes our correspondent under date of May 13th, "affairs move with the regularity of clock work. The patrons are delighted and more than satisfied with the excellent entertainment and the neat appearance of the auditorium. Mr. Shelby has succeeded in establishing (what was heretofore considered impossible at this house) a really first class variety theatre, not the slightest objectionable feature being introduced. The gallery *gamins* occasionally break out wildly, but their outbursts are promptly suppressed by the efficient private police in attendance. The new features this week were:—In the first part new songs by Miss Nagle's Female Minstrels, the substitution of Sam Cole for Tom Wingett on the bone end, and the production, in fine style, for the *finale*, of the 'Grand Railroad Smash-Up.' Several new acts were introduced in part second, among others acrobatic feats by Ben Howe and Master Johnny, rendered quite skilfully; 'Our Country Cousin,' song and dance, by Miss Lillie De Berg; an excellent burlesque of the Mace-Coburn fight, by Shelby and Cole, entitled 'The Contest;' Chinese pastimes, by Miss Nagle and *corps de ballet*; beautiful statuary representations, by Mlle. Mabretta, which deserve special commendation; Madrilena dance by Miss Nagle; 'The Fellow that Looks Like Me," by Shelby, Howe and Lillie De Berg; 'Captain Schmidt,' by Master Johnny; the sketch of the 'Fisherman's Luck;' the extravaganza of 'Cousin Snyder,' and the roaring farce of the 'Henpecked Husband,' characters by the company. For Monday night, 15th, Miss Ella Wesner, protean and change artist, and Miss Dora Bishop, vocalist, are announced. Large audiences were present during the week."

SANFORD'S NEW OPERA HOUSE, Philadelphia, is now established as a place of amusement. An entirely new programme was given last week, introducing the old Nobs Family, by Ole Bull Myers, and nightly concluding with one of Sam Sandford's burlesques. Ben Wheeler, Miss Elsie De Courcy, and Master Bennie will commence an engagement at this establishment on the 15th inst. Every evening last week presents were distributed among the audience. Sam Sanford had a benefit on the 8th inst., which was very well attended.

THE PHILADELPHIA VARIETIES was well filled last week. Miss Ada Wray made her first appearance at this establishment, and gave great satisfaction in her serio-comic songs; Ben Wheeler and Miss Elsie De Courcey appeared to much advantage in "Barney's Courtship;" Mlle. Eugenie Oberti, one of the late accessions to the company, was much applauded for her graceful and animated dancing. Perry and Turner, in a double song and dance; Ben Wheeler, in his Irish vocalism; the Freeman Sisters, in their pleasing duets; and the Blonde Female Minstrels, were the other most prominent features of the programme. Billy Pastor, the comic vocalist, and Mlle. Brunetta, *danseuse*, will make their first appearance here on the 15th inst. Miss Ada Wray will appear for one week more. On Thursday, the 18th, the Freeman Sisters will have a complimentary benefit, when prizes will be given for the best and worst conundrum.

THE VARIED ENTERTAINMENT provided at the Albambra, Seventh street below Arch, Philadelphia, attracted large audiences last week, and if the management continue to display the same spirit of enterprise they ought to meet with abundant support. Miss Rosalinda, serio-comic vocalist, made her first appearance last week and was well received. The vocalism of Mlle. Henrietta, Miss Minnie Weldon and Lottie Josey; the Dutch song and dance of Charlie Fox; the Ethiopian eccentricities of Otto Burbank, Dick Parker, Toney Harvey and J. Carlton in "Deaf as a Horn," "Who Died First?" and "The Mountain Actors" were a few of the leading specialties of last week's programmes. The Female Minstrels continue popular, and the performance concludes with the "Can can." On the 18th inst., Miss Annie Hindle, serio-comic vocalist; Miss Amy De Brent, vocalist, and Harry Jefferson, song and dance man, will make their first appearance here.

AT THE VARIETIES THEATRE, St. Louis, Mo., the new people who opened May 7th were James Vincent, W. C. Crosbie, and Hattie O'Neil, and they have achieved success. Crosbie's comic singing, Vincent's stilt dancing and Miss O'Neil's singing were all received with favor. Besides these they appear in the burlesque of "Sonnambula." In the olio, La Petite Emma has performed an Irish Lit in good style, and La Belle Ida's songs and dances were received with favor. Hall's banjo songs as still the rage, and Little Grant, the miniature comedian, is a most interesting feature in his songs and dances. Hannah Birch's fancy dance, Mlle. Bertha's serio-comic songs, and Joe Child's clog dance are worthy of mention, as is the ballad singing of Miss Ida Wallace. The De Lave Family are still doing their brilliant aerial flights. The performance concluded with a sensational drama entitled "Child of the Signal of Death," in which Geo. W. Thompson played the part of Peigrino, assisted by Hi Chapman as Andre Blondelle and Miss Kate Morris as Blanche de Fleury. Next (this) week Nellie Taylor appears at this house. Emma Grattan closed last week.....Scott's Varieties presents a good bill this week. Mr. W. Lilley, an old favorite here, made his re-appearance May 7th. Jimmie Quinn and Nell Rogers still keep the ends in the first part.....Hart's Varieties has changed hands and is now known as Allen's Varieties, Mr. Billy Allen having taken charge of it. The stage is under the direction of Billy Burton. Miss Lizzie Florence is a new acquisition and does some excellent medley dances. Johnny Nichols and Charley Boyd both closed this week, and Nell Rogers, now at Scott's, commences here May 14th. Minnie Rainforth is good in her comic songs, sailor's hornpipe, and in the protean farce called 'Behind the Scenes; or, The Young Actress.' She is ably assisted by Mr. W. C. Burton as Croaschex and Mr. Johnny Murphy as Grimaldi. La Petite Hinsley is as great a favorite as ever in her songs and dances.....At Bob Henry's Sixth Street Varieties one of the best companies that ever appeared there is drawing good houses. The minstrel first part is omitted this week, and the performance commences with Joe Woods' original burlesque, entitled 'Ye Ancient Old Folks,' which is cast as follows:—Father Mutton Pounder, ye ancient lecturer and leader, Joe Woods; Sister Cussedness Buttergrubber, age not known, Ettie Barker; Brother Hezekiah Whiffinger, 2,500 years at least, A. S. Caspar; Sister Mehitable Dumplingtosser, no age, Nina DuBois; Brother Peppermint Brandyfix, Frank Mack; Sister Diptheria Lanternjaw, Little Mary; Brother Eryaipelas Foulbreath, age 846, Dan Sprague; Sister Disdainful Cheesepunisher, Senorita Phinomena; Brother Tobacconod Horseradish, age 968, E. F. Barnes; Sister Marvelous Whooping-cough, Annie Forrester; Brother Deuteronomy Ashbarrel, and sister, twins, Billy Rivers and Lizzie Lilley. Sprague and Mack did some excellent songs and dances, and the triple clog by Sprague, Mack and Rivers was a good performance. *La Petite* Mary's songs and dances are popular. "Rural Felicities" by Bob Barnes and Annie Forrester was a good feature, and Billy Rivers' banjo songs received their share of applause. Joe Wood's sensational songs, and Ettie Barker's medley were well done. The performances concluded with "Le Mabile Can-can," in which Miss Ettie Barker renders the part of Frailty. A. S. Caspar has returned from the Fanny Price Dramatic Co., and has assumed the stage management. Bob Frayne has gone to Mr. Henry's place in Dubuque, Iowa. So wrote our correspondent on May 12th.

CINCINNATI, O., VARIETY INTELLIGENCE is thus furnished by our correspondent, up to May 12th:—"At the Race Street Varieties, the only change that has occurred was Annie W. Hill closed her engagement, and went to Pittsburgh, Pa. The present is the last week of Low Owens, who has an engagement at Cleveland, O. His place will be supplied by Ostrander, a comedian who came here with Mlle Emma. The features of the week have been new ballads by Ohrissie Morrell, Nellie Halloway, M'lle Augusta and Marsh Adams, dances by Pattie Jerome, Misses Emma and Augusta, Tommy and Wallie Jerome, and Lew Cavens; comicalities by Cavans and Mlle Barlow, and concluding with a local hit, entitled 'Look Out,' in which Cavans, Adams, Barlow, James Finley, and all the ladies participate, Miss Morrell personating Frailty. Business has been very fair.....At Apollo Hall, Charley Sullivan is acting as interlocutor, with Ohris. Ransom and M. A. Griffin on the ends.....At Pacific Garden, Fred. Fehrman and wife, vocalists, have joined. Arl. Holston is still there."

A NUMBER OF NEW PEOPLE made their first appearance at the Varieties Theatre, Pittsburgh, Pa., on the 8th inst., among whom were the Francisco Sisters and Kirsity Sisters, *danseuses*; Johnny Smith, banjoist; Mollie Somers, Dutch vocalist, and the Nicols (Stemonde and Emanuel), gymnasts; all of whom are more than usually talented in their respective roles. A new troupe of female minstrels was organized on the 8th inst. There are nine ladies and six end men, the latter of whom are Herman, Smith, Otten, Archer, Murphy and Egbert. Miss Flora Benton does the middle business. Fitzsimmons' "Ireland's Freedom" was put on this (last) week and became popular with the audiences from the outset. The stinelling are thrilling and the plot ingeniously woven. Manager Almes will be the recipient of a complimentary benefit on the 18th inst., tendered him by the amusement going public of Pittsburgh. So wrote our correspondent on May 12th.

THE METROPOLITAN HALL, WASHINGTON, D. C., is meeting with a very good share of patronage, although the company at present is not a very strong one. New faces and fresh novelties are very much needed. Ione Lang, since her husband joined the company, has appeared as Miss Mille Ione. So wrote our correspondent "Novice."

THE OLYMPIC THEATRE, Chicago, Ill., is doing a flourishing business and giving an excellent performance, reports our correspondent.

THE NORFOLK VARIETIES, Norfolk, Va., is said to be doing a good business, with a company among whom are Laughlin and Murray, Carrie Bently, Ada Freeman, Sallie Ellsworth and Frank Bennett, stage manager. Charley Offord and Harry Raymond are underlined for May 22d. Talent is wanted.

TALENT is wanted for the Varieties Theatre, Peoria, Ill. Address as per advertisement.

THE ALHAMBRA VARIETIES, Elizabeth, N. J., will be opened on May 22d for the summer season. Talent is wanted for this house.

AT THE VARIETIES, Norfolk, Va., during the past week, the Misses Carrie Bentley, Ada Freeman, Sallie Ellsworth, Messrs. Loughlin, Murray and Bennett were the chief attractions.

THE RE-APPEARANCE OF BONEY MCKNOWN, clog dancer; and Miss Jennie Murrell, Irish jig dancer, were the only novelties at the Opera House, Grand Rapids, Mich., during the past week.

JOHN DEITZ has leased Union Hall, Titusville, Pa., for one year from June 1st, which he will open as a variety hall.

EVA COSTELLO, trapeze artist, was presented with a gold medal on May 1st by Ad Ryman on behalf of her friends in Brooklyn, N. Y.

AT THE GRAND, Brooklyn, L. I., there were good houses every night last week. This week, Fuller and Hughes are to appear, also Harry Bryant, with his talking baby. Fred. and Eva Costello are among the new artists in their daring trapeze act. Among the new sketches are "Doctor Darcall," "Who Stole Keiser's Dog?" and the pantomime of Vel-ke-Vent."

THE OLYMPIC VARIETIES, in Brooklyn, L. I., was well patronized during the week, the Felix Rogers Burlesque Troupe being the attraction. This week, Miss Kate Williams has a benefit, and Eddy is to appear in his specialties during the week.

TALENT is wanted for Harry Hill's Varieties, in this city. See advertisement.

Negro Minstrelsy.

LEE AND HOUGH, song and dance men, can be engaged after June 1st. Their address is care of this office.

W. B. DONALDSON, Ethiopian comedian, clown, &c., has leased the Lockwood House, Poughkeepsie, N. Y., where he intends to keep a hotel on the European plan.

AT SIMMONS AND SLOCUM'S MINSTRELS, Philadelphia, on Monday, the 8th inst., W. Hamilton and Charles Stevens had a joint benefit, and a crowded house attested the public's appreciation of their merit. In the first part, last week, Billy Sweetman sang "Pit, Pat, Post," and Lew Simmons gave "Angelina and her Baby." W. Hamilton sung "The Day When You'll Forget Me," with much taste and expression. In the second part, W. Welsh and J. Rice appeared in their well executed "Empire Clog Dance" and in "Golden Showers." Lew Simmons and Billy Sweetman have an amusing burlesque upon the Mace-Coburn "Exile," entitled "May the Best Man Win." The laughable sketches of "The Wine Merchant" and "The Coopers" brought the entertainment to a close. On the 15th inst. Joseph Norrie and E. G. Stone, and on the 18th inst. W. H. Chambers, Eddie Fox and Charles Brown have benefits. During the last week of the season, which ends on the 20th inst., a very attractive programme will be rendered. The troupe opens at the Holliday Street Theatre, Baltimore, Md., on the 22d inst.

WITH HOOLEY'S MINSTRELS, says our Chicago correspondent, writing on the 12th inst.:—"There seems to be no diminution in the attendance. 'Cinderella' is still the reigning feature. The latest addition to the company is Mr. J. C. Kenny, in a musical sense. He is a clever musician and a valuable acquisition. Billy Rice is up for a benefit on the 16th, and if all his admirers turn out, the theatre will prove too small for the occasion.

MANNING'S MINSTRELS last week presented their Chicago patrons with one of their most attractive bills. That excellent burlesque, "A Lad-in" has created a decided sensation. Since Billy Manning became a fixture, his wit knows no bounds. J. R. Kemble was recently presented with an elegant gold watch.

L. W. HARLEIGH, character vocalist, who has just concluded an engagement with Welch, Hughes & White's Brooklyn Minstrels, is highly spoken of by the Brooklyn press, as will be seen by extracts published in another column. He advertises that he can be engaged by first class managers through his agent, Harry Cunningham.

COON BRADY, Ethiopian comedian and song and dance man, whose address is care of this office, can be engaged.

THE BROOKLYN OPERA HOUSE flourishes under its present management. This week a fine bill has been prepared, with "Our Chris," Zoyara, Frank Bell, Barlow Brothers, Bernardo and the trio, Welch, White and Hughes, as the stars.

THE SAN FRANCISCO MINSTRELS opened in Cincinnati, O., May 12th, and are announced to remain until the 20th, inclusive.

MME. RENTZ'S FEMALE MINSTRELS performed in Montreal, C. E., May 13th, and were billed to remain the 15th and 16th.

HOOLEY'S MINSTRELS are billed to play in the Masonic Temple, Louisville, Ky., May 24th, 25th, 26th and 27th.

CARNCROSS & DIXEY'S MINSTRELS performed in the Academy of Music, Pittsburgh, Pa., during the entire past week and are billed to remain the present week.

CAL WAGNER'S MINSTRELS are billed to play in Keokuk, Iowa, May 15th; Quincy, Ill., 17th; Jacksonville, 18th and 19th; Springfield, 20th, and will open at the Olympic Theatre, St. Louis, Mo., on the 22d, for one week, at which place Johnny Booker will join the company.

Circus.

O'BRIEN'S MENAGERIE is billed to exhibit in Ellenville, N. Y., May 16th; New Paltz, 17th; Kingston, 18th; Saugerties, 19th; and Catskill, 20th.

MANNING'S MENAGERIE AND CIRCUS is billed to exhibit in Ravenna, O., May 15th; Akron, 16th; Chagrin Falls, 17th; Cleveland, on the west side, 18th; Cleveland, on the east side, 19th and 20th; Elyria, 22d; Wellington, 23d; New London, 24th; Monroeville, 25th; Sandusky, 26th, and Freemont, 27th.

J. E. WARNER & CO.'S Pacific Menagerie and Circus exhibited in Meadville, Pa., May 8th, and will be in Cleveland, O., about May 15th.

A LOT OF CIRCUS PROPERTY, consisting of wagons, canvas, band chariot, &c., is advertised for sale. For further particulars address, as per card elsewhere.

THE HIGH OLYMPAD performed in Council Bluffs, Iowa, May 15th.

GRADY'S OLD FASHIONED CIRCUS is billed to perform in East Saginaw May 18th.

J. A. MCKENZIE, proprietor of the Excelsior Circus, has added to it the late Col. Archer's collection of animals. The double show is to open for the season at Henderson, Ky., on May 20th.

JOE MCCORMICK, boss canvas man, advertises that he can be engaged for the remainder of the season.

JAMES ROBINSON'S CIRCUS is billed to perform in east Saginaw, Mich., May 20th.

SHELDON'S CIRCUS is billed to exhibit in Tideonte, Pa., May 15th; Titusville, 16th; Pleasantville, 17th; Petroleum Centre, 18th; Rouseville, 19th; Oil City, 20th, and Franklin, 22d.

ALEXANDER NICHOLLS, clown and jester, advertises that he can be engaged.

E. SHOW'S CIRCUS is billed to perform in East Saginaw, Mich., May 16th.

Miscellaneous.

ELLIOTT'S ACADEMY OF MUSIC, Williamsport, Pa., can be rented through the proprietor, whose card is in another column. It is a new house, has a stage with scenery, six dressing rooms and all conveniences, and will seat about one thousand persons. Messrs. Hess & Co., as will be seen by the advertisement, highly recommend the hall.

CORD AND WILKINS, bill posters and distributors, Philadelphia, Pa., state through their card elsewhere, that they are prepared to post bills in that and adjacent cities.

CHAS. SEYMOUR advertises that he will send for the price a list of steps for jig and clog dancing.

SEVEN CASES OF stuffed animals are advertised for sale by the Zoological Show Company.

MELODEON HALL, Bellefontaine, Ohio, is advertised to rent. It has a stage with scenery, dressing rooms, &c.

GEO. G. HURLBURT, advance agent, desires an engagement. He is recommended by the managers of the Alleghanians. See advertisement.

A PANORAMA is advertised for sale by E. W. Jones.

MARTIN, the wizard, closed a season of five nights at Princeton, Ill., on May 13th, and opens for five nights at Moline, Ill., on May 16th.

BRADY'S RINK, Jersey City, N. J., centrally located, and covering an area of 30,000 square feet, can be rented for circuses, &c. Address as per advertisement.

KLEIN'S OPERA HOUSE, Scranton, Pa., can be rented through the agent, whose card is in another column. It has a stage, with six dressing rooms, traps, machinery, a large stock of scenes and drop curtain.

A. ELMER GRISWOLD, known as the "Fat Contributor," is announced to lecture at Liberty, Mo., May 23d; Lexington, 23d; Richmond, 24th, and Cameron, 25th, under the management of the Western Lyceum Bureau.

PROFESSOR MACALLISTER, the illusionist, has just closed a successful season of eighteen months, and has returned to his home in Buffalo, N. Y., where he proposes to pass the summer months.

EDWARD D'ATALIE, the "Man with the Iron Jaw," it will be remembered, was arrested some time ago in Philadelphia for brutal conduct towards the child "Young Zephyr," who performed with him. D'Atalie jumped his bail and went to St. Louis. Recently he has been connected with O'Brien's Circus, and Mayor Fox, of Philadelphia, had a bench warrant issued by Judge Finletter and dispatched a couple of officers to hunt the fugitive, whom, after considerable trouble, they found with O'Brien's circus at a place in New Jersey called Brick Corner, about eight miles from the New York state line. The sheriff of the county, who was present, protested against the Philadelphia officers arresting D'Atalie, but they were inexorable and the captive was handcuffed and taken to Philadelphia on the evening of the 13th, where he will await his trial.

SATSUMA'S Royal Japanese Troupe of acrobats, jugglers and equilibrists performed during the past week at the National Theatre, Washington, D. C. On one occasion during the week, the president and family, besides several other distinguished persons, attended to witness the many marvellous feats of the company.

E. M. MAYER, city bill poster, Harrisburg, Pa., inserts his card in another column.

PREPARED CORK, a nigger farce and a stump speech can be had of Addison Allen, who advertises.

ROBT NICKLE, illusionist, can be addressed care of this office.

DR. CORRY'S DIORAMA OF IRELAND was exhibited in Baltimore, Md., for a brief season, commencing May 8th.

SAM SHARPLEY'S SILVER SNOW exhibited in Springfield, Ill., May 6th, and remained during the week, playing, says our correspondent, "to crowded houses and giving good satisfaction." They will commence a week's stay in Bloomington, May 15th.

DONALDSON, the wizard and tight rope performer, performed in East Saginaw, Mich., during the past week.

HANELEY, THE MAGICIAN and ventriloquist, gave entertainments during the past week at Rushsylvania and Mount Victory, O.

MARTIN F. KAUFMAN advertises that he attends to the posting of bills in Peoria, Ill.

Amateur.

THE DAVENPORT DRAMATIC CLUB, of Cincinnati, O., gave a public entertainment in that city on the 5th, the proceeds of which went to aid its treasury. The programme consisted of the "Romance of a Poor Young Man" and "Nan, the Good for Nothing."

FOR FOREIGN THEATRICALS SEE PAGE 52.

AMUSEMENTS.

HARLEY MERRY
SCENIC ARTIST
is at liberty until July 1st.
Address 82 Madison avenue, Albany, N. Y. 7-21*

HARRISBURG, PA.

E. M. MAYER, only City Bill Poster, controls all Bill Boards in the city. Address corner Wallace and Cumberland streets. Showmen, don't leap till you see the Old Man. 7-21*

TO MANAGERS AND STARS.
W. M. MORTON,
formerly Business Manager for Mr. and Mrs. Barney Williams, is at liberty to arrange with stars or company. Communications should be addressed care P. T. Clayton. 7-21

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JAMES FISK, JR.....PROPRIETOR
ACTING MANAGER.....MR. JAMES ARMOUR LANE
ACTING TREASURER.....MR. JAMES ARMOUR LANE
ACTING SECRETARY.....MR. JAMES ARMOUR LANE
ACTING BOX BOOKER.....MR. JAMES ARMOUR LANE
ACTING PROMPTER.....MR. JAMES ARMOUR LANE
ACTING CARPENTER.....MR. JAMES ARMOUR LANE
ACTING GAS MAN.....MR. JAMES ARMOUR LANE
ACTING SCENIC ARTIST.....MR. JAMES ARMOUR LANE
ACTING PROPERTY MAN.....MR. JAMES ARMOUR LANE
ACTING ORCHESTRA LEADER.....MR. JAMES ARMOUR LANE
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EIGHT MONTHS,
attracted crowded and delighted audi

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For MISCELLANEOUS and SPORTING Advertisements, twenty cents per line for each and every insertion.
For HERALDS to be incorporated in our News Departments—such as extracts from other papers, etc., thirty cents per line; the same notice not to be inserted more than once.
OUR TERMS ARE CASH. Advertisements to be paid for at the time of insertion.
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ALL BUSINESS LETTERS or communications must be addressed to the undersigned
FRANK QUEEN,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR NEW YORK CLIPPER,
Corner Centre and Leonard streets, New York.

AMUSEMENTS.

LEE AND HOUGH,
DOUBLE SONG AND DANCE MEN,
ESSENCE AND CLOG DANCERS,
are at liberty to engage after the 1st of June in care of Clipper Office. 7-16*

NOTICE TO MANAGERS AND SHOWMEN.
The undersigned respectfully call your attention to the fact that they are prepared to distribute and post Show Bills and Posters in Philadelphia and adjacent cities and towns. Terms moderate. Address CONID & WILKINS, 413 Chestnut street, Phila. 7-18

J. S. WHITE & CO.
New songs and chorus will be ready May 20th,
A LITTLE PACK IS MISSING,
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6-18t Young Men's Lecture Association.

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MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.
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First class star combinations, and performers of every branch of variety business, can always find an opening by applying to the Manager, as above. One week's silence a negative. 5-4i

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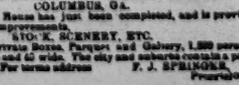
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EITHER MALE OR FEMALE.
Would be pleased to hear from BARNEY CARROLL.
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LIVING AT EASE UP IN THE WORLD,
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30 FIRST CLASS ARTISTS
The only Minstrel Company that produces PANTOMIMES.
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N. B.—Their Opera House, Philadelphia, will be FOR RENT after May 20th. For full particulars address
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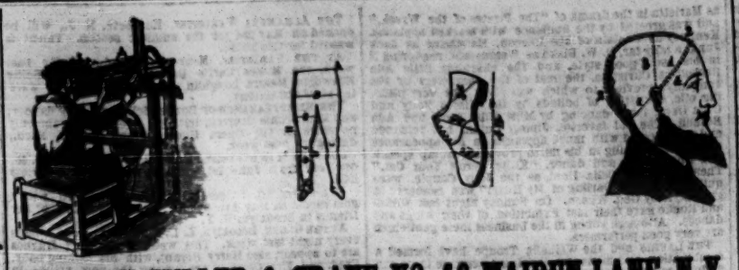

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